



Even Faster:

How Rugged DevOps & SW Supply Chains Attack Developer Waste

Josh Corman @joshcorman

Conclusions / Apply!

- Idea: A full embrace of Deming is a SW Supply Chain:
 - Fewer/Better Suppliers
 - Highest Quality Supply
 - Traceability/Visibility throughout Manufacturing / Prom & Agile Recall
- Benefits: Such rigor enables:
 - Even FASTER: Fewer instances of Unplanned/Unscheduled Work (ALSO CONTEXT SWITCHES)
 - More EFFICIENT: Faster MTTD/MTTR
 - Better QUALITY/RISK: Avoid elective/avoidable complexity/risk
- Urgency: It's OpenSeason on OpenSource
 - And our dependence on connected tech is increasingly a public safety issue
- Coming Actions: "Known Vulnerabilities" Convergence
 - Lawmakers, Insurers, Lawyers, etc. are converging

Who am I? Joshua Corman











@joshcorman CTO, Sonatype

■ Sonatype

I am The Cavalry



SOURCEfire



SOURCE





Security is Dead. Long Live Rugged DevOps: IT at Ludicrous Speed...

Josh Corman, Gene Kim VERY ROUGH 1ST Draft



Session ID: CLD-106
Session Classification:

Intermediate

RSACONFERENCE**2012**





Rugged DevOps Going Even Faster With Software Supply Chains

Gene Kim

Researcher and Author IT Revolution Press

@RealGeneKim

Joshua Corman

CTO Sonatype @joshcorman





Thu Jul 19 00:00:00 2001 (UTC) http://www.caida.org/ Victims: 159 Copyright (C) 2001 UC Regents, Jeff Brown for CAIDA/UCSD

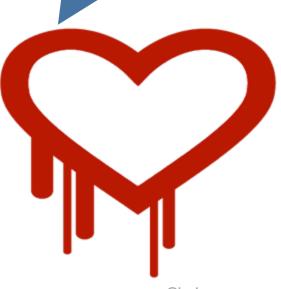


Beyond Heartbleed: OpenSSL in 2014

(31 in NIST's NVD thru December)

CVE-2014-3470	6/5/2014	CVSS Severity: 4.3 MEDIUM ← SIEMENS *
CVE-2014-0224	6/5/2014	CVSS Severity: 6.8 MEDIUM ← SIEMENS *
CVE-2014-0221	6/5/2014	CVSS Severity: 4.3 MEDIUM
CVE-2014-0195	6/5/2014	CVSS Severity: 6.8 MEDIUM
CVE-2014-0198	5/6/2014	CVSS Severity: 4.3 MEDIUM ← SIEMENS *
CVE-2013-7373	4/29/2014	CVSS Severity: 7.5 HIGH
CVE-2014-2734	4/24/2014	CVSS Severity: 5.8 MEDIUM ** DISPUTED **
CVE-2014-0139	4/15/2014	CVSS Severity: 5.8 MEDIUM
CVE-2010-5298	4/14/2014	CVSS Severity: 4.0 MEDIUM
CVE-2014-0160	4/7/2014	CVSS Severity: 5.0 MEDIUM ← HeartBleed
CVE-2014-0076	3/25/2014	CVSS Severity: 4.3 MEDIUM
CVE-2014-0016	3/24/2014	CVSS Severity: 4.3 MEDIUM
CVE-2014-0017	3/14/2014	CVSS Severity: 1.9 LOW
CVE-2014-2234	3/5/2014	CVSS Severity: 6.4 MEDIUM
CVE-2013-7295	1/17/2014	CVSS Severity: 4.0 MEDIUM
CVE-2013-4353	1/8/2014	CVSS Severity: 4.3 MEDIUM
CVE-2013-6450	1/1/2014	CVSS Severity: 5.8 MEDIUM

As of today, internet scans by MassScan reveal 300,000 of original 600,000 remain unpatched or unpatchable



. . .

Heartbleed + (UnPatchable) Internet of Things == ____ ?

In Our Bodies





In Our Cars







ShellShock {bashbug}

MODIFIED MERCALI INTENSITY SCALE

	Shaking	Structural Damage to Resistant Buildings	Structural Damage to Vulnerable Buildings
Х	EXTREME	very heavy	very hea
IX	VIOLENT	heavy	heavy
VIII	SEVERE	moderate/	heavy
VII	VERY STRONG	moderate	modera heavy
	STRONG	light	moderat
	MODERATE	very light	Iight
IV	LIGHT	none	none none
11-111	WEAK	none	none none
-1	NOT FELT		田

HAITI

January 12, 2010

16:53 Local Time

7.0 Richter Scale

230,000

Affected cities of Haiti

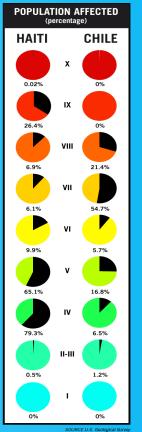
and their population

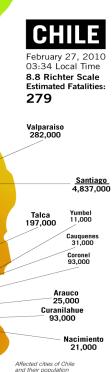
Estimated Fatalities:

A TALE OF TWO QUAKES

In the span of two months, two massive earthquakes struck in Haiti and Chile. But while the temblor in Chile registered much higher on the Richter scale, the loss of life and damage in Haiti was far more severe. Why is that? Chile-which has experienced serious earthquakes in recent decades—has a robust building code to make sure buildings are earthquake resistant; Haiti has no code to speak of. And a look at both quake's scores on the Modified Mercali Intensity Scale—which is used to measure how earthquakes affect those experiencing them-shows that while Chile's quake may have been stronger overall, Haiti had a larger population and more urban areas hit by more intense and damaging shaking.







The Rugged Manifesto

I am rugged... and more importantly, my code is rugged.

I recognize that software has become a foundation of our modern world.

I recognize the awesome responsibility that comes with this foundational role.

I recognize that my code will be used in ways I cannot anticipate, in ways it was not designed, and for longer than it was ever intended.

I recognize that my code will be attacked by talented and persistent adversaries who threaten our physical, economic, and national security.

I recognize these things - and I choose to be rugged.

I am rugged because I refuse to be a source of vulnerability or weakness.

I am rugged because I assure my code will support its mission.

I am rugged because my code can face these challenges and persist in spite of them.

I am rugged, not because it is easy, but because it is necessary... and I am up for the challenge.

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I recognize the awesome responsibility that comes with this foundational role.

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I Am The Cavalry

The Cavalry isn't coming... It falls to us

Problem Statement

Our society is adopting connected technology faster than we are able to secure it.

Mission Statement

To ensure connected technologies with the potential to impact public safety and human life are worthy of our trust.











Why Trust, public safety, human life **How** Education, outreach, research **Who** Infosec research community **Who** Global, grass roots initiative

Medical

Automotive

Connected Home

Infrastructure

What Long-term vision for cyber safety

Collecting existing research, researchers, and resources **Connecting** researchers with each other, industry, media, policy, and legal **Collaborating** across a broad range of backgrounds, interests, and skillsets **Catalyzing** positive action sooner than it would have happened on its own

5-Star Framework

Addressing Automotive Cyber Systems

5-Star Capabilities



- ★ Safety by Design Anticipate failure and plan mitigation
- **★ Third-Party Collaboration** Engage willing allies
- ★ Evidence Capture Observe and learn from failure
- ★ **Security Updates** Respond quickly to issues discovered
- ★ **Segmentation & Isolation** Prevent cascading failure

Connections and Ongoing Collaborations



Security Researchers



Automotive Engineers



Policy Makers



Insurance Analysts



Accident Investigators



Standards Organizations

5-Star Cyber Safety

Formal Capacities

- 1. Safety By Design
- 2. Third Party Collaboration
- 3. Evidence Capture
- 4. Security Updates
- 5. Segmentation and Isolation

Plain Speak

- 1. Avoid Failure
- 2. Engage Allies To Avoid Failure
- 3. Learn From Failure
- 4. Respond to Failure
- 5. Isolate Failure





RSA Conference 2015 San Francisco | April 20-24 | Moscone Center

SESSION ID: ASD-T07R

Continuous Security: 5 Ways DevOps *Improves* Security



David Mortman

Chief Security Architect & Distinguished Engineer Dell Software

@mortman



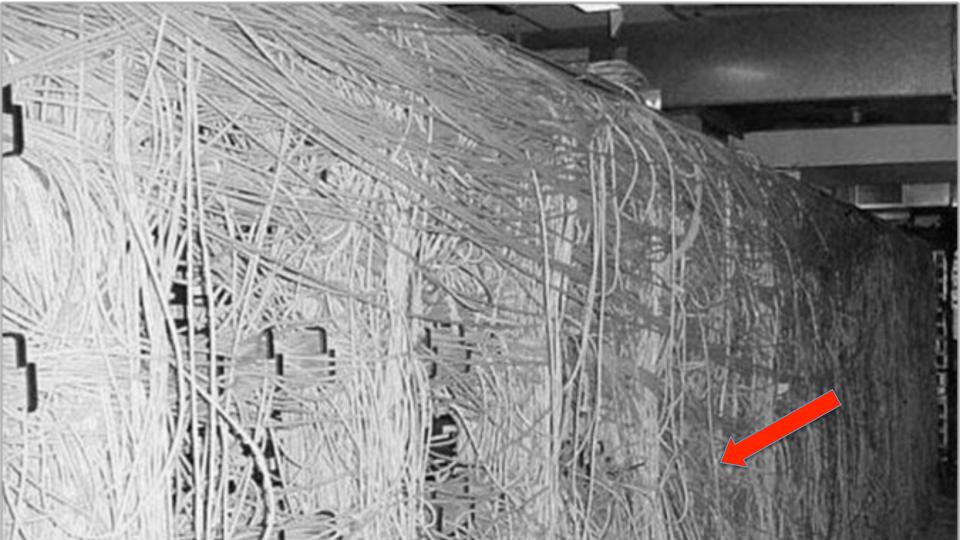
Joshua Corman

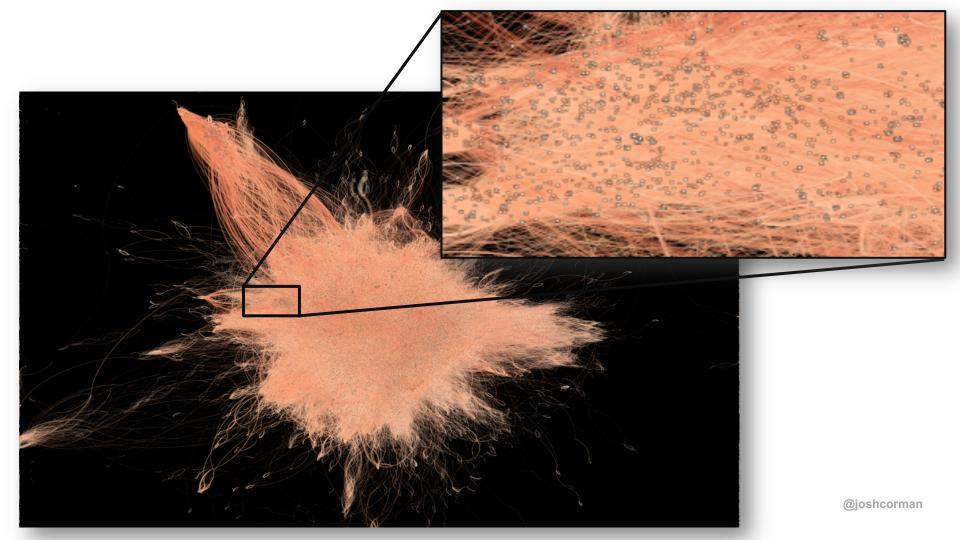
CTO
Sonatype
@joshcorman

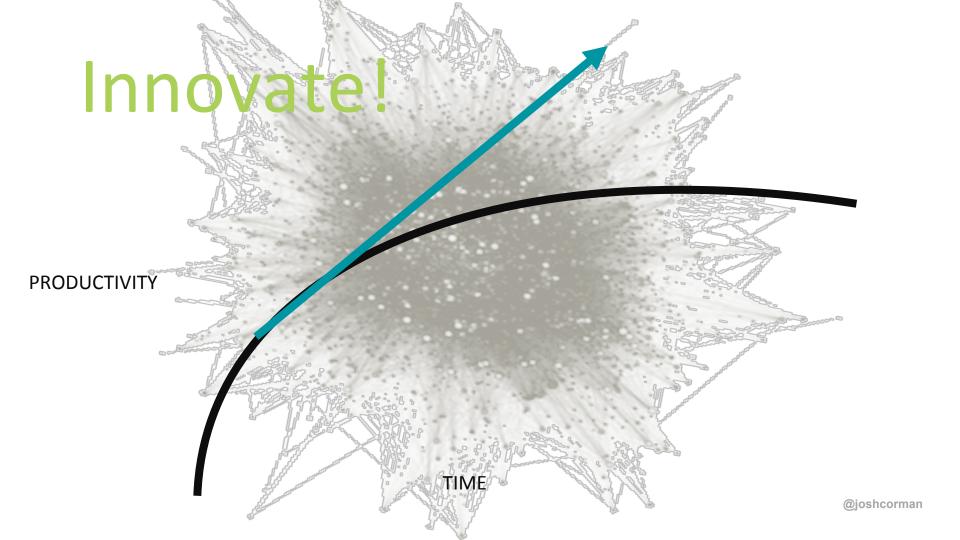














"It is not enough to do your best; you must know what to do, and then do your best"

- W. Edwards Deming





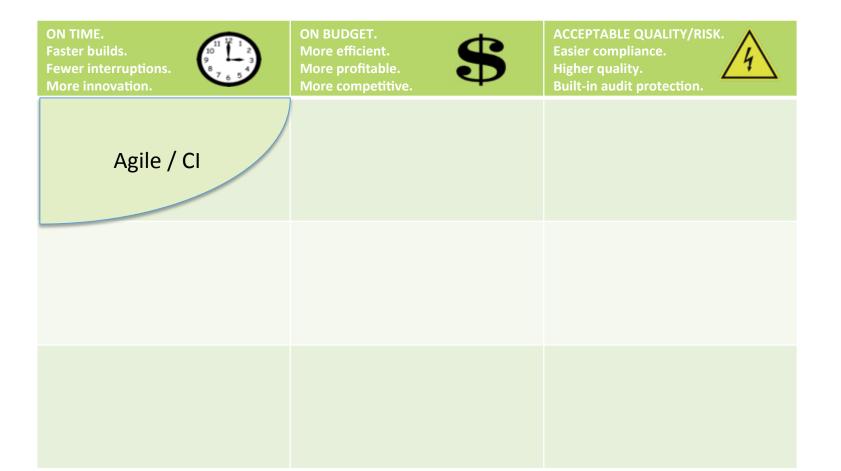
ACCEPTABLE QUALITY/RISK





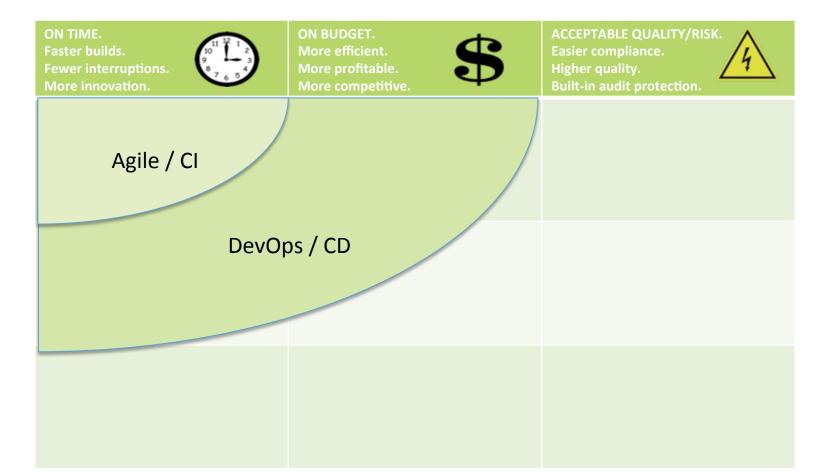




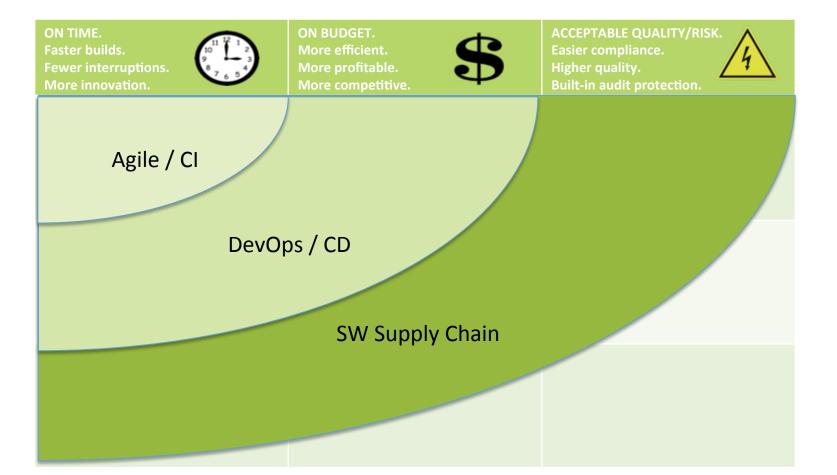




It may feel like DevOps is Pandora's Box, but it's open... and hope remains. ;) @joshcorman @mortman #RSAC #DevOps

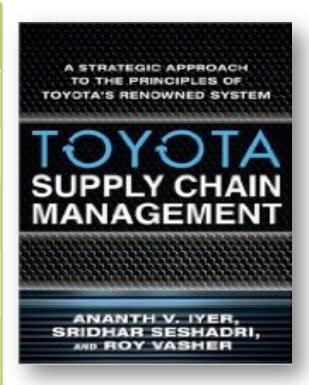






Comparing the Prius and the Volt

	Toyota Advantage	Toyota Prius	Chevy Volt
Unit Cost	61%	\$24,200	\$39,900
Units Sold	13x	23,294	1,788
In-House Production	50%	27%	54%
Plant Suppliers	16% (10x per)	125	800
Firm-Wide Suppliers	4%	224	5,500



Embrace proven supply chain principles



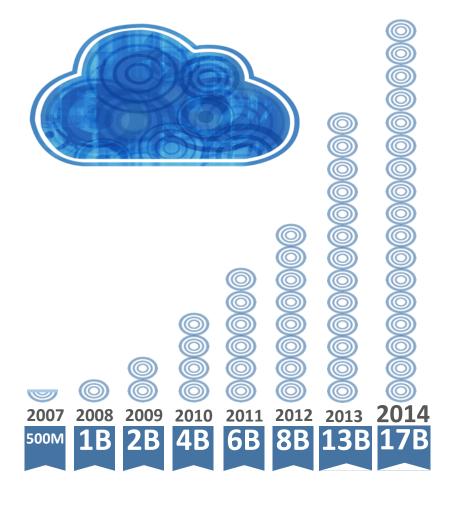
Software Supply Chain Hygiene

Use better & fewer suppliers

Use higher quality parts

Track what you use and where





Open source usage is

EXPLODING

Yesterday's source code is now replaced with

OPEN SOURCE

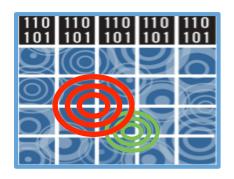
components

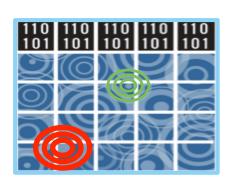
THINK LIKE AN ATTACKER

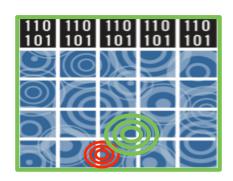
Now that software is

ASSEMBLED...

Our shared value becomes our shared attack surface

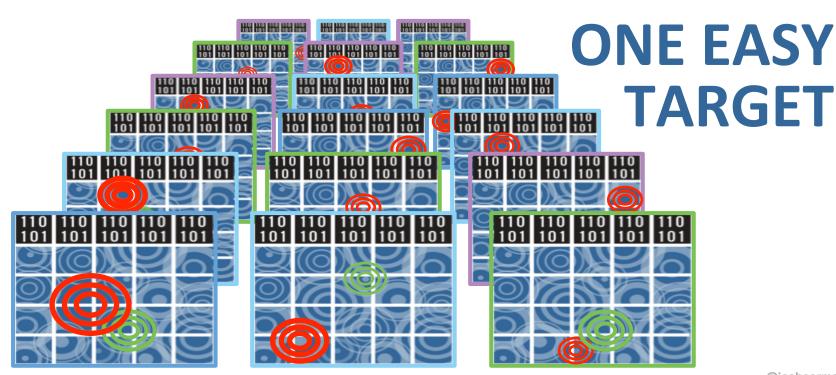






THINK LIKE AN ATTACKER

One risky component, now affects thousands of victims



STRUTS

Global Bank

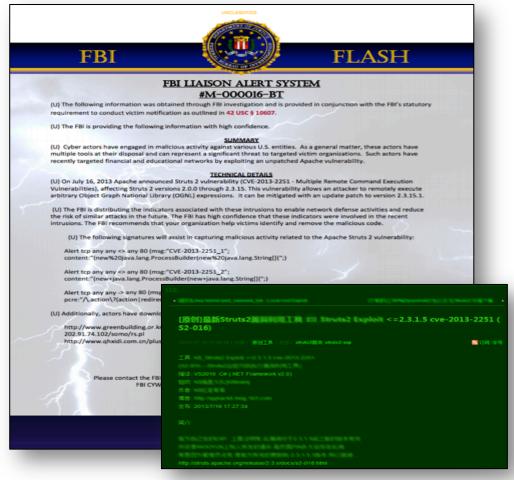
Software Provider

Software Provider's Customer State University

Three-Letter Agency

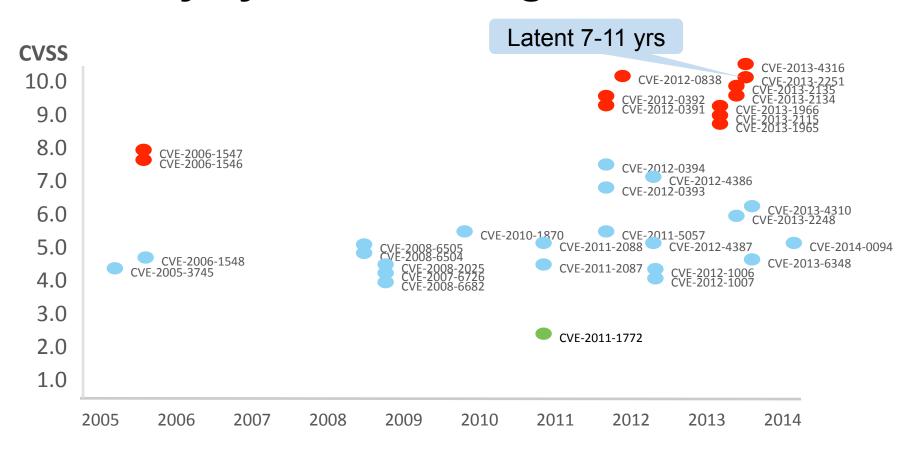
Large Financial Exchange

Hundreds of Other Sites





w/many eyeballs, all bugs are??? Struts



BOUNCY CASTLE

NATIONAL CYBER AWARENESS SYSTEM

Original Notification Date: 03/30/2009

CVE-2007-6721

Bouncy Castle Java Cryptography API

CVSS v2 Base Score: 10.0 HIGH

Impact Subscore: 10.0

Exploitability Subscore: 10.0

In 2013, **4,000**

organizations downloaded a version of Bouncy Castle with a level 10 vulnerability

20,000 TIMES ...

Into XXX,XXX Applications...

SEVEN YEARS

after the vulnerability was fixed

HTTPCLIENT 3.X

In December 2013,

NATIONAL CYBER AWARENESS SYSTEM

Original Release Date: 11/04/2012

CVE-2012-5783

Apache Commons HttpClient 3.x CVSS v2 Base Score: **5.8 MEDIUM**

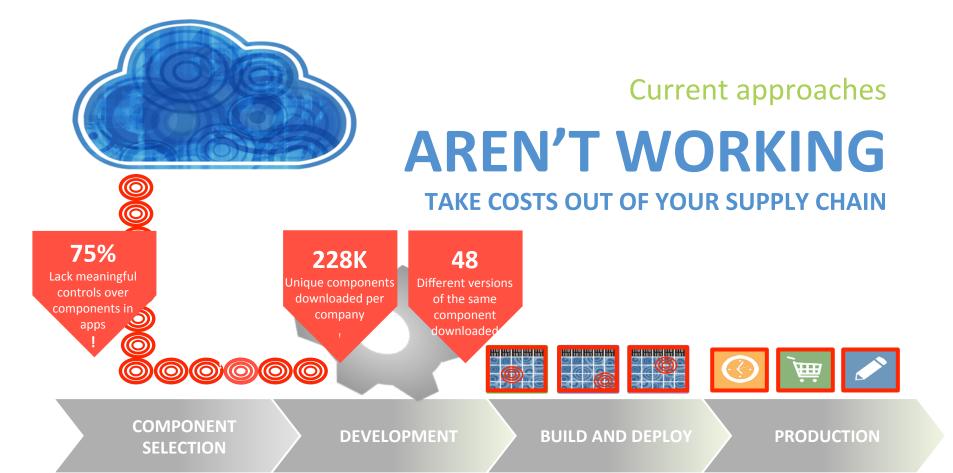
Impact Subscore: **4.9** Exploitability Subscore: **8.6**

6,916 DIFFERENT

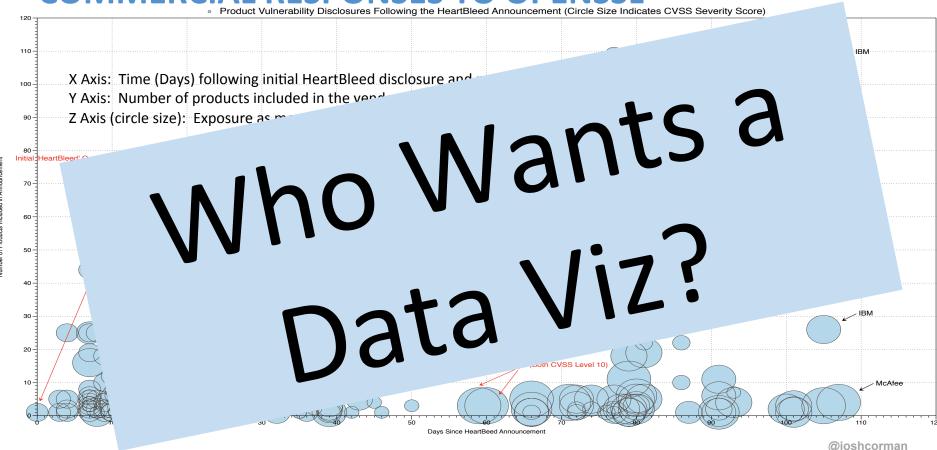
organizations downloaded a version of httpclient with broken ssl validation (cve-2012-5783)

66,824 TIMES ...

More than ONE YEAR AFTER THE ALERT



COMMERCIAL RESPONSES TO OPENSSL



COLUMNS

Almost Too Big to Fail

DAN GEER AND JOSHUA CORMAN



on Geer is the CISO for In-Qel and a security researcher with a quantitative best. He has a long history with the USENIX Association, including officer positions, program committees, etc.



oshua Corman is the chief echnology officer for Sonatype. eviously, Corman served as a security researcher and strategist at Akamai echnologies, The 451 Group, and IBM Internet.

66 (legin) AUGUST 2014 VOL. 39, NO. 4

Security Systems, A respected impostor, he co-founded Rugged Software and I Am the Cavalry to encourage new security approaches in response to the world's increasing dependence on digital infrastructure. He is also an adjunct faculty for Carnegle Mellon's Heinze College, IANS Research, and a Fellow bachelor's degree in philosophy, graduating summa cum laude, from the University of New Hampshire, joshcorman@gmail.com

oth dependence on open source and adversary activity around open source are widespread and growing, but the dynamic pattern of use requires new means to estimate if not bound the security implications. In April and May 2014, every security writer has talked about whether it is indeed true that with enough eyeballs, all bugs are shallow. We won't revisit that topic because there may be no minds left to change. Unarguably:

- . Dependence on open source is growing in volume and variety.
- Adversary interest tracks installed base.
- . Multiple levels of abstruction add noise to remediation needs.
- We begin with two open source examples.

Apache Struta CVE-2013-2251, July 6, 2013 - CVSS v2 9.3

Apache Struta is one of the most popular and widely depended upon open source projects in the world. As such, when this highly exploitable vulnerability was discovered, it was promptly used to compromise large swaths of the financial services sector. While Hearthleed (see below) got full media frenzy, many affected by 2013-2251 learned of the problem from FRI victim notifications under 42 U.S.C. \$ 10507. The FR-DRAC issued guidance [1] telling institutions (read, victims) to scrutinize the security of third-party and open source components throughout their life cycle of use. It is not noteworthy that an open source project could have a severe vulnerability, what is of note is that this flaw went undetected for at least seven years (if not a lot longer from WebWork 2/pre-Struts 2 code base) -- an existence proof that well-vetted code still needs a backup plan.

OpenSSL (Hearthleed) CVE-2014-0160, April 7, 2014 - CVSS v2 5.0

The Heartbleed valnerability in OpenSSL garnered tremendous media and attacker activity this past April. While only scored with a CVSS of 5.0, it is a "5 with the power of a 10" since aniffling usernames, passwords, and SSL Certificates provides stepping stones to far greater impact. In contrast to the Struts bug above, this flaw was introduced only two years prior, but it, too, went unnoticed by many eyeballs—it was found by bench analysis [2].

Dependence on Open Source Is Growing

Bonatype, home to author Corman, serves as custodian to Central Repository, the largest parts warehouse in the world for open source components. At the macro level, open source consumption is exploding in Web applications, mobility, cloud, etc., driven in part by increasingly favorable economics. Even (risk averse, highly regulated) government and financial sectors, which previously resisted "code of unknown origin/quality/security," have begun relaxing their resistance. According to both Gartner surveys and Sonatype application. analysis, 90-% of modern applications are not so much written as assembled from thirdparty building blocks. It is the open source building blocks that are taking the field, and not just for commodity applications (see Figure 1).

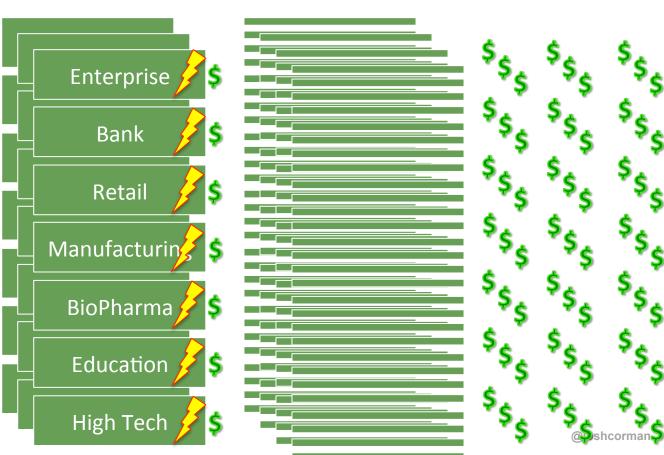
www.usenix.org

For the 41% 390 days CVSS 10s 224 days

https://www.usenix.org/system/files/login/articles/15 geer 0.pdf

TRUE COSTS (& LEAST COST AVOIDERS)









PRESS RELEASES

Reps. Royce, Jenkins to Shore Up Security of Government Used Software

Washington, Dec 4, 2014 | Saat Alety (202-225-4111) | 0 comments











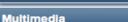
News













Today, U.S. Representatives Ed Royce (R-CA) and Lynn Jenkins (R-KS) introduced H.R. 5793, the "Cyber

(2)

(

(2)

(9)

Supply Chain Management and Transparency Act of 2014." The legislation will ensure all contractors of

software, firmware or products to the federal government provide the procuring agency with a bill of materials of all third party and open source components used, and demonstrate that those component versions have no known vulnerabilities.

"As a house is only as strong as its foundation, it's no wonder cyber attacks are on the rise with reports showing 71 percent of software contains components with critical vulnerabilities," said Rep. Royce. "This bill protects our nation's cyber infrastructure by ensuring the building blocks that make it up are secure and uncompromised."

"I have voiced concerns to the government agencies in charge of healthcare.gov that our nation's cyber infrastructure was vulnerable and not secure," said Rep. Jenkins. "But the problem is not limited to one website; the entire federal government lacks guidelines for website security. This vital legislation will put the appropriate checks and balances in place to ensure that the government has the tools it needs to create a more sound and secure system for taxpayers "

H.R. 5793 "Cyber Supply Chain Management and Transparency Act of 2014"

Elegant Procurement Trio

1) Ingredients:

 Anything sold to \$PROCURING_ENTITY must provide a Bill of Materials of 3rd Party and Open Source Components (along with their Versions)

2) Hygiene & Avoidable Risk:

 ...and cannot use known vulnerable components for which a less vulnerable component is available (without a written and compelling justification accepted by \$PROCURING_ENTITY)

3) Remediation:

...and must be patchable/updateable – as new vulnerabilities will inevitably be revealed

PROCUREMENT TRIO + BOUNCY CASTLE

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KNOWN VULNERABILITIES

Hot off the presses 2015 VZ DBIR

NOT ALL CVES ARE CREATED EQUAL.

If we look at the frequency of exploitation in Figure 11, we see a much different picture than what's shown by the raw vulnerability count of Figure 12 Ten CVEs account for almost 97% of the exploits observed in 2014. While that's a pretty amazing statistic, don't be lulled into thinking you've found an easy way out of the vulnerability remediation rodeo. Prioritization will definitely help from a risk-cutting perspective, but beyond the top 10 are 7 million other exploited vulnerabilities that may need to be ridden down. And therein, of course, lies the challenge; once the "mega-vulns" are roped in (assuming you could identify them ahead of time), how do you approach addressing the rest of the horde in an orderly, comprehensive, and continuous manner over time?

About half of the CVEs exploited in 2014 went from publish to pwn in less than a month.

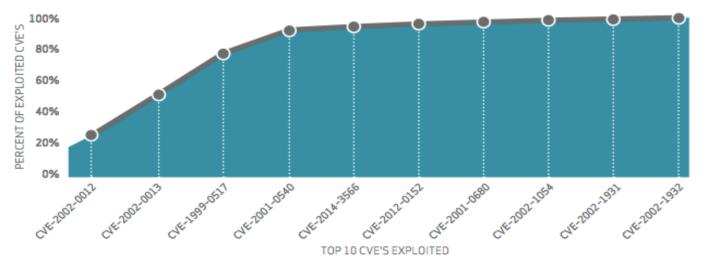


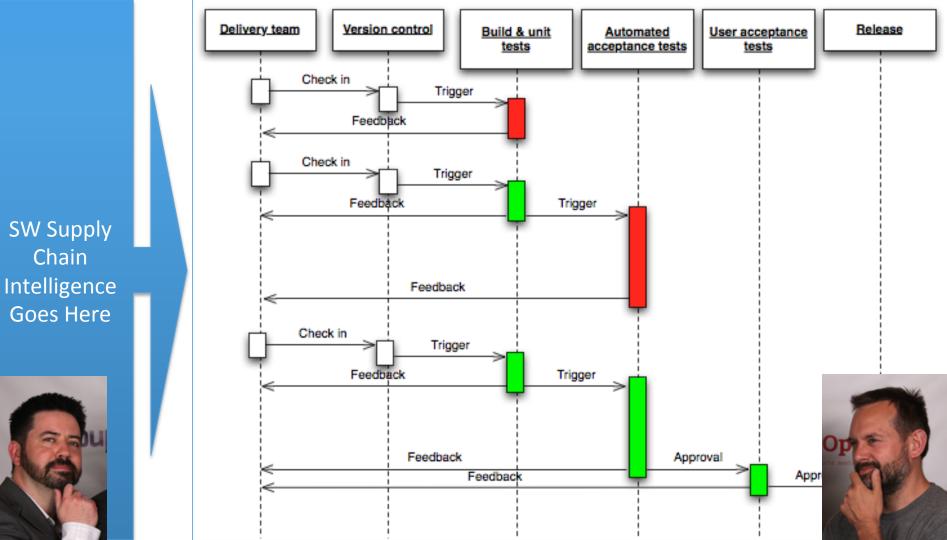
Figure 11.

Cumulative percentage of exploited vulnerabilities by top 10 CVEs



"It is not enough to do your best; you must know what to do, and then do your best"

- W. Edwards Deming



Software Supply Chain Hygiene

Use better & fewer suppliers

Use higher quality parts

Track what you use and where



- 1) Less Unplanned /Unscheduled Work (and painful Context Switching)
- 2) Fewer Service Interruptions and Break-Fixes
- 3) Faster MTTI/MTTR when things do go wrong
- > 30% Boost

Conclusions / Apply!

- Idea: A full embrace of Deming is a SW Supply Chain:
 - Fewer/Better Suppliers
 - Highest Quality Supply
 - Traceability/Visibility throughout Manufacturing / Prom & Agile Recall
- Benefits: Such rigor enables:
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 - Better QUALITY/RISK: Avoid elective/avoidable complexity/risk
- Urgency: It's OpenSeason on OpenSource
 - And our dependence on connected tech is increasingly a public safety issue
- Coming Actions: "Known Vulnerabilities" Convergence
 - Lawmakers, Insurers, Lawyers, etc. are converging

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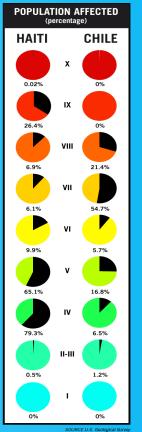
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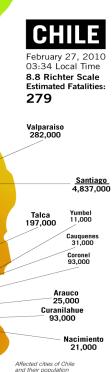
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