Designing the right product

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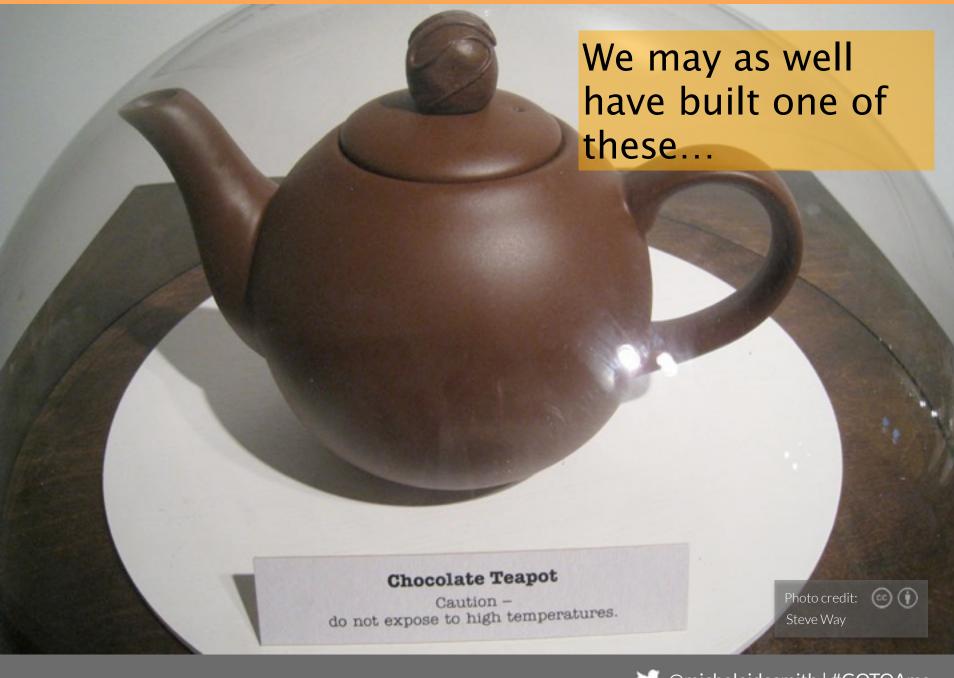
Head of Design

University of Cambridge



Back in 2002

- I worked on a mobile (WAP) search for second hand car sales
- I designed user flows and wireframes
- We created a fully coded prototype
- We did lots of internal testing
- Then we launched the app...



We made a lot of assumptions

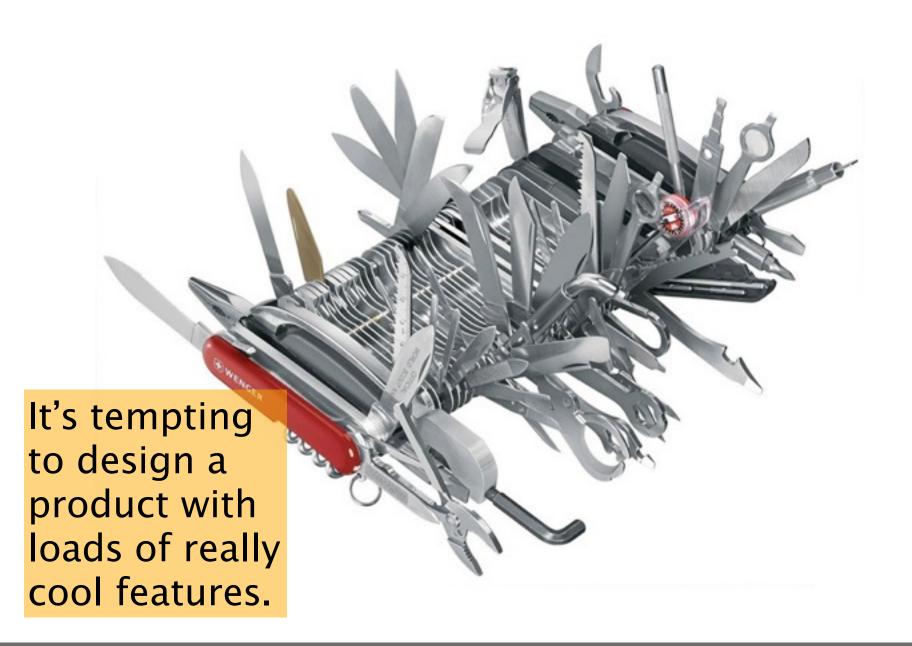
We didn't validate our assumptions

We didn't learn anything about our client's customers



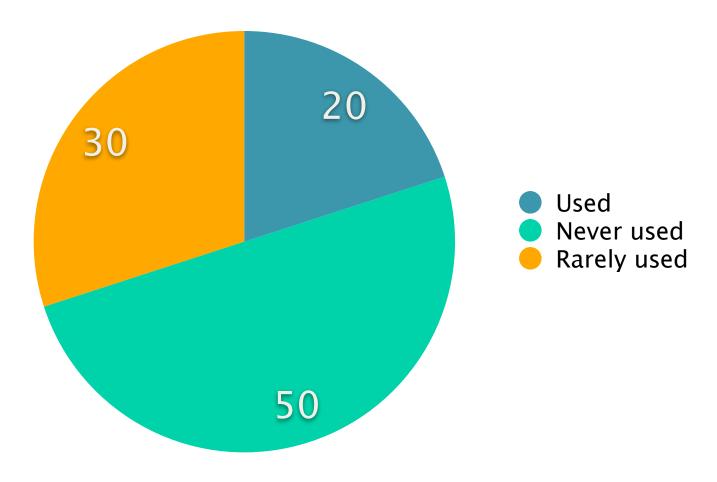
"Unfortunately, we again made the mistake of focusing on engineering first and customer development second...We released our first version to some moderate success and then proceeded to continue to churn out features without really understanding customer needs." Devver Blog - Lessons Learned







% Software features used



Source: Standish Chaos Manifesto 2013

"There is no doubt that focusing on the 20% of the features that give you 80% of the value will maximize the investment in software development and improve overall user satisfaction."

Standish Chaos Manifesto

An evolution of thinking...



Principles behind the Agile Manifesto

We follow these principles:

Our highest priority is to satisfy the customer through early and continuous delivery of valuable software.

Welcome changing requirements, even late in development. Agile processes harness change for the customer's competitive advantage.

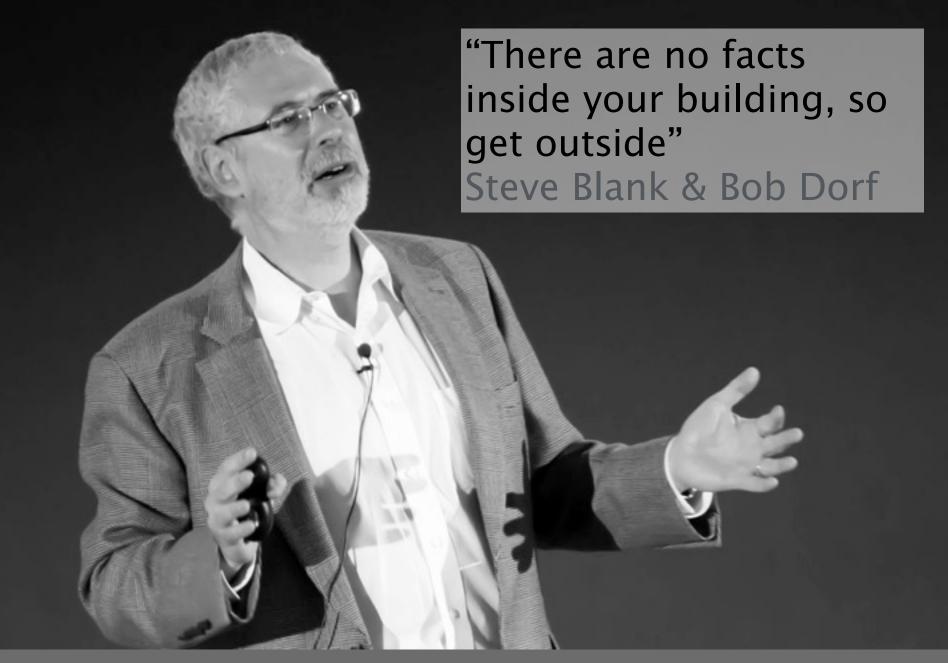
Deliver working software frequently, from a couple of weeks to a couple of months, with a preference to the shorter timescale.

Business people and developers must work together daily throughout the project.

Build projects around motivated individuals.

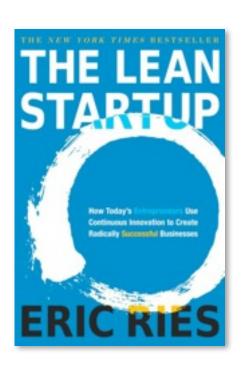
Give them the environment and support they need,
and trust them to get the job done.

The most efficient and effective method of conveying information to and within a development

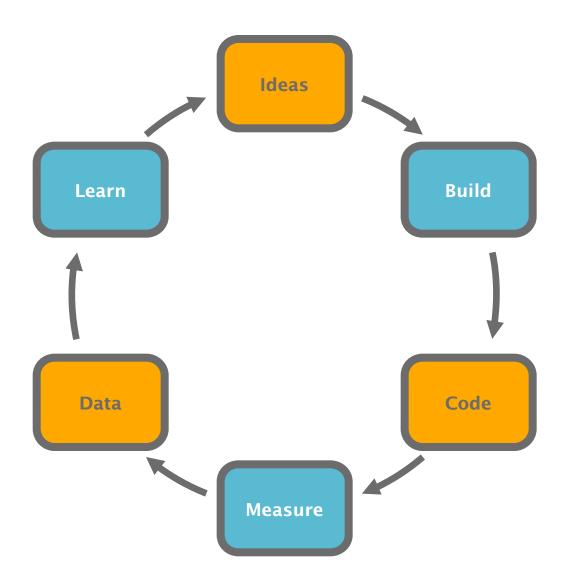




Principles of Lean Startup



- Eliminate uncertainty
- Work smarter, not harder
- Develop an MVP (Minimum Viable Product)
- Validated learning



Validated learning

Does your product solve a problem for your customers?

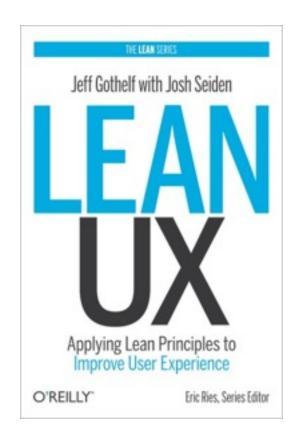
"Requirements are assumptions."

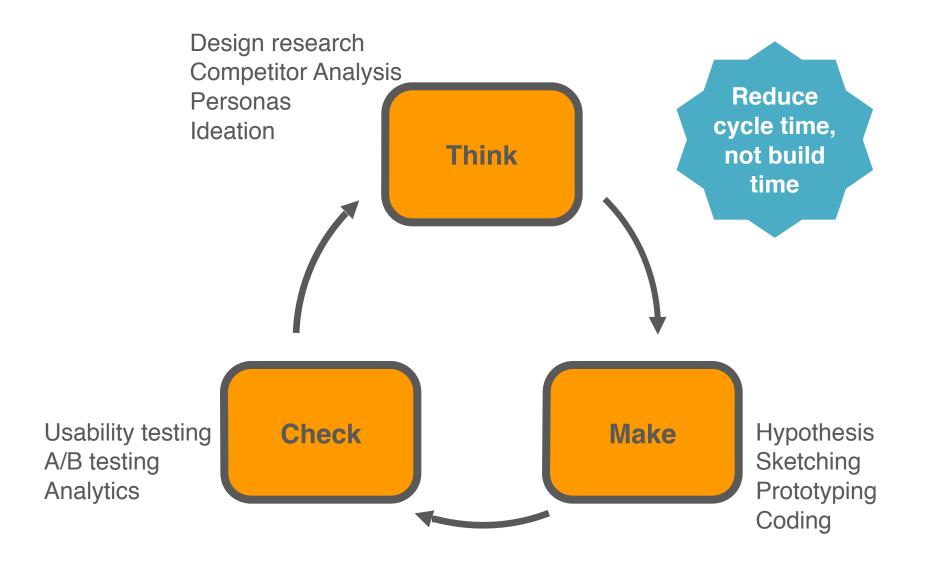
Jeff Gothelf



Principles of Lean UX

- Cross-functional teams
- Continuous discovery
- GOOB: user-centricity
- Shared understanding
- Making over analysis

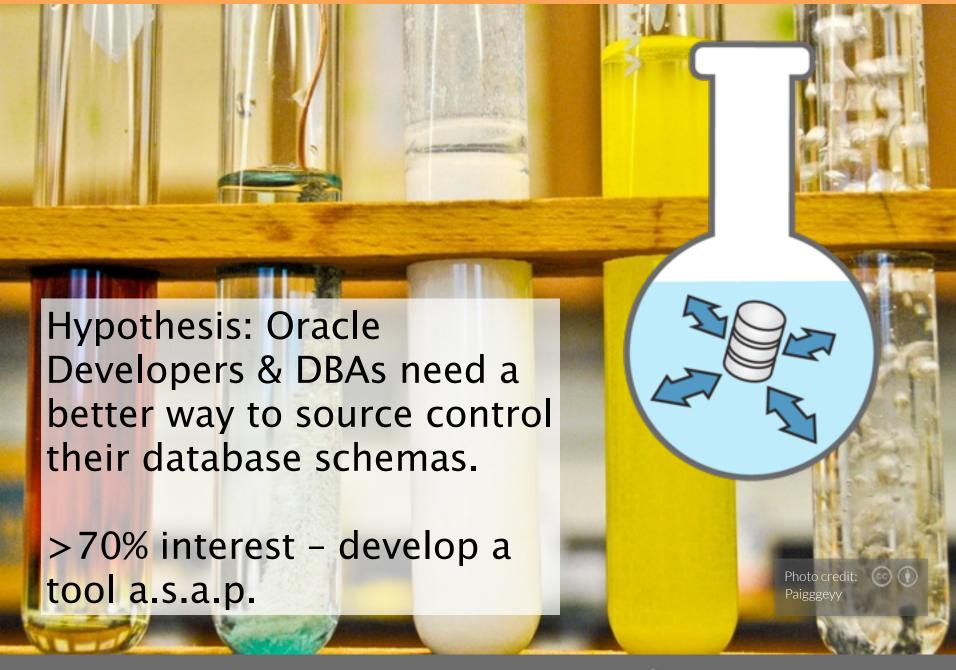


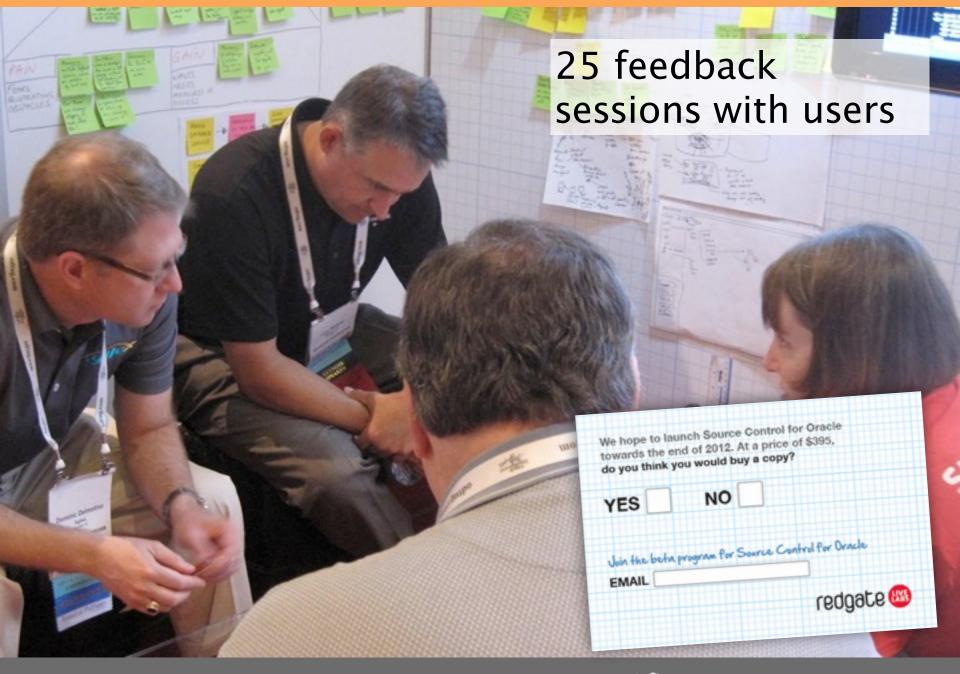


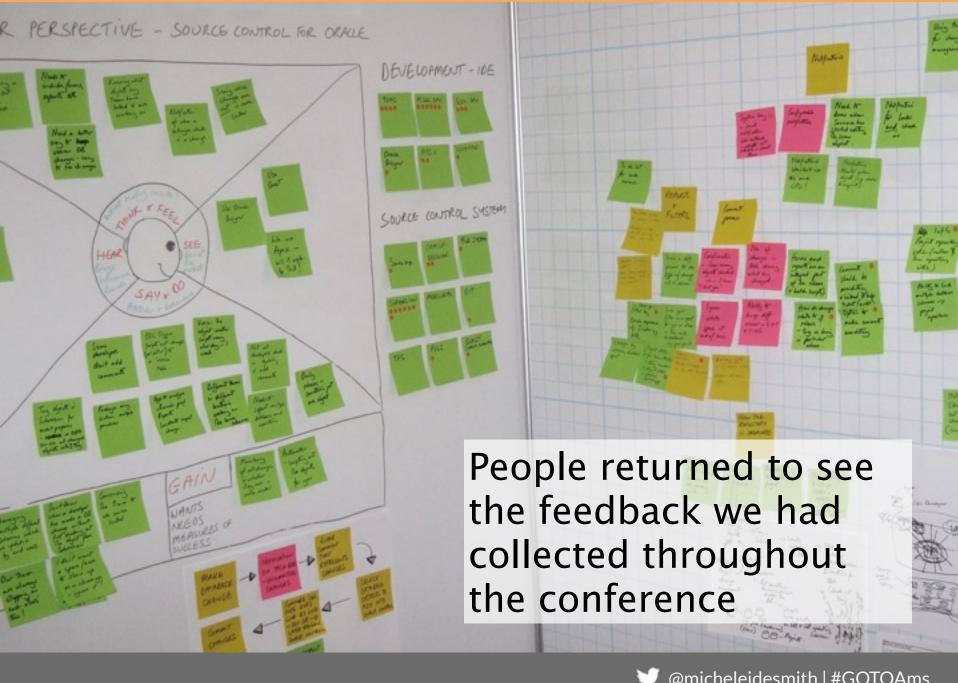
Some case studies...

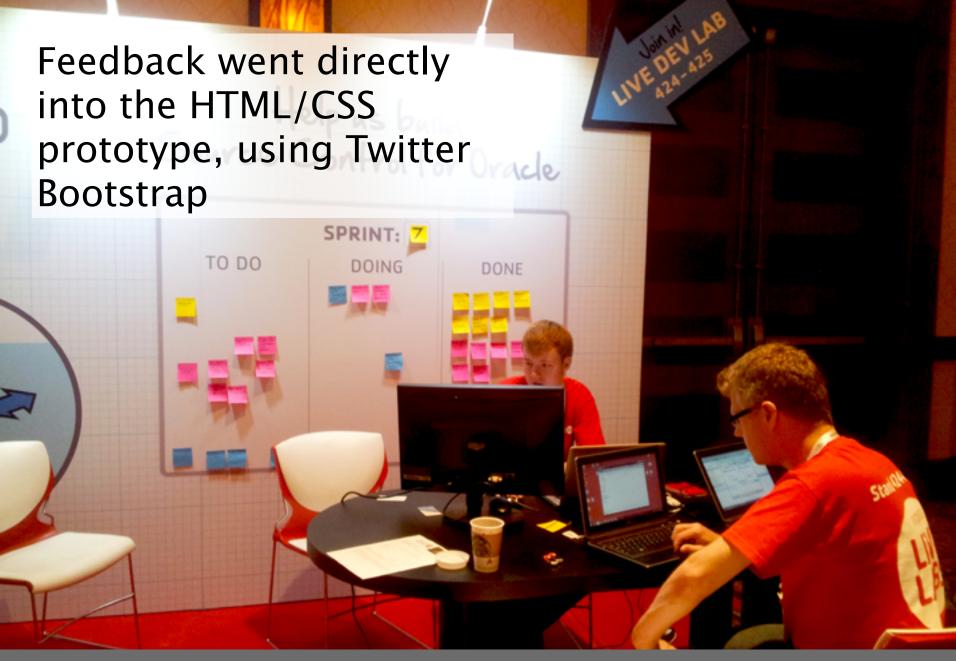












Beta development timeline for 2012:

Sept. 7: Scripts Folder Support command line

Support for exporting to scripts folders in Schema Compare for Oracle command line interface

Sept. 19: New Features and Bug Fixes

- · New: support for user object privileges in scripts folders
- · New: support for domain indexes (provides better support for oracle text)
- · New: ignoring oracle text auto generated indexes and tables
- · New: ignoring auto-generated SYS_PLSQL_types
- · Fix: various bug fixes in scripts folder

January: Source Control for Oracle EA1

During January we're aiming to release the first beta of the full Source Control for Oracle tool. With this product your development team will be able to share, track and understand schema changes quickly and easily.

Regular releases of speling on UserObjectPrivileges folder functionality based on user feedback

Sept. 12: New Features and Bug Fixes

- · Fix: bug where absolute paths for script folders and snapshots were not recognised
- · New: extra logging to the command line
- · New: 'script-folder' as a synonym for 'scripts-folder'
- · Fb: command line help formatting

Oct. 3: Scripts Folder Support in Schema Compare

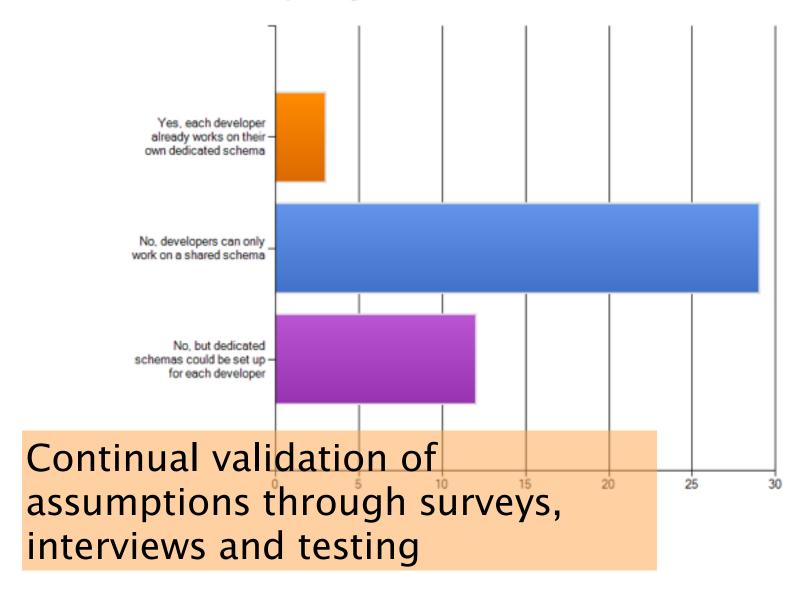
Support for exporting to scripts folders added to Schema Compare for Oracle.

Download free 14 day trial

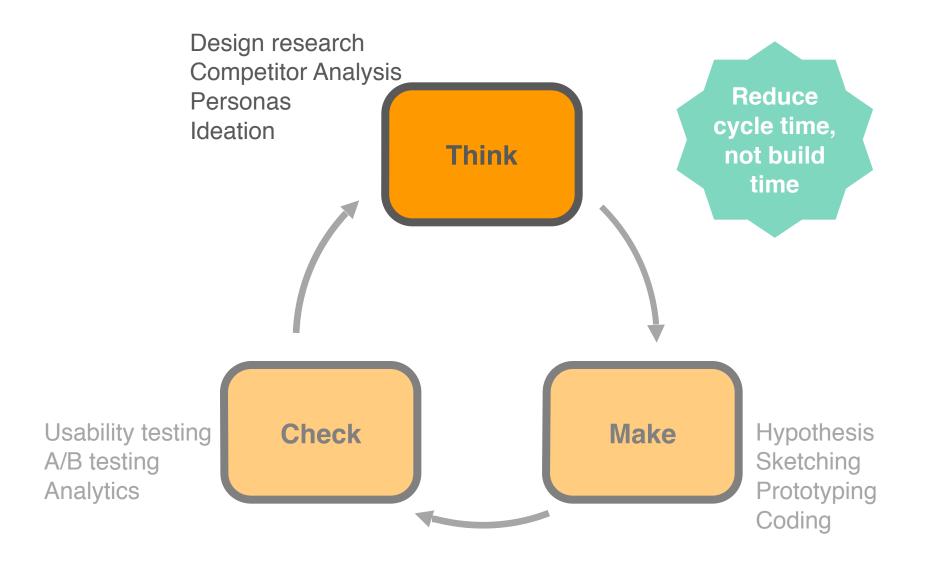
January: Source Control for Oracle V1.0

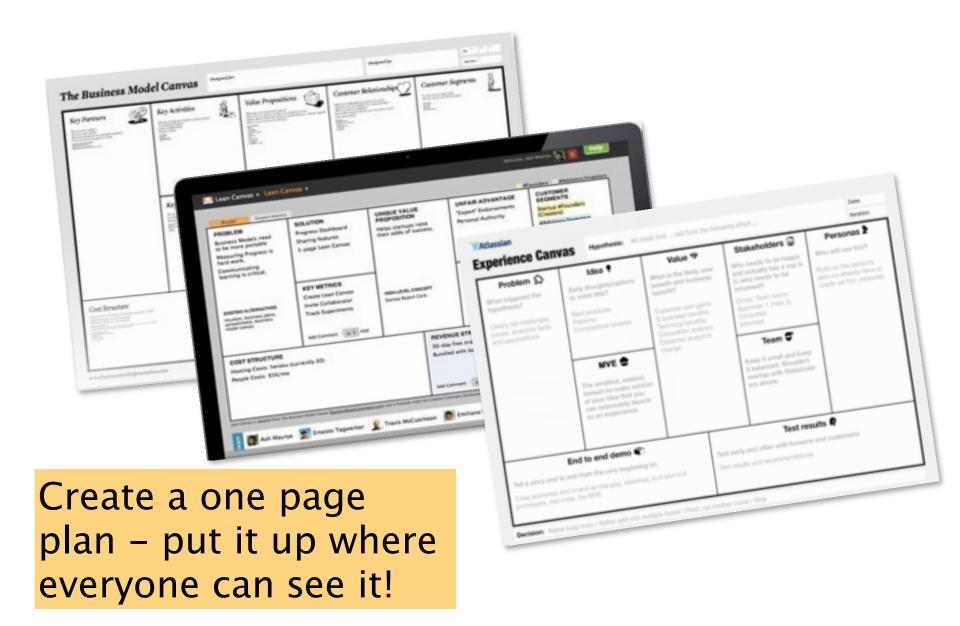
During January we're aiming to release V1.0 of the full Source Control for Oracle tool.





Lean UX tools





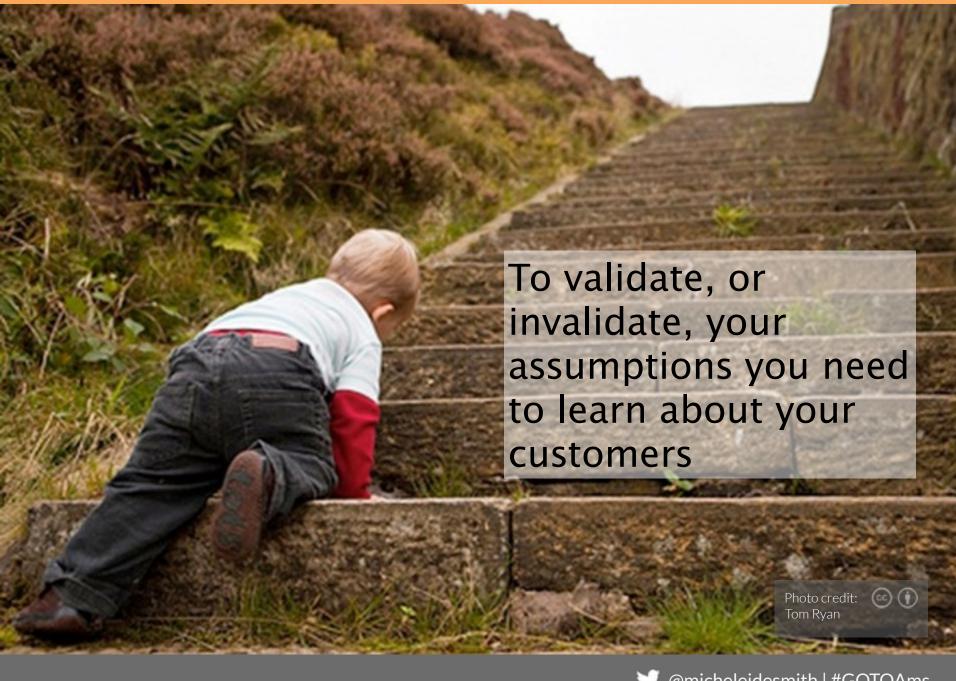
Get the team on the same page

- Why are we doing this?
- Who are building this for?
- How will we know if we have succeeded?

State your assumptions

- Review user stories or requirements
- Which ones do you know to be true?
- Which assumptions pose the biggest risk?

Assumption	Risk level	Learnings from validation
Academics are not aware of funders' policy changes (existing or upcoming)	High	
Academics are confused about which version of their manuscript to upload	High	In the first two weeks from launching the new website 29% of submissions included the wrong version of the article.
Academics do not know what the exact acceptance date of their manuscript is	Medium	An Administrator reported not knowing the acceptance date for many of the manuscripts she uploads. Some academics have told us that the corresponding author may be in another institution and they sometimes don't know the exact date the article is accepted.
Academics or administrators can locate the Author's Accepted Manuscript version of their article	High	If the corresponding author is in another institution, or was a PhD student who has moved, it is sometimes hard to get the AAM. Publishers often have online systems for submission and authors edit the manuscript in the online system. It is not always easy to get hold of the AAM from this system.
The date of the email acceptance letter will match the publisher's declared acceptance date	Medium	Philip reported that a reasonable number of submissions do not have the same acceptance date as the actual acceptance date from the publisher.
Academics put the correct acceptance date into the form	Medium	Philip reported that a reasonable number of submissions do not have the same acceptance date as the actual acceptance date from the publisher.
Academics or administrators have (or can create) a PDF version of their AAM	Medium	So far we have not had any evidence that creating a PDF is hard, even for authors who use Latek (e.g. Physicists).
Academics don't think about Open Access at the point where the publisher accepts their article for publication	High	
Academics don't understand the Open Access options that publishers provide	Medium	
Academics don't pay close attention to the Copyright Transfer Agreement (CTA) and may be unaware of restrictions on where they can publish	Medium	
Academics don't use existing institutional repositories (e.g. Dspace) because there is too much metadata they need to add	Low	
Academics don't use existing institutional repositories because they don't see any benefits for them	Low	
Academics don't use Dpsace because the design and usability of the interface is poor	Low	

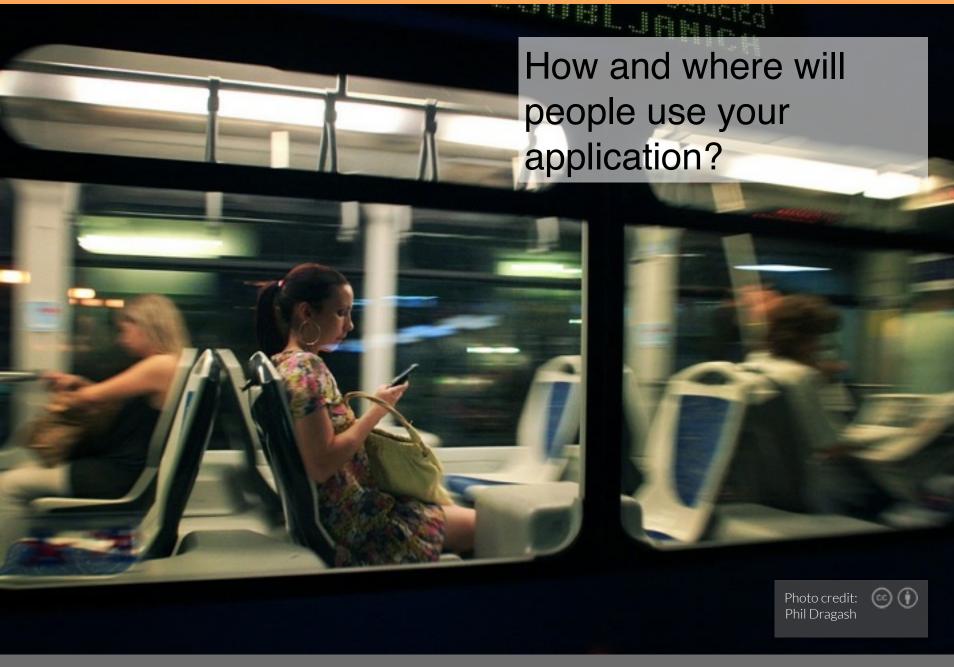


Involve the whole team in user research

Observe, listen and learn

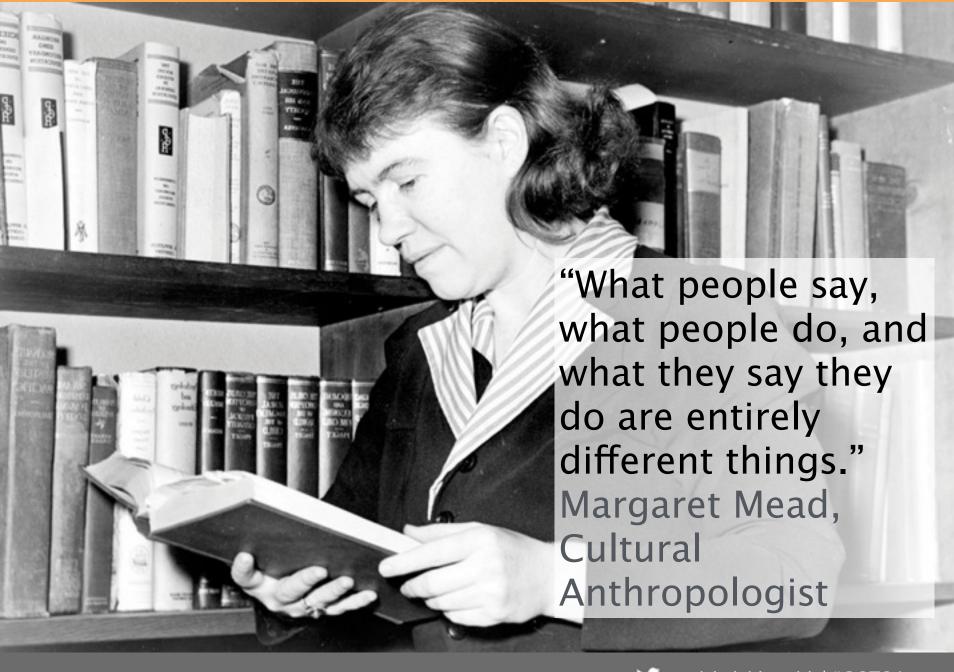
- Observation & contextual interviews
 - Experience activities in context first hand
 - Observe what people do, how they behave
 - Look for pain points and work arounds
- Guerrilla usability tests
 - 5 minutes in a cafe
- Product forums or beta lists
- Customer helpdesk / call centre







Beware of asking people what they do, or what they want



Avoid questions like...

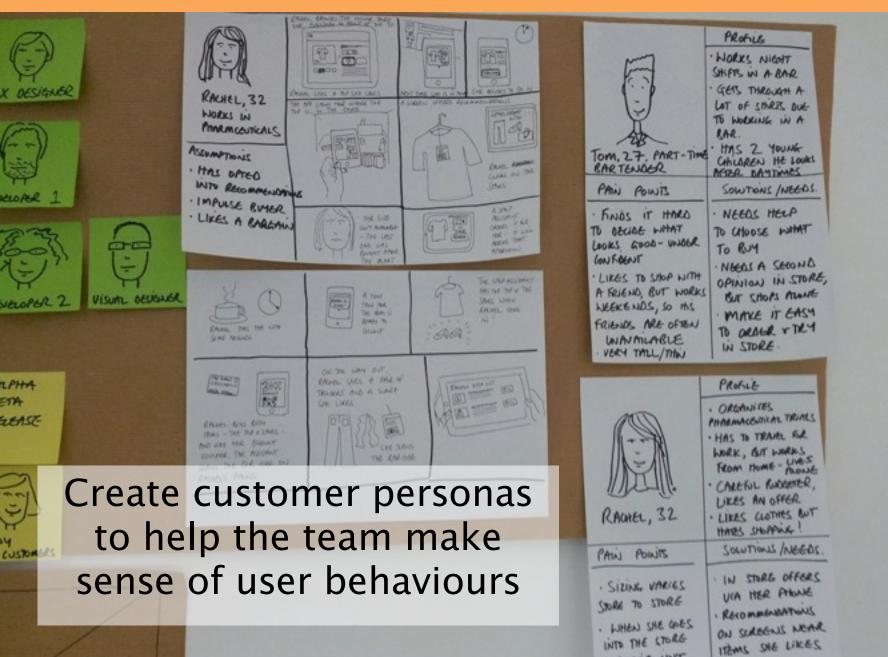
- Which of these features would be useful to you?
- How would you like this to work?
- What would you most like to see in the product?
- How do you think we should design this?

Ask questions like...

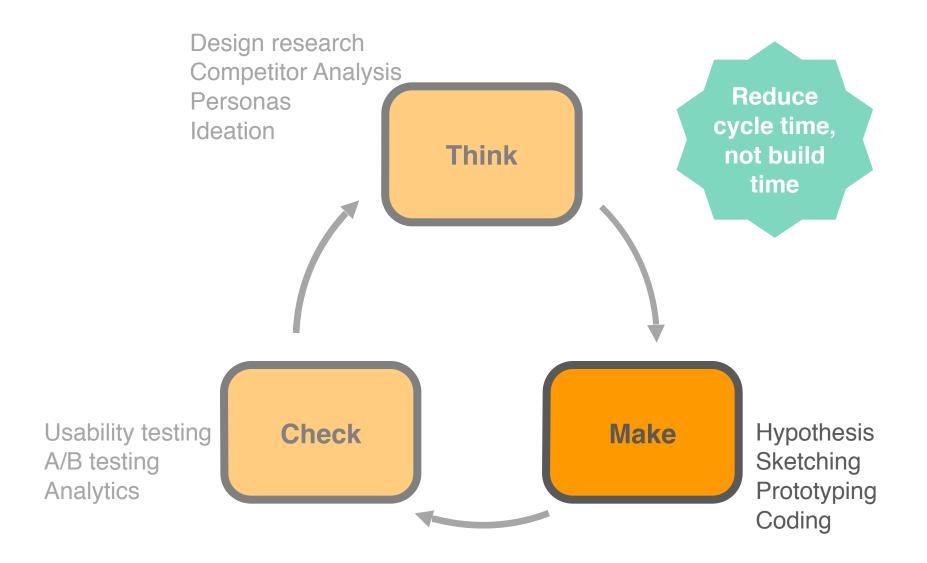
- Tell me about the last time you did X
- What went well? What didn't go so well?
 - What happened?
 - Why was that?
 - What did you do?
- I noticed you were doing X just then.
 - That's interesting, tell me more about that...

Get a shared understanding of customer needs and problems



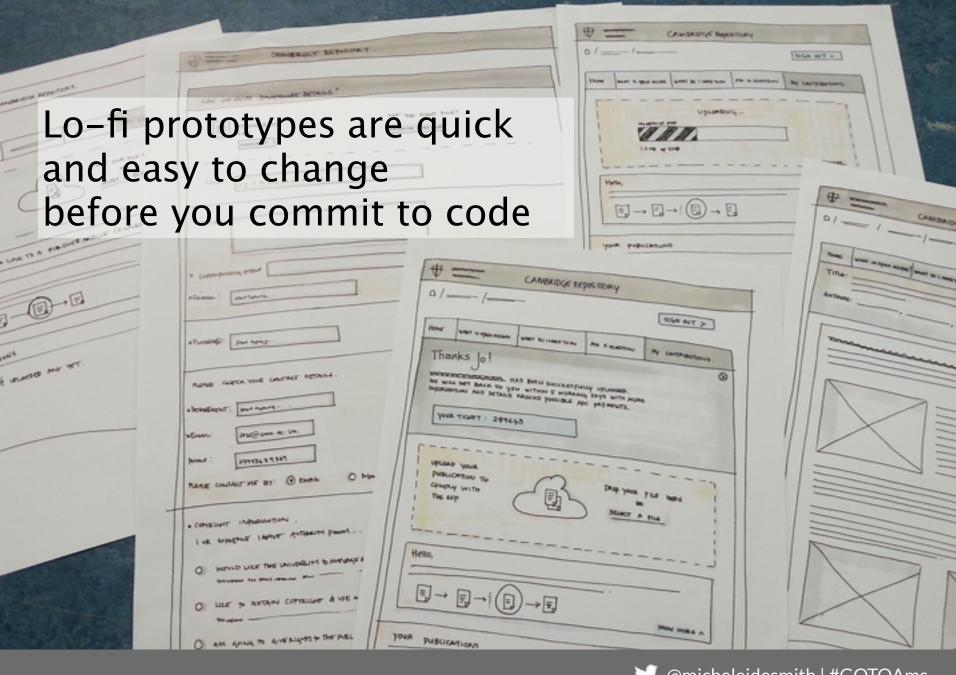


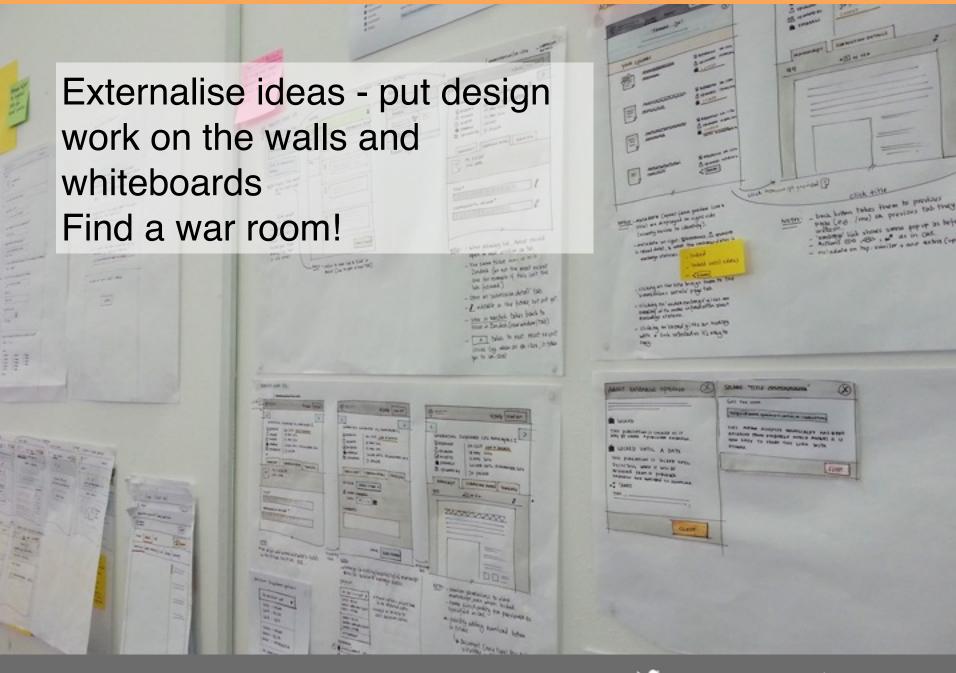
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Prototype, test and iterate







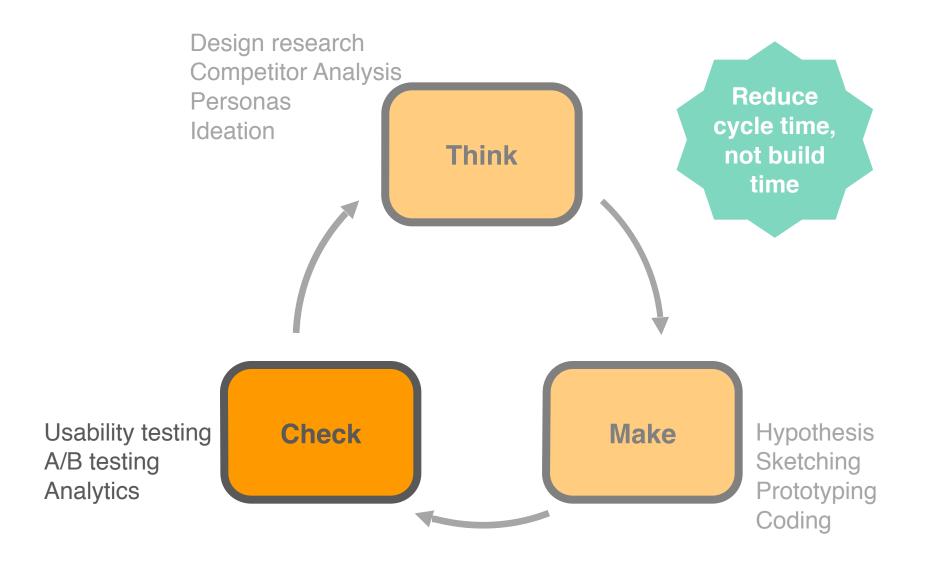


Ecope	eriment	/ /
Tear	m name	date
Hypothesis	We believe that	
Test	We will do/make	
nce	We will know the hypothesis is valid if by	we get
Evidence		

www.luxr.co, @luxrco

"If the call-to-action button is red then the number of people registering will go up"

Make sure it's easy to test!



Validation

- Usability testing
 - Face-to-face or remote
 - Get the whole team to attend and analyse
- A/B (multi-variant / split) testing
 - Only useful if you have a large enough sample
- Click tests
- Analytics

My top tips

#1 Don't get lazy, find customers and learn how they use your product

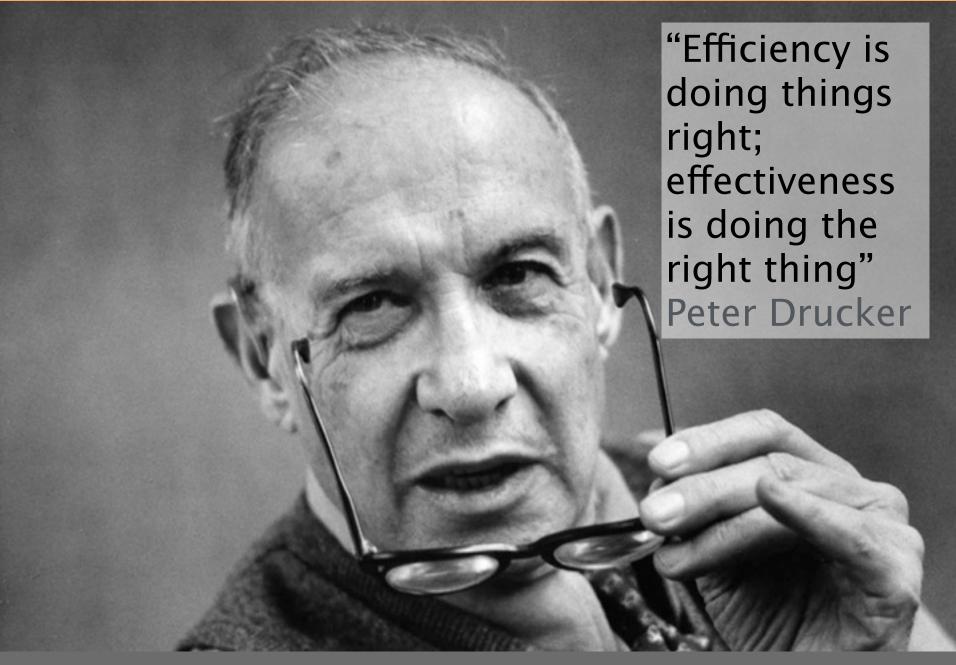
Do get the team to own the user experience of the product

#3

Don't compromise quality - MVP doesn't mean half-baked

Summary

- Treat requirements as assumptions
- Get out of the building and observe customers in context
- Build a shared understanding in the team of customer problems
- Rapid think > make > check cycles
- Everyone in the team owns the user experience of the product!



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