

JBoss Enterprise BRMS

Building highly scalable process and rule-driven applications

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SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

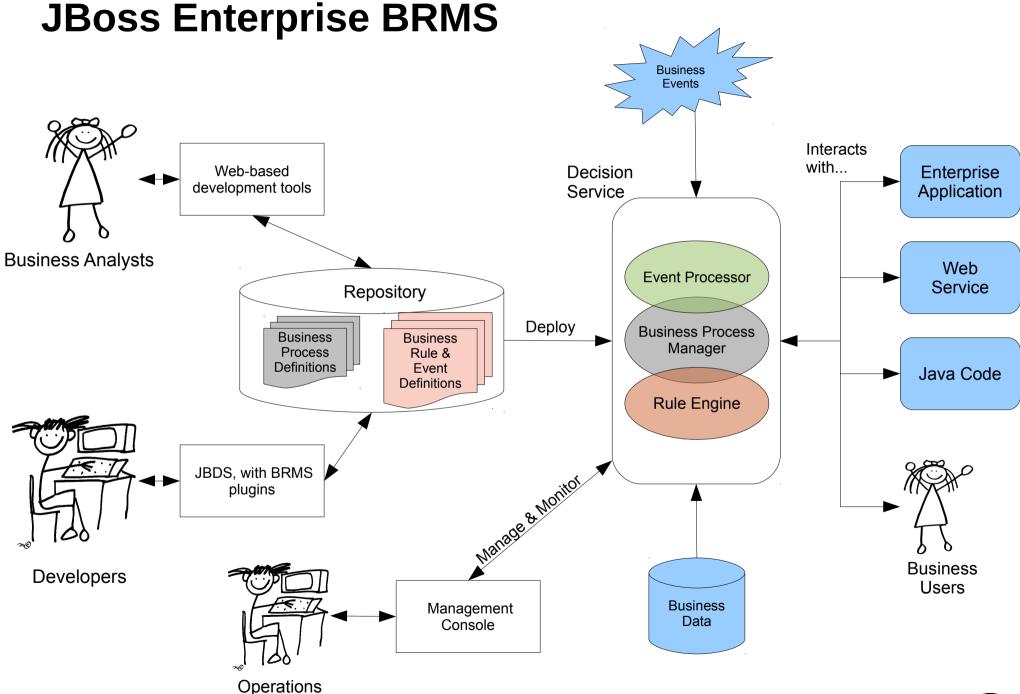
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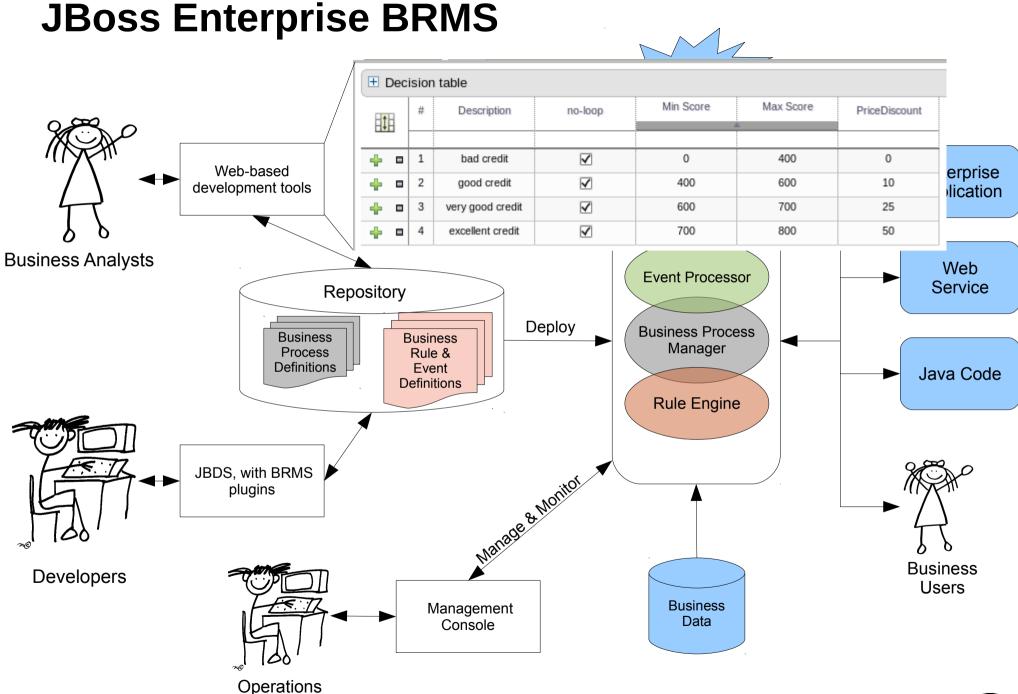
Developing BRMS Applications that Scale

- Overview
- BRMS Adoption Goals
- Under the Hood
- Best Practices
 - BPM
 - Architecture
 - Rules Authoring



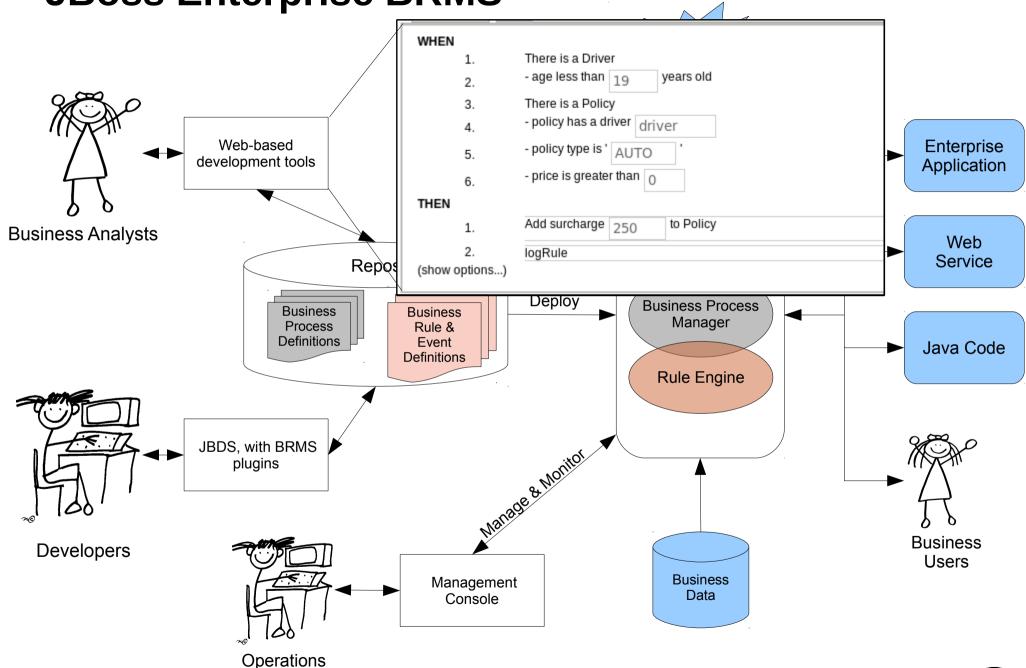








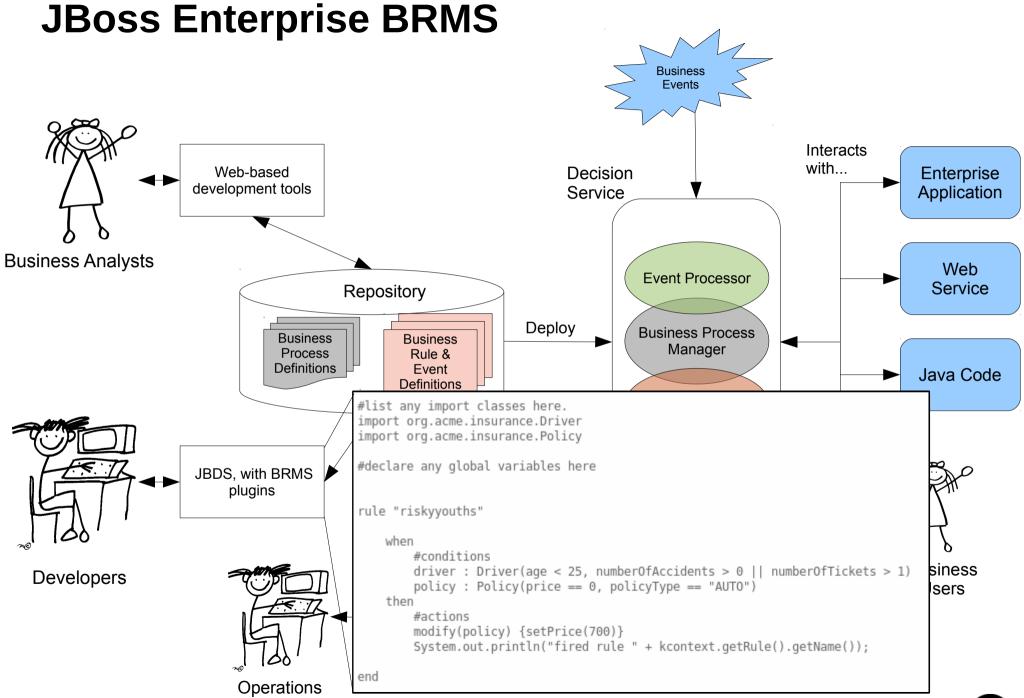
JBoss Enterprise BRMS





JBoss Enterprise BRMS IBoss BRMS Browse Import Export demoreward demorewarddemoprocess Knowledge Bases Status: 'Draft' File Edit Attributes: Edit Package snapshots Administration □ Category Change Perspective Web-based Status jBPM BPMN2 (Full) Archive development tools ∃ jBPM BPMN2 (Full) ₱ Event Log Start Events (Guvnor) User permission Catching Intermediate Events Import Export Throwing Intermediate Events **⊞ End Events** Repository Configuration Activities (i) About ■ Service Tasks **Business Analysts** RP Request ■ Log Repo ■ Connecting Objects Rejection Email ■ Data Objects **■ Swimlanes ■** Artifacts Process Information Business Process **Definitions** ERDF JSON PDF PNG BPMN2 SVG Close all items JBDS, with BRMS plugins **Business Developers** Users Management **Business** Data Console Operations





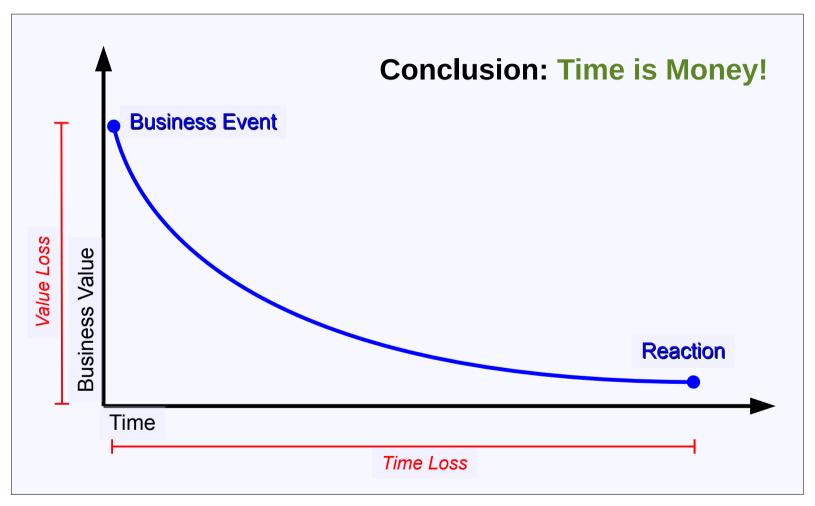


BRMS adoption goals





Goal #1: Decision Automation



Adapted from a presentation by James Taylor, Sep/2011



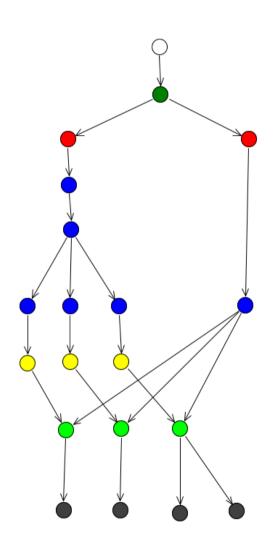
Goal #2: Expressiveness and Visibility

Focus on "what to do" instead of "how to do it"



Goal #3: Performance and Scalability

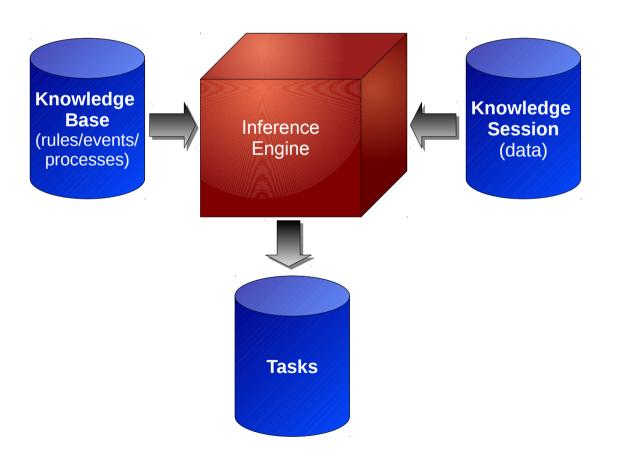
- Real time, online, systems
 - Millisecond response times
- Hundreds of thousands of rules
 - JBoss BRMS: 700k+ rules
- Millions of data instances (facts)
- Incremental (re-)evaluation
 - Changes in data can't reset reasoning





Goal #4..#6: other technical goals

- Logic, Data and Tasks split
- Centralization of Knowledge
 - Consistency
 - Testing / Simulation
 - Auditing
- Explanation Facility





JBoss BRMS: under the hood



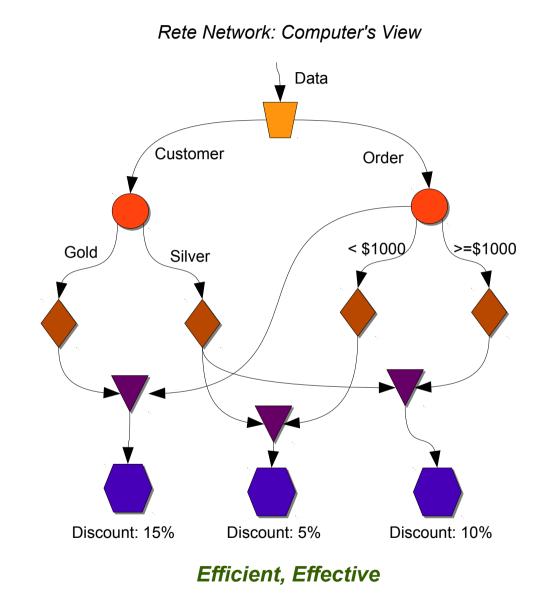


Engine's Algorithm – 30 seconds crash course

Decision Table: User's View

Customer	Order Total Amount	Discount
Gold		15%
Silver	< \$1000	5%
Silver	>= \$1000	10%

Clear, Concise, Objective



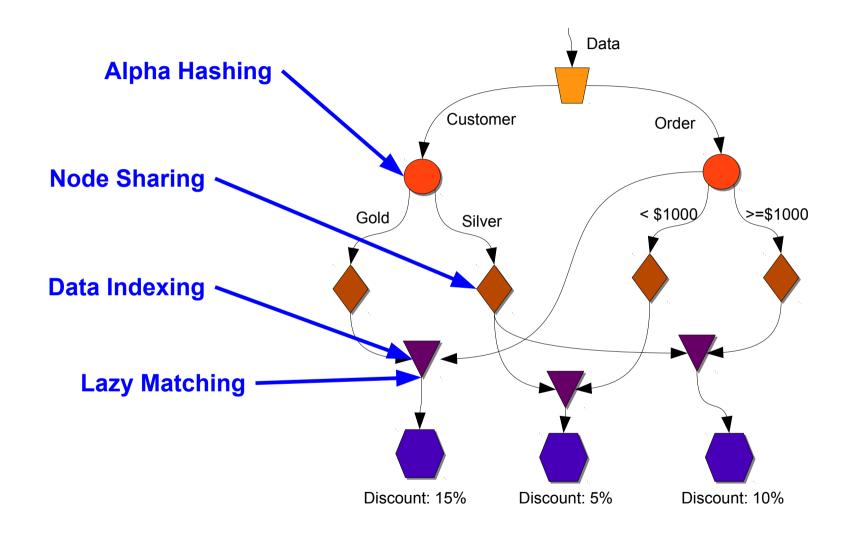


JBoss BRMS – some optimizations

- Support to POJOs as facts
 - no mapping/data copy necessary
- Full split between Knowledge Base and Session
 - lightweight session creation
 - knowledge base sharing
- Completely Dynamic Knowledge Base
 - Hot addition/removal/updates of rules/queries/processes
- Full support to First Order Logic and Set operations
- JIT compilation for constraints and data access



JBoss BRMS – More optimizations



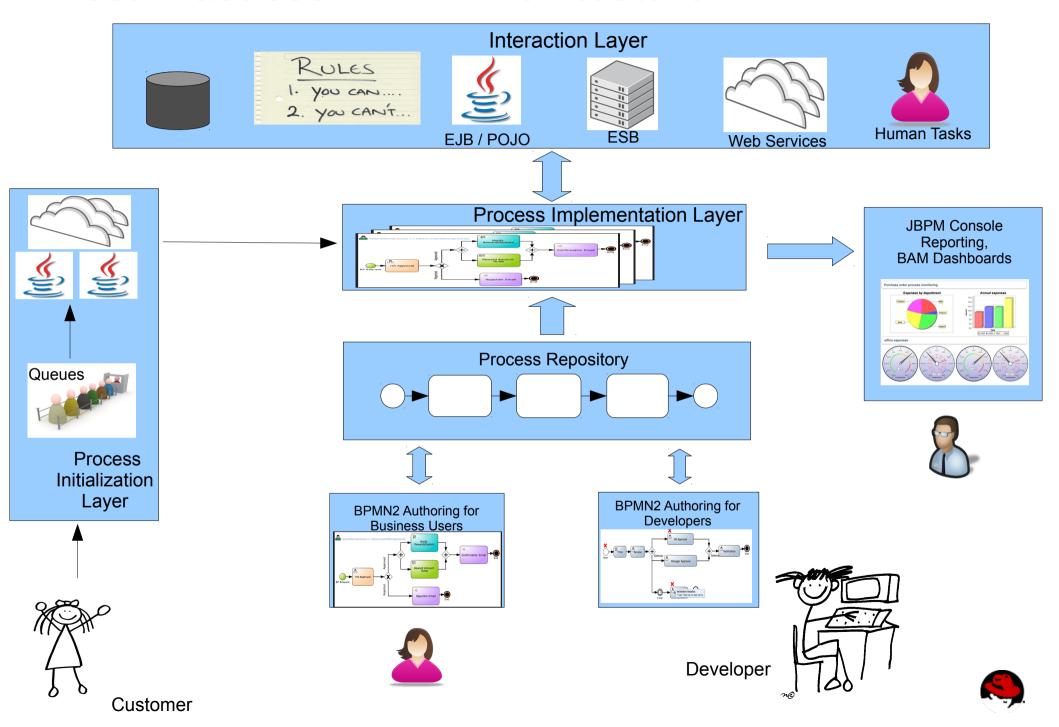


JBoss Enterprise BRMS



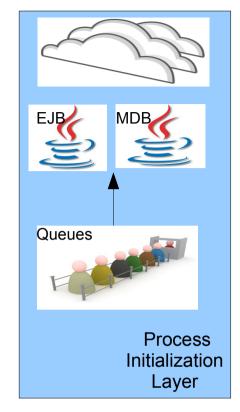


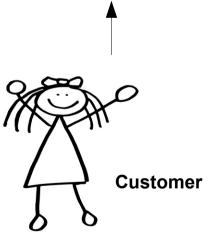
Best Practices – BPM Architecture



Best Practices – Process Initialization

- How do you start your process?
 - web services, EJB's, API call, RESTful
 - what about prioritization of processes
 - use message queues
 - other complex ideas to start processes
- Centralize startProcess in single location
 - minimizes change effects in this layer

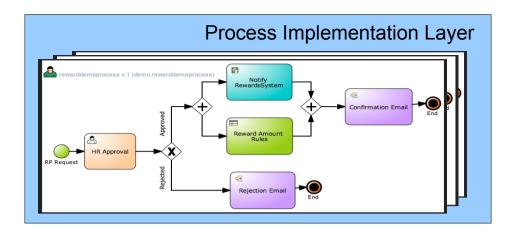






Best Practices – Process Implementation

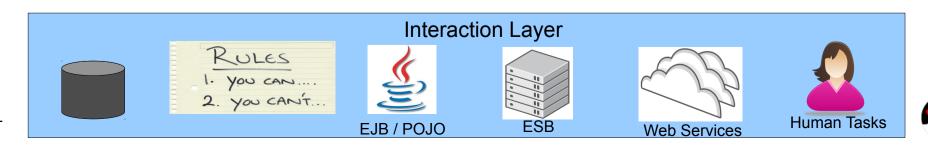
- Java nodes
 - do you keep it clean?
 - single unit of action per process step
 - human task / admin interfaces
- Centralize you jBPM API access
 - single WS / DAO / BOM / RESTful
- Domain specific nodes
 - extensions via work item handlers
- Design process for reuse
 - smallest unit of work





Best Practices – Process Interaction

- Processes interact with your Enterprise
 - Web Services, EJB, GUI, POJO, Exceptions, Bean Script, Rules...
 - jBPM API & jBPM History DB & RESTful
 - history / tasks / reporting
 - single DAO
 - single Web Service
 - JBoss ESB + jBPM
 - externalize rules calls in Decision Service (WS)



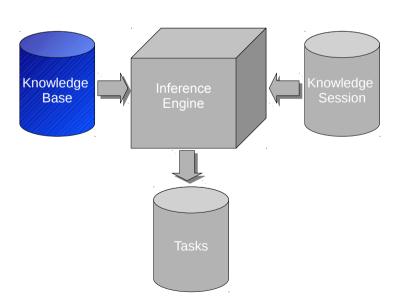
Best Practices – Always good BPM practices...

- Simplify everything (KISS)
 - apply OO to process design
 - methods == sub-process + context in/out
 - encapsulate == sub-process
 - reuse == process repo (maven potential)
 - unit testing == per node, sub-process, process
 - exception handling (Exception Framework)



Best Practices – Rule Architecture

- Partition your Knowledge Bases properly
 - Subject matter
 - Transaction / Service / Unit of Work
 - Business Entity
- Avoid monolithic Knowledge Bases
- Avoid fine grained Knowledge Bases





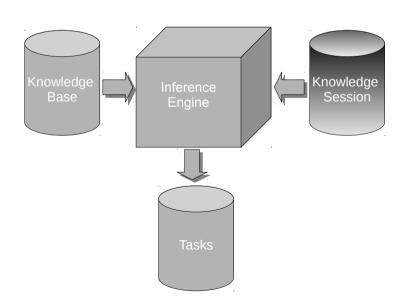
Best Practices – Rule Architecture

Batch data loads

 Load 1000 facts and fire the rules faster than fire rules after each loaded fact

Partition the data into multiple sessions

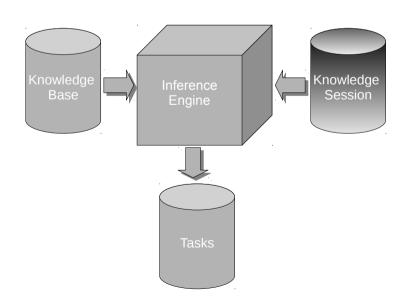
- Transaction / Service / Unit of work
- Creating a new session is cheap
 - Cheaper than removing facts





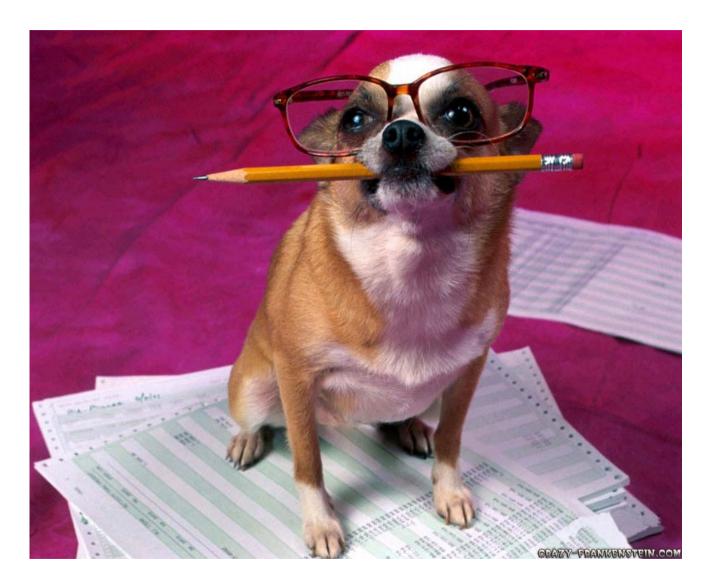
Best Practices – Rule Architecture

- Quality of the data/fact model is directly proportional to the performance and maintainability of the rules using it
 - Think about the DBMS analogy
 - Flatter models improve performance
 - Smaller classes help avoiding recursions



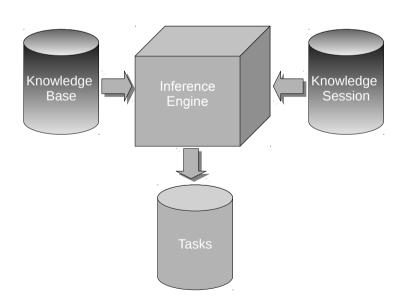


JBoss BRMS – Best Practices in Rules Authoring





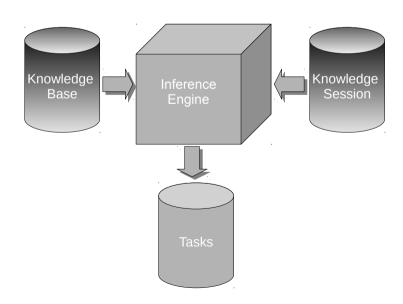
- Don't try to micro-control rules execution
 - Use the Conflict Resolution Strategies instead
 - Salience
 - Agenda groups
 - Ruleflow / Processes
 - Dynamic Enablement





Don't overload rules

- Each rule should describe one and only one scenario → action mapping
- The engine will optimize shared conditions
- The engine supports inference





```
rule "1 - Teenagers and Elders get Discount"
when
    Person age is between 16 and 18 or Person age is greater or equal to 65
then
    Assign 25% ticket discount
end
```

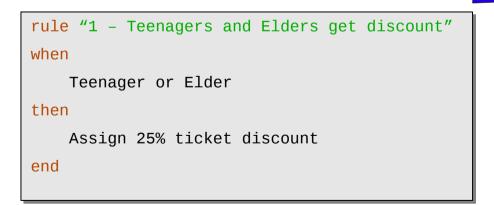
```
rule "2 - Elders can buy tickets in area A"
when
Person age is greater or equal to 65
then
Allow sales of area A tickets
end
```

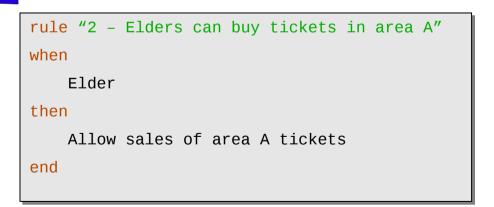
Rules are being overloaded with multiple concepts, increasing maintenance and testing costs.



```
rule "0.a - Teenagers are 16-18"
when
    Person age is between 16 and 18
then
    Assert: the person is a Teenager
end
```

```
rule "0.b - Elders are older than 65"
when
Person is older than 65
then
Assert: the person is an Elder
end
```







- One calculation (accumulate) per rule
 - Accumulates have O(n) performance
 - Sequences of accumulates have O(n^m) performance
 - n = number of matching facts
 - m = number of accumulates



Rules vs Queries

	Rules	Queries
Control	Invoked by the engine	Invoked by the application
Parameters	Don't support parameters	Support parameters
Results	Execute actions	Return results

```
rule "Approve VIP customers"
when
    $c : Customer( type == "VIP" )
then
    insert( new Approved( $c ) );
end
```

```
query "Get customers by type"( $type )
when
    $c : Customer( type == $type )
end
```

"Use the right tool for the right job!"



Declared Types

- Facts used only by the rules
- Facts that change frequently with the rules

POJOs

- Facts shared by both rules and application
 - No data copy very efficient
- Easier to integrate, easier to test
- When in doubt, use POJOs

"Use the right tool for the right job!"





- JBoss Enterprise BRMS Best Practices Guide
 http://www.redhat.com/promo/integrated_enterprise/brms-best-practices-form.html
- JBoss Enterprise BRMS Best Practices, Edson Tirelli, http://www.redhat.com/summit/sessions/jboss.html
- JBoss BRMS, http://www.redhat.com/products/jbossenterprisemiddleware/business-rules/
- BRMS Best Practices Process Initialization Layer, http://howtojboss.com/2012/08/15/brms-best-practices-process-initialization-layer/





Questions?

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