

MAKING ENTERPRISE DATA AVAILABLE IN REAL TIME WITH ELASTICSEARCH

Yann Cluchey <u>CTO @ Cogenta</u> CTO @ GfK Online Pricing Intelligence

INTERNATIONAL SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT CONFERENCE

What is Enterprise Data?

What is Enterprise Data?

Grk Online Pricing Intelligence

1. Gather data from 500+ of eCommerce sites

2. Organise into high quality market view

very

PLXmania

3. Competitive intellige amazon[®] С номевазе

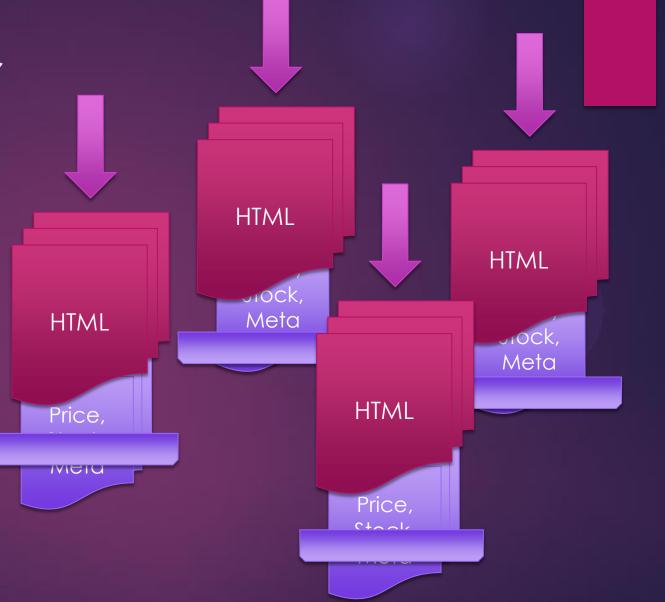


Media Markt[®]



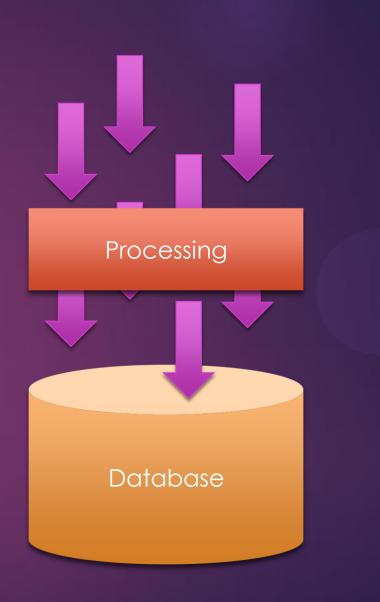
Custom Crawler

- Parse web content
 Discover product data
 Tracking 20m products
- Daily+



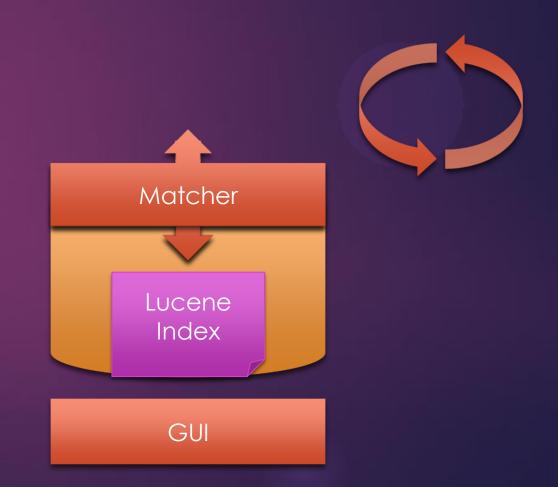
Processing, Storage

- Enrichment
- Persistent Storage
- Product Catalogue
- + time series data



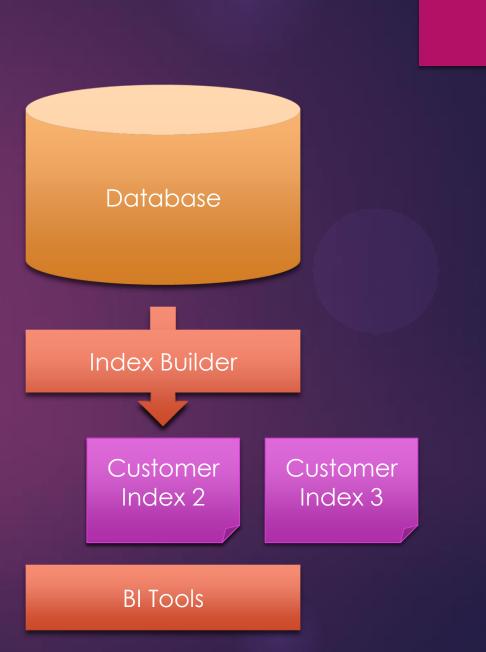
Thing #1 - Detection

- Identify distinct products
- Automated information retrieval
- Lucene + custom index builder
- Continuous process
- ► (Humans for QA)



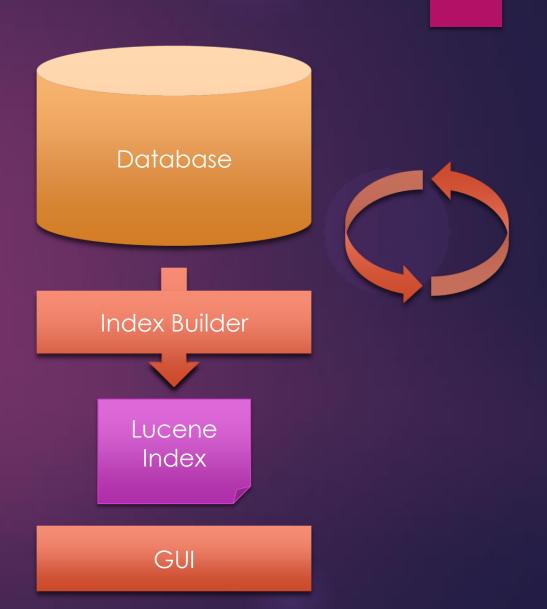
Thing #2 - BI Tools

- Web Applications
- Also based on Lucene
- Batch index build process
- Per-customer indexes



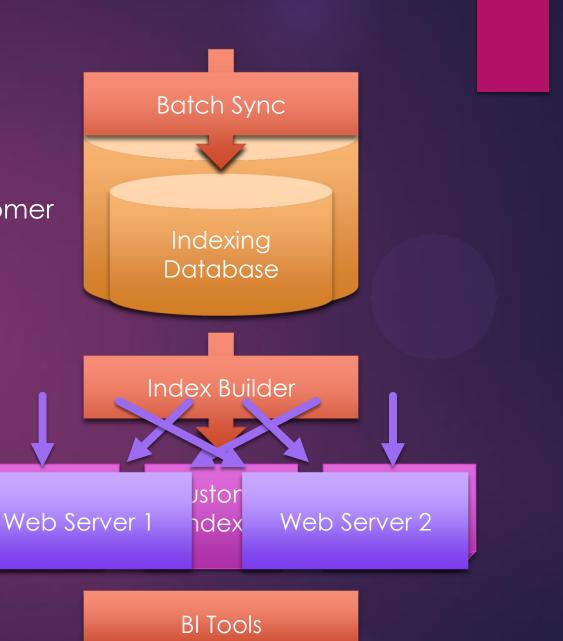
Thing #1 - Pain

- Continuously indexing
- Track changes, read back out to index
- Drain on performance
- Latency, coping with peaks
- Full rebuild for index schema change or inconsistencies
- Full rebuild doesn't scale well...
- Unnecessary work..?



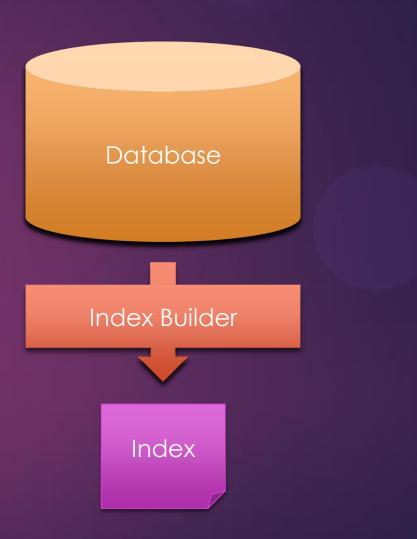
Thing #2 - Pain

- ► Twice daily batch rebuild, per customer
- Very slow
- Moar customers?
- Moar data?
- Moar often?
- Data set too complex, keeps changing
- Index shipping
- Moar web servers?



Pain Points

- As data, customers scale, processes slow down
- Adapting to change
- Easy to layer on, hard to make fundamental changes
- Read vs write concerns
- Database Maintenance



Goals

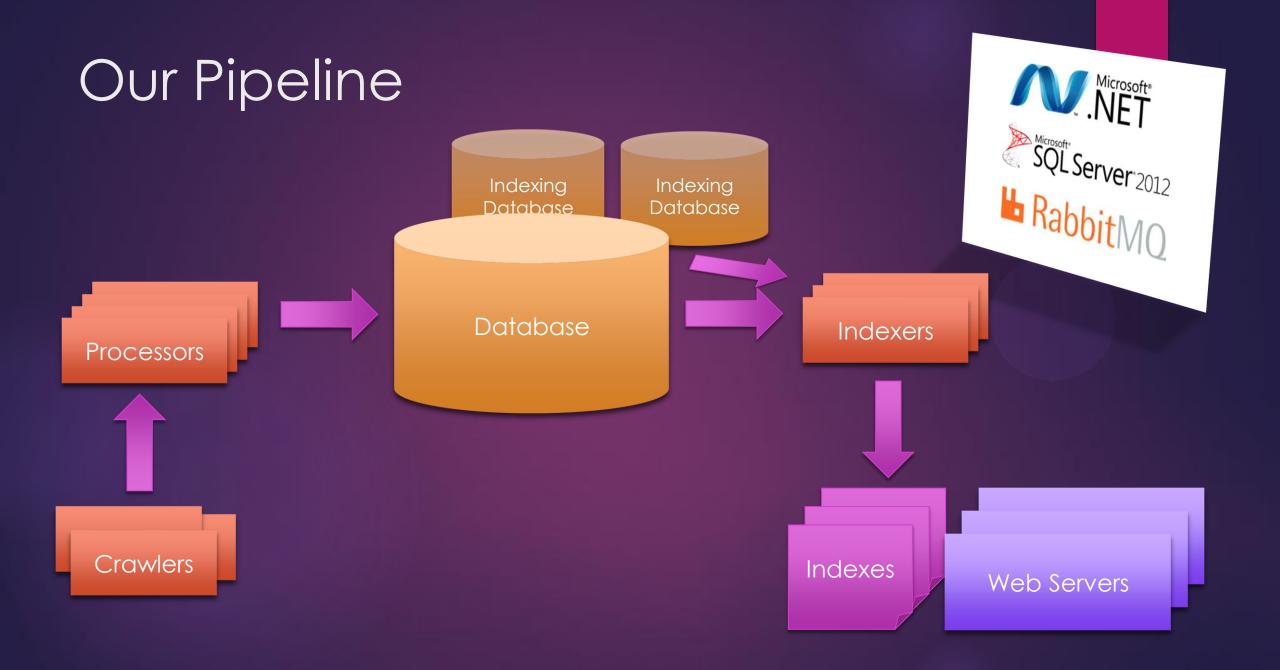
Eliminate latencies
Improve scalability
Improve availability
Something achievable

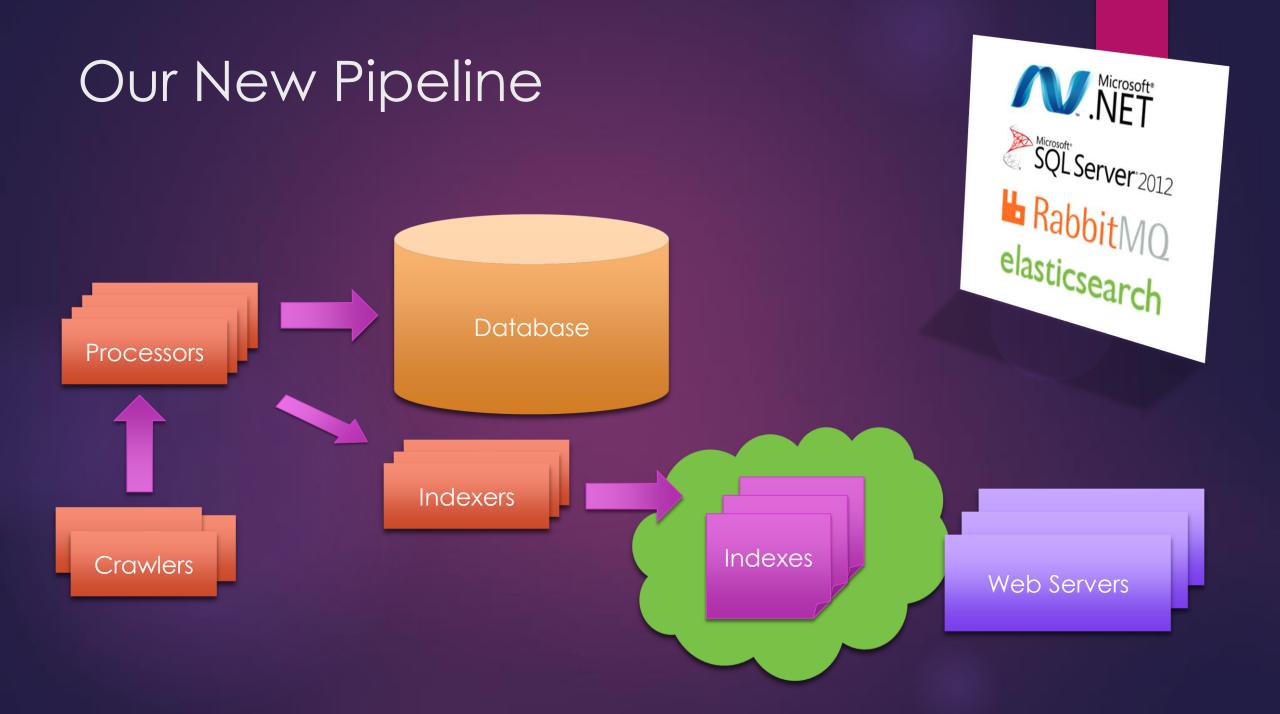
Your mileage will vary

elasticsearch

- Open source, distributed search engine
- Based on Lucene, fully featured API
- Querying, filtering, aggregation
- Text processing / IR
- Schema-free
- Yummy (real-time, sharding, highly available)
- Silver bullets not included







Event Hooks

Messages fired OnCreate.. and OnUpdate

Payload contains everything needed for indexing

- The data
- Keys (still mastered in SQL)
- Versioning

Sender has all the information already

Use RabbitMQ to control event message flow

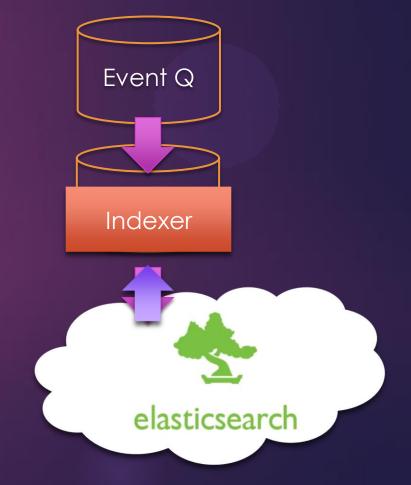
Messages are durable

Indexing Strategy

RESTful API (HTTP, Thrift, Memcache)

- Use bulk methods
- They support percolation
- Rivers (pull)
 - RabbitMQ River
 - JDBC River
 - Mongo/Couch/etc. River





Model Your Data

- What's in your documents?
- Database = Index Table = Type ...?
- Start backwards
 - What do your applications need?
 - How will they need to query the data?
- Prototyping! Fail quickly!
- elasticsearch supports Nested objects, parent/child docs

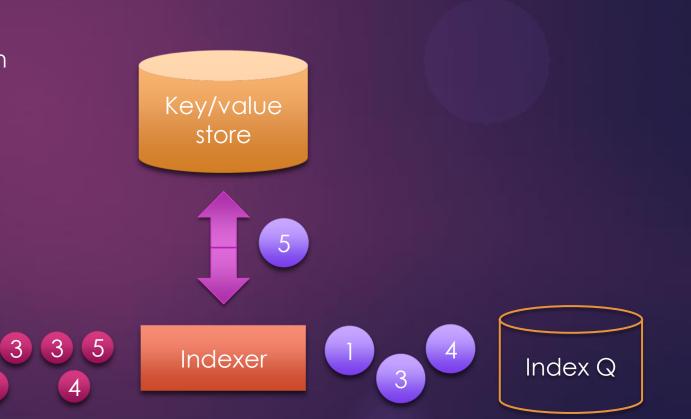
Joins

Events relate to line-items

- Amazon decreased price
- Pixmania is running a promotion
- Need to group by Product
- Use key/value store
 - Get full Product document
 - Modify it, write it back
 - Enqueue indexing instruction

Event Q

2



Where to join?

elasticsearch

- Consider performance
- Depends how data is structured/indexed (e.g. parent/child)
- Compression, collisions
- In-memory cache (e.g. Memcache)
- Persistent storage (e.g. Cassandra or Mongo)
- Two awesome benefits
 - Quickly re-index if needed
 - Updates have access to the full Product data
- Serialisation is costly

Synchronisation & Concurrency

Fault tolerance

- Code to expect missing data
- Out of sequence events

Concurrency Control

- Apply Optimistic Concurrency Control at Mongo
- Optimise for collisions

Synchronisation & Concurrency

Synchronisation

- Out of sequence index instructions
- elasticsearch external versioning
- Can rebuild from scratch if need to

Consistency

- Which version is right?
- Dates
- Revision numbers from SQL
- Independent updates

Figures

Ingestion

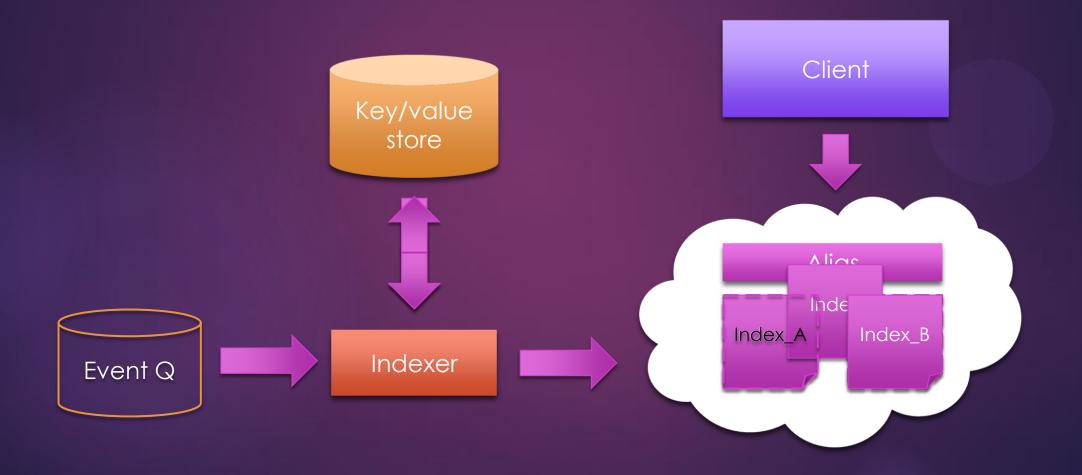
- 20m data points/day (continuously)
- ▶ ~ 200GB
- ▶ 3K msgs/second at peak

	Custom-Built Lucene	elasticsearch
Latency	3 hours	< 1 second
Bottleneck	Disk (SQL)	CPU

Hardware

- ► SQL: 2 x 12-core, 64GB, 72-spindle SAN
- ▶ Indexing: 4 x 4-core, 8GB
- ► Mongo: 1 x 4-core, 16GB, 1xSSD
- ► Elastic: 5 x 4-core, 16GB, 1xSSD

Managing Change



Thanks

@YannCluchey

Concurrency Patterns with MongoDB <u>http://slidesha.re/YFOehF</u>

Consistency without Consensus Peter Bourgon, SoundCloud <u>http://bit.ly/1DUAO1R</u>

Eventually Consistent Data Structures Sean Cribbs, Basho <u>https://vimeo.com/43903960</u>