Flow Thinking

The Principles behind the Practices of Kanban, Lean Software Development, LeanUX and Lean Startup





Please ask questions via the mobile app!



<u>Engage</u>



OPRAXISFLOW





Lean Systems Society

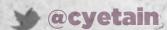
JABE BLOOM

Chief Flow Officer

bloghttp://abce.blogestoco

praxisflow.com

Designation Carnegie Mellon







What are the differences between the Agility demonstrated in these images?





The most important, and indeed the truly unique, contribution of management in the 20th century was the fifty-fold increase in the productivity of the manual worker in manufacturing.

The most important contribution management needs to make in the 21st century is similarly to increase the production of knowledge work and knowledge workers.

INQUIRY

INTO THE

NATURE AND CAUSES

OF THE

WEALTH OF NATIONS.

By ADAM SMITH, LL. D.

WITH A LIFE OF THE AUTHOR,
AN INTRODUCTORY DISCOURSE, NOTES, AND
SUPPLEMENTAL DISSERTATIONS.

By J. R. MCCULLOCH, Esq.
PROFESSOR OF POLITICAL ECONOMY IN THE UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.

IN FOUR VOLUMES.
VOL. I.

EDINBURGH:

PRINTED FOR ADAM BLACK, AND WILLIAM TAIT;
AND LONGMAN, REES, ORME, BROWN, AND GREEN,
LONDON.

M.DCCC.XXVIII.



ADAM SMITHLLD.

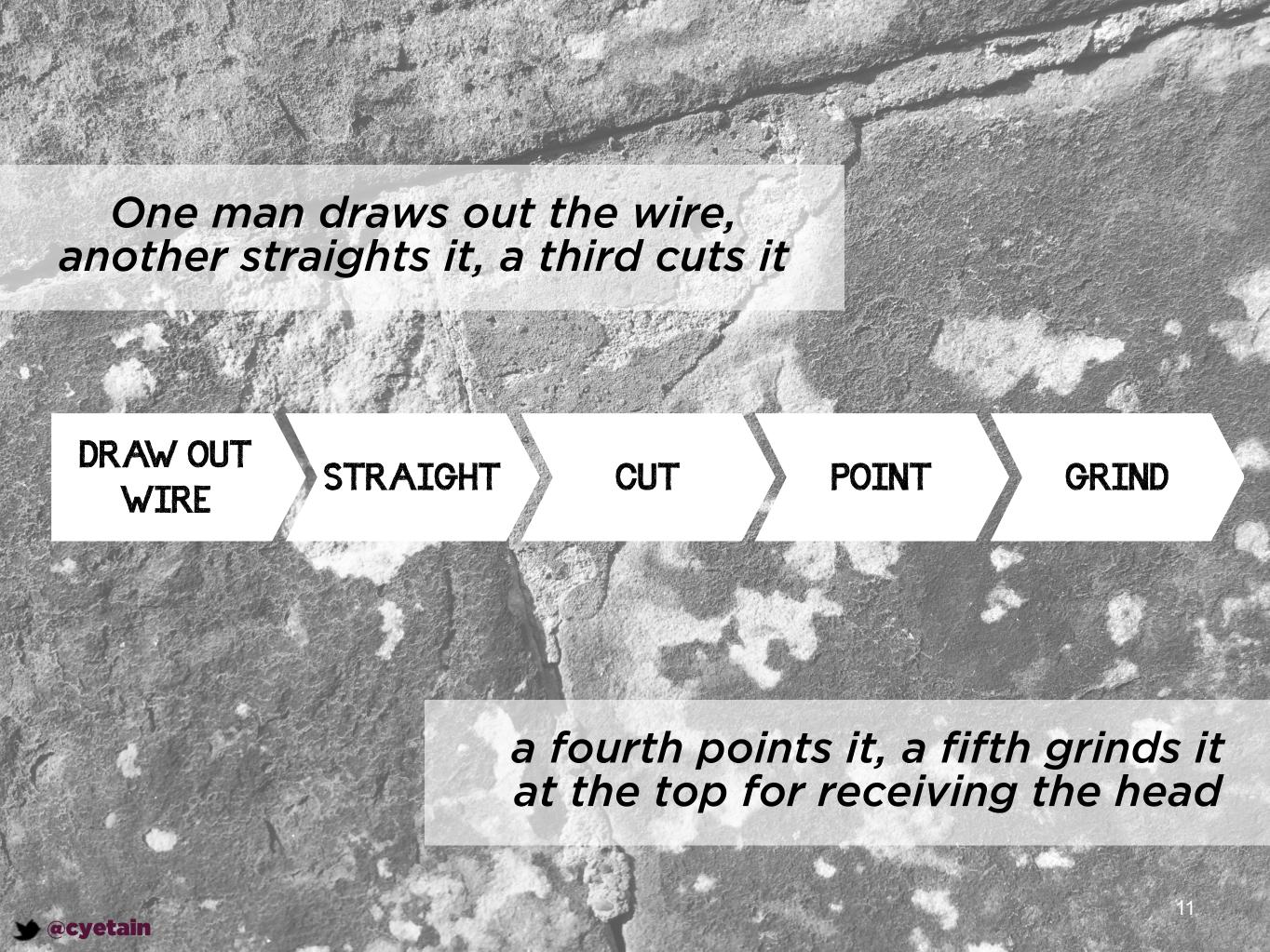


The Division of Labour

To take and example the trade of the pin-maker

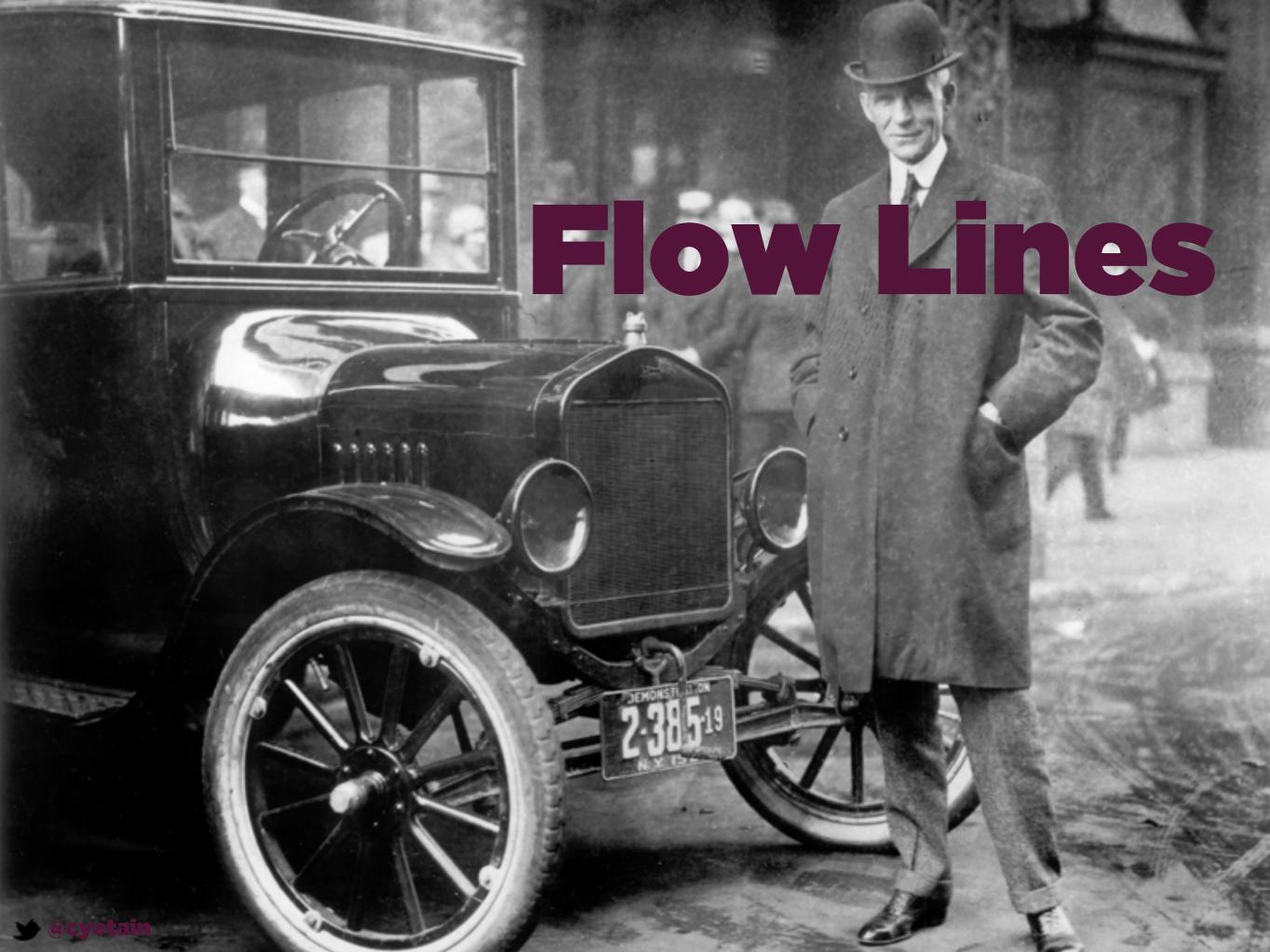
One man draws out the wire, another straights it, a third cuts it

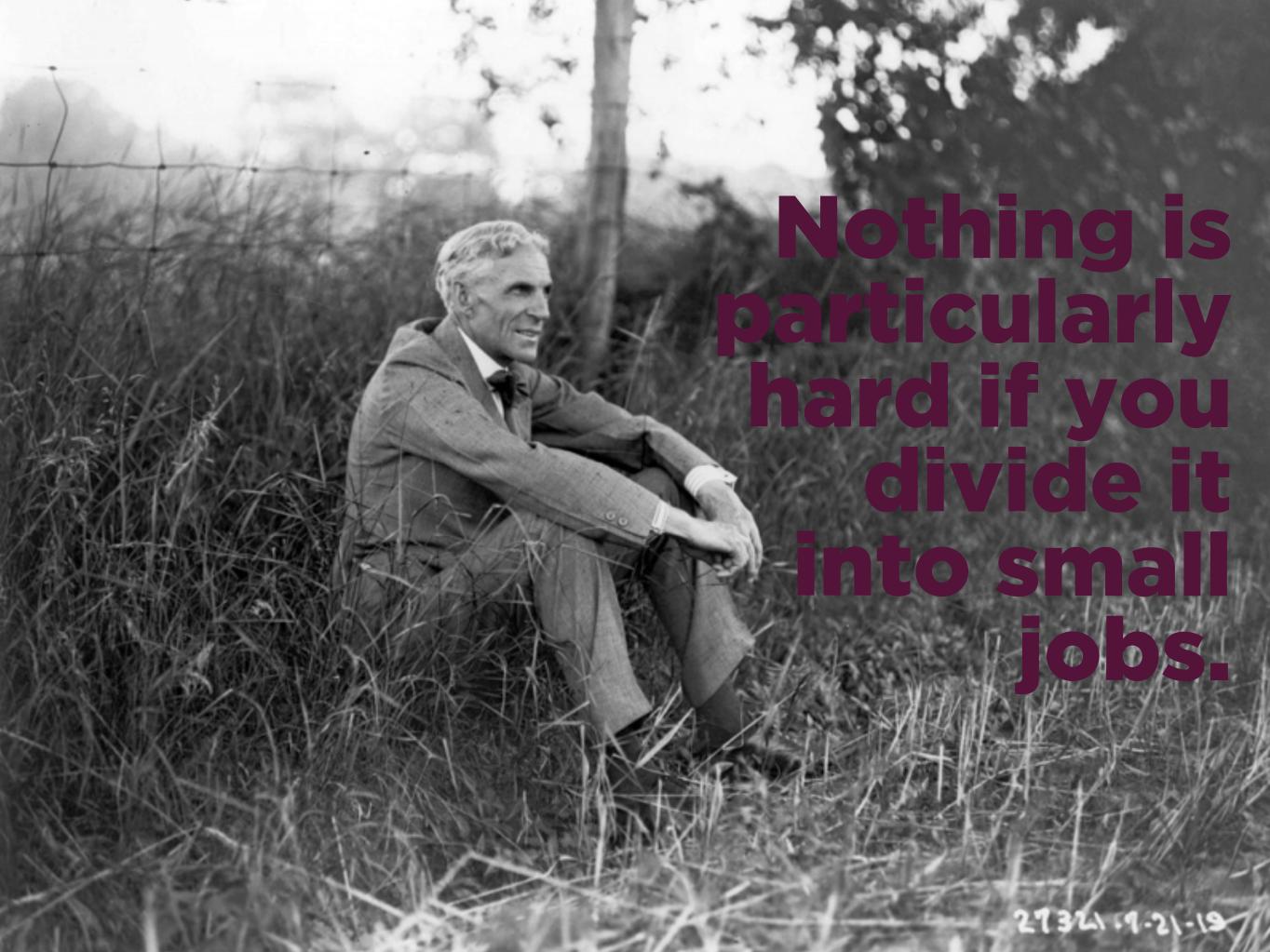
I have seen a small manufactory... make... forty-eight thousand pins in a day...



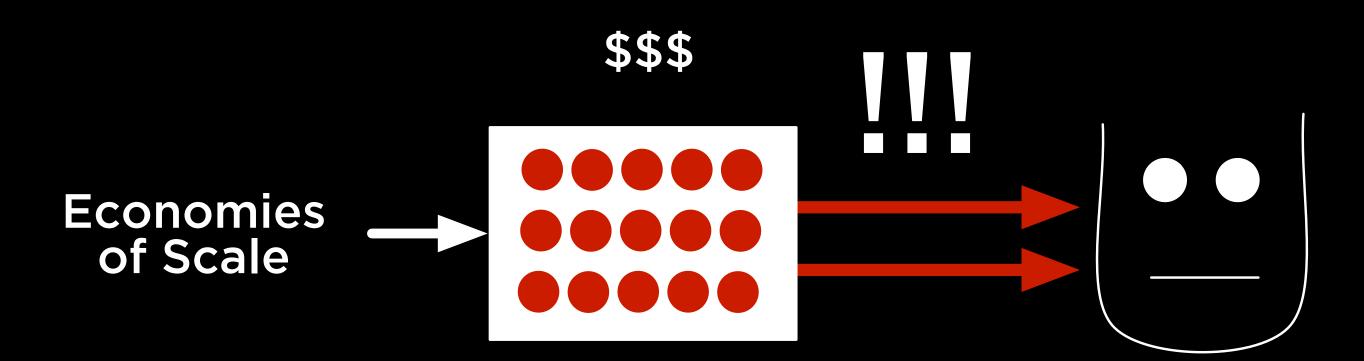












PUSH

All we are doing is looking at the timeline

from the moment the customer gives us

an order

order

Cash

Time Line

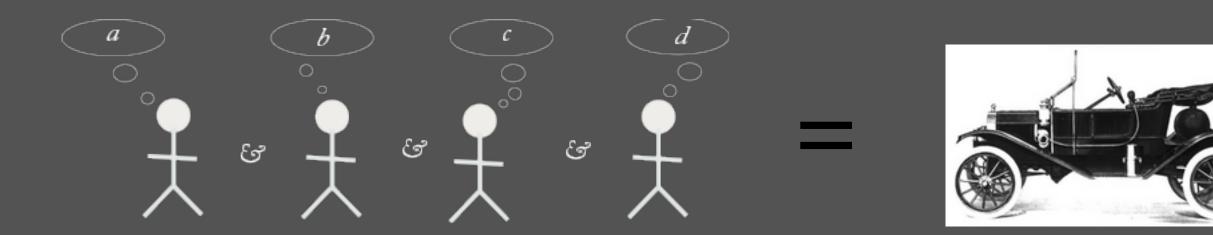
(reduce by removing non-value-added wastes)

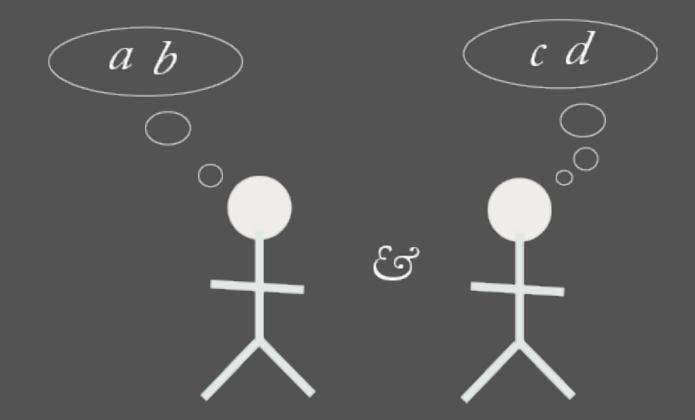
to the point we collect the cash

and we are reducing that time line by removing the non-value-added wastes

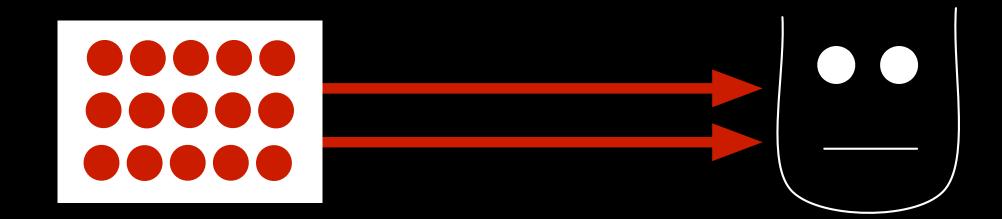
the principal objective of the Toyota production system was to produce many models in small quantities

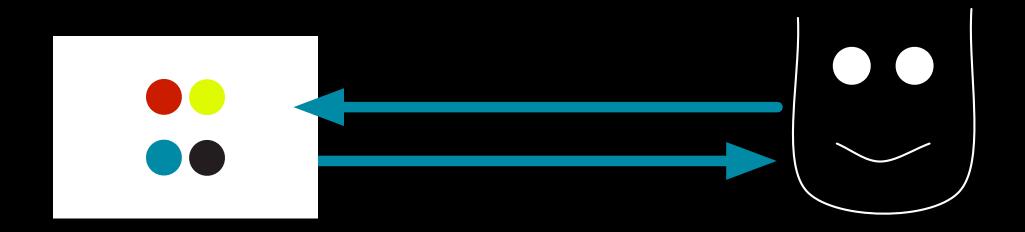






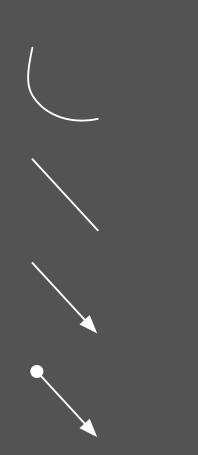
PUSH





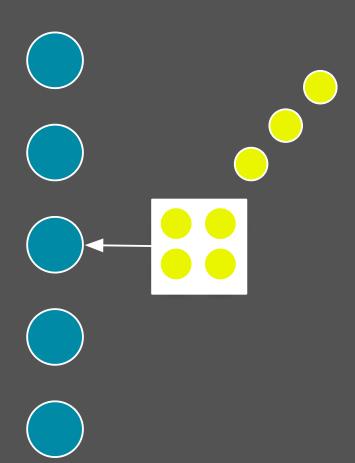
PULL

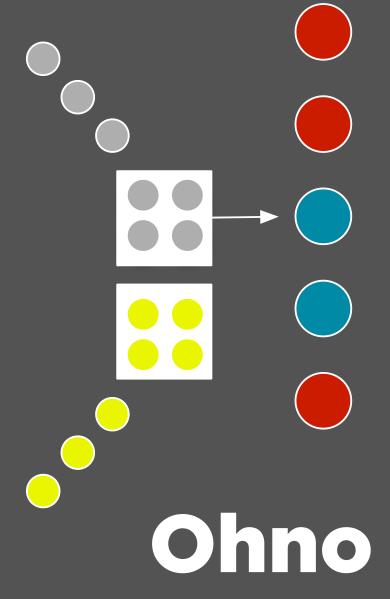
Smith Division of Labor



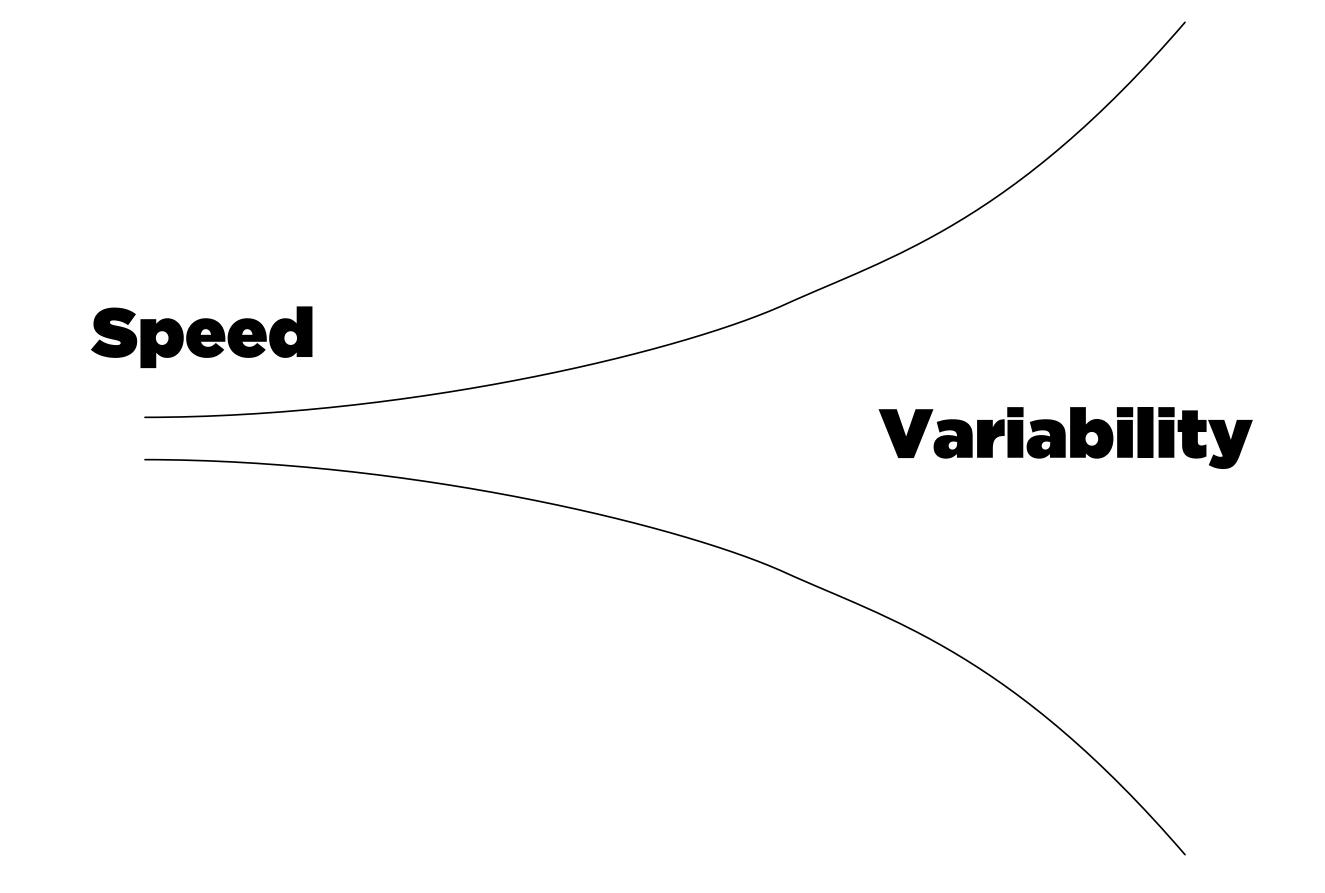
Ford

Flow Lines





Toyota Production System



Experts Generalist

Well Defined Output

Ambiguous Output



Flow Efficiency

How long does it take to deliver a piece of work?

How long did we actually spend working on it?

Typical organizations take 10 to 20 times longer to deliver something than they actually spent working on it

Resource Efficiency

STEP ONE STEP TWO STEP TWO STEP ONE STEP THREE STEP TWO STEP THREE

Process Efficiency

STEP ONE STEP TWO STEP THREE FINISHED

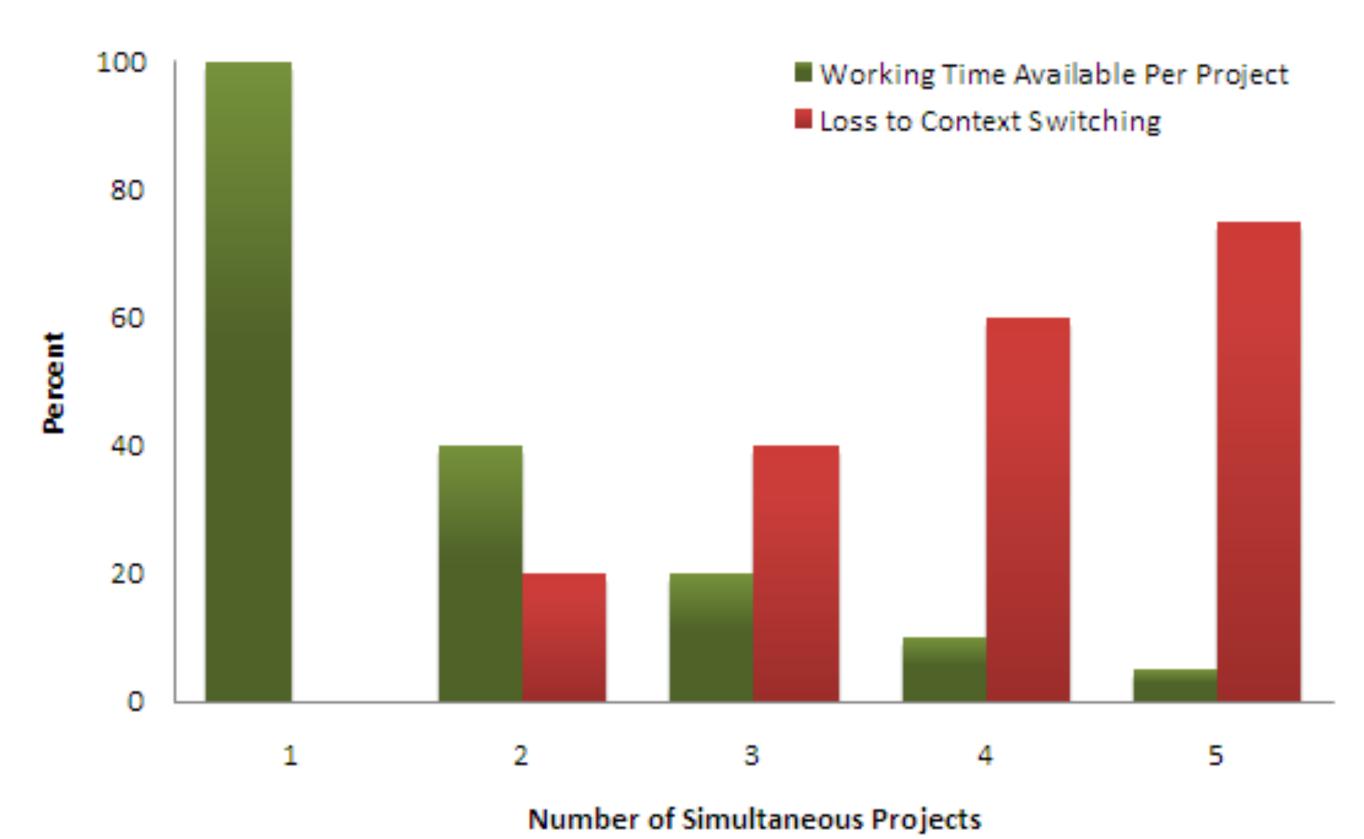
between 5-15% of Cycle Time

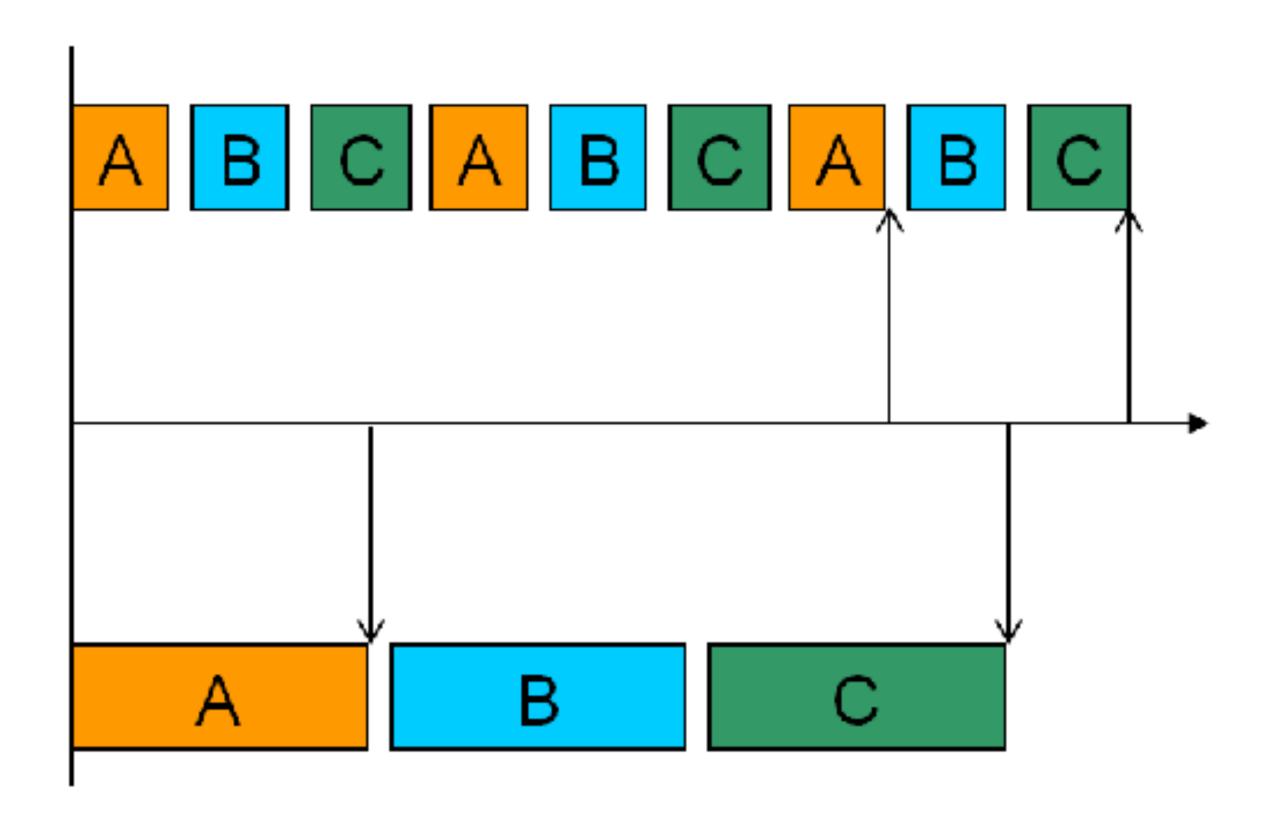
Flow Efficiency

STEP ONE STEP TWO STEP THREE FINISHED

between 85-95% of Cycle Time

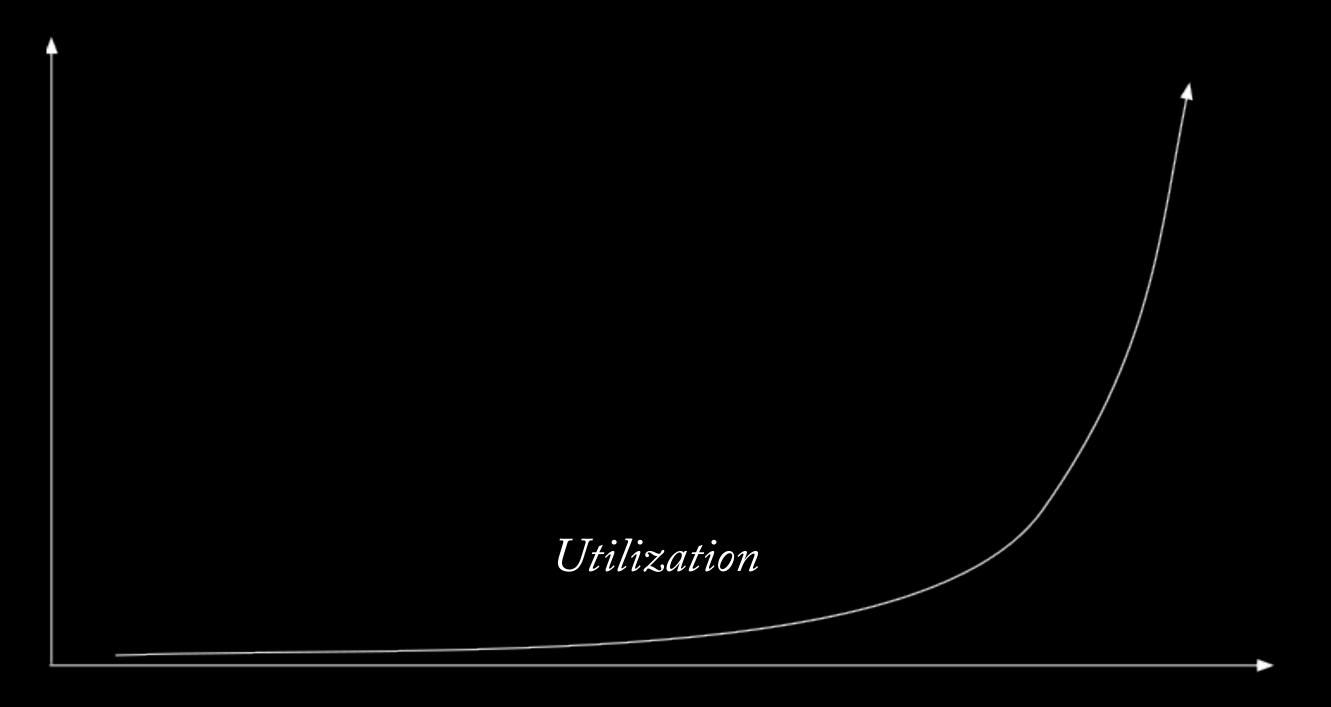






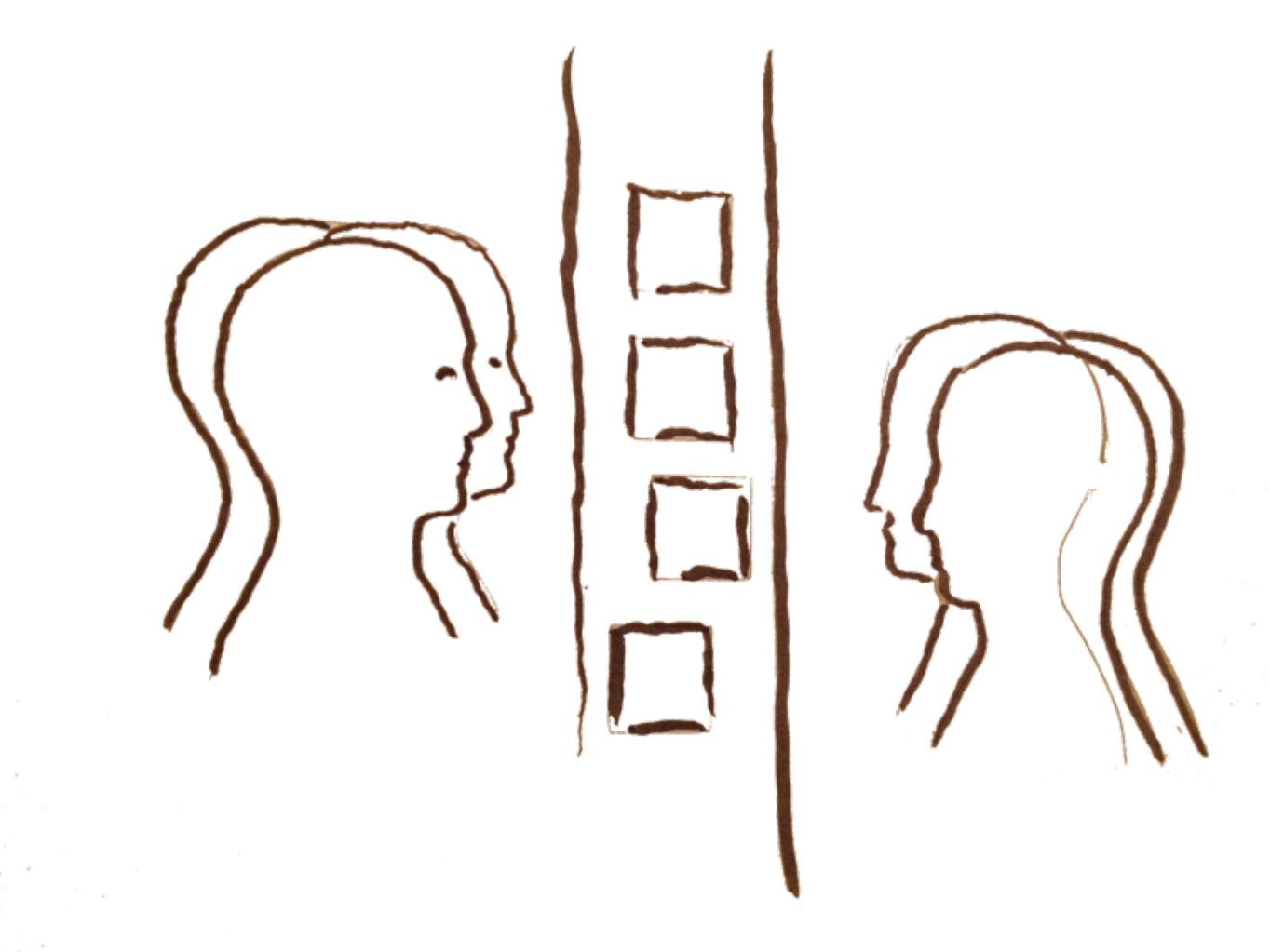
Time it takes to finish a job is equal to the average number of jobs in the system divided by the processing rate

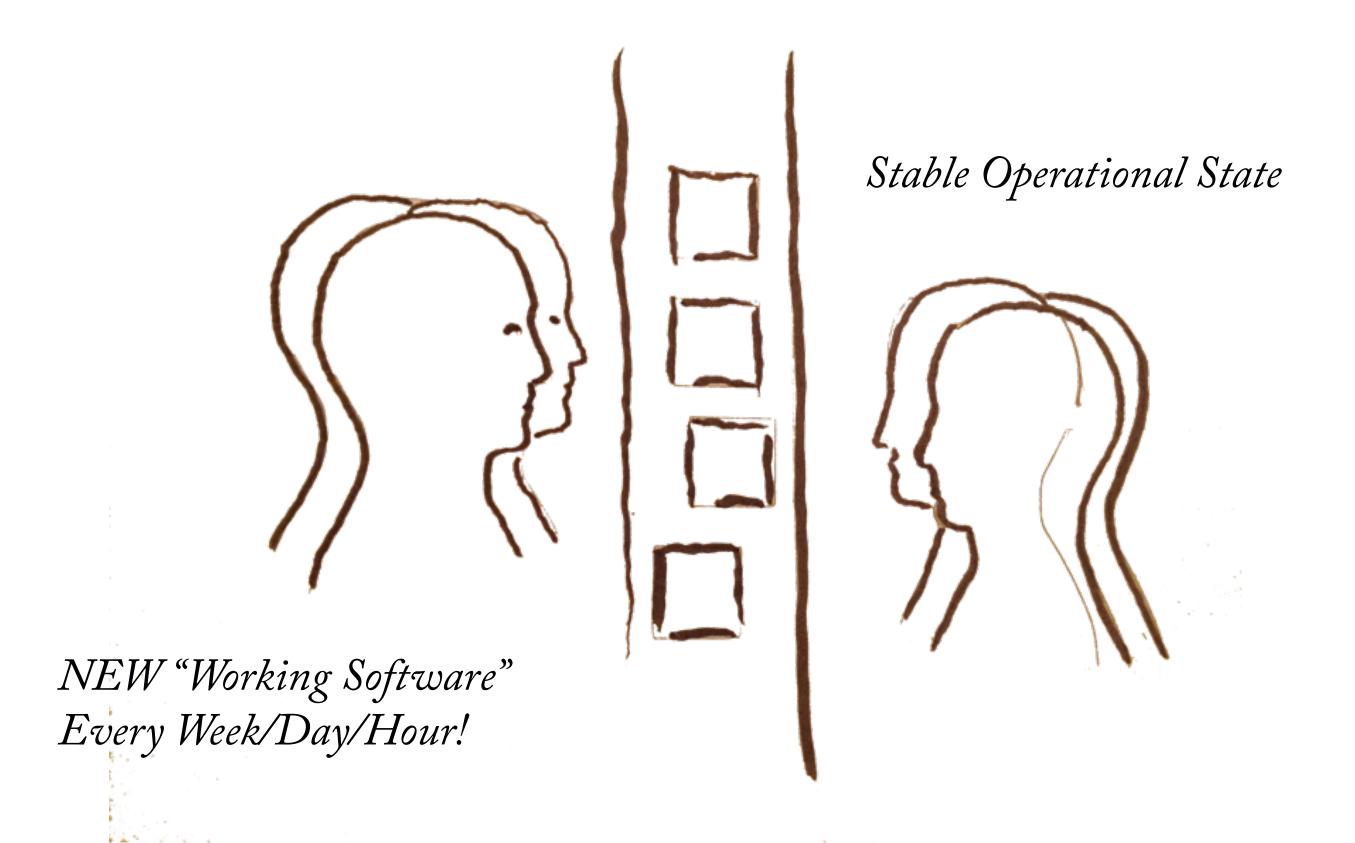
The Effect of Utilization





Approach Avoidance





POLICY WALL



Errors Cause Cycle Time to Lengthen

Critically... certain errors happen more frequently when tasks have long cycle times (repeat)

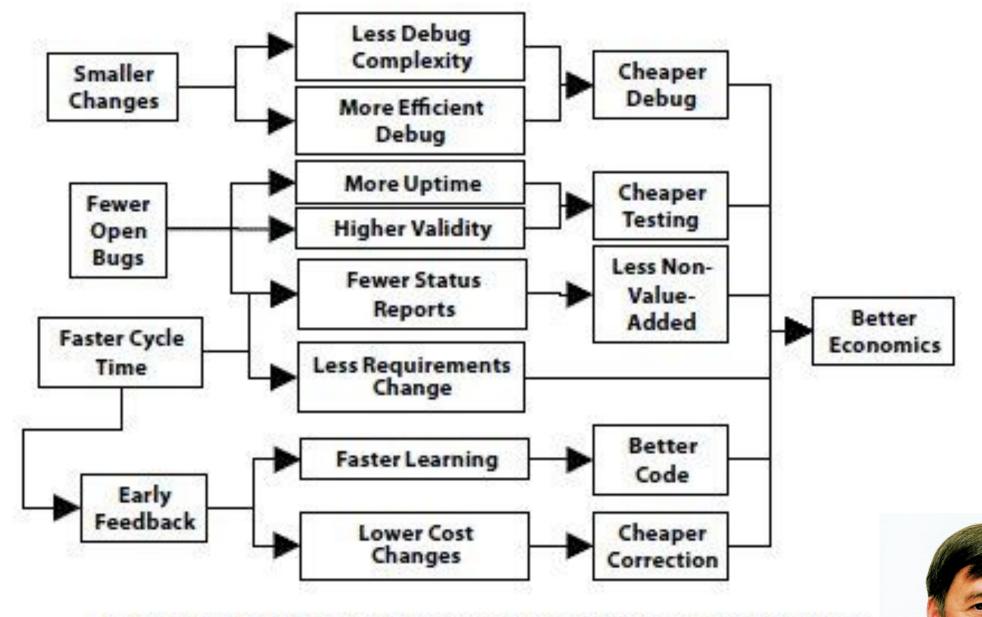


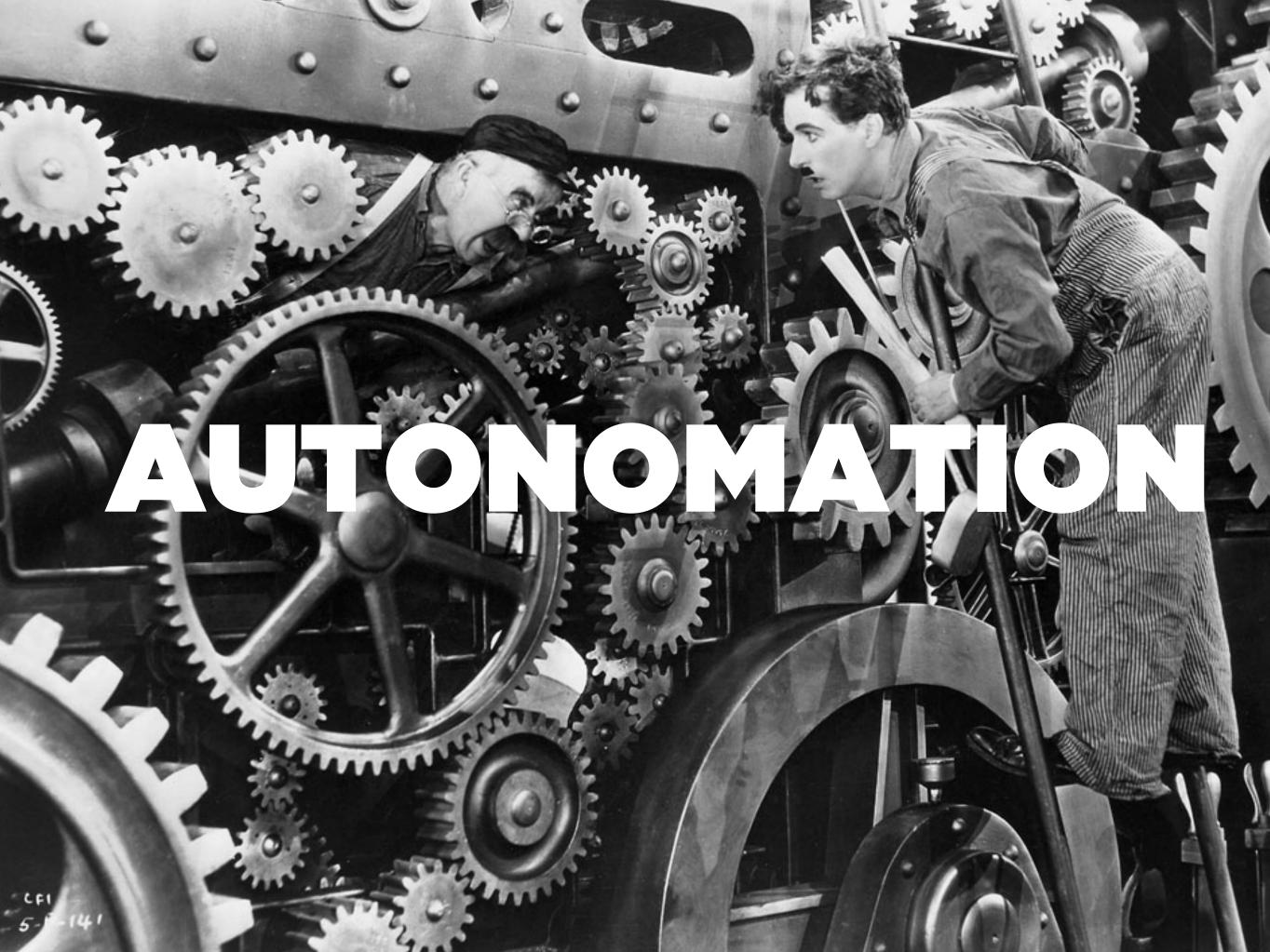
Figure 5-3 Smaller batch sizes produce a wide range of benefits.

The impact on overall economics is surprisingly large.

The Lean Polht

What Should We Expect To See?





Understanding Increments vs Iterations

WHOLE SOLUTIONS

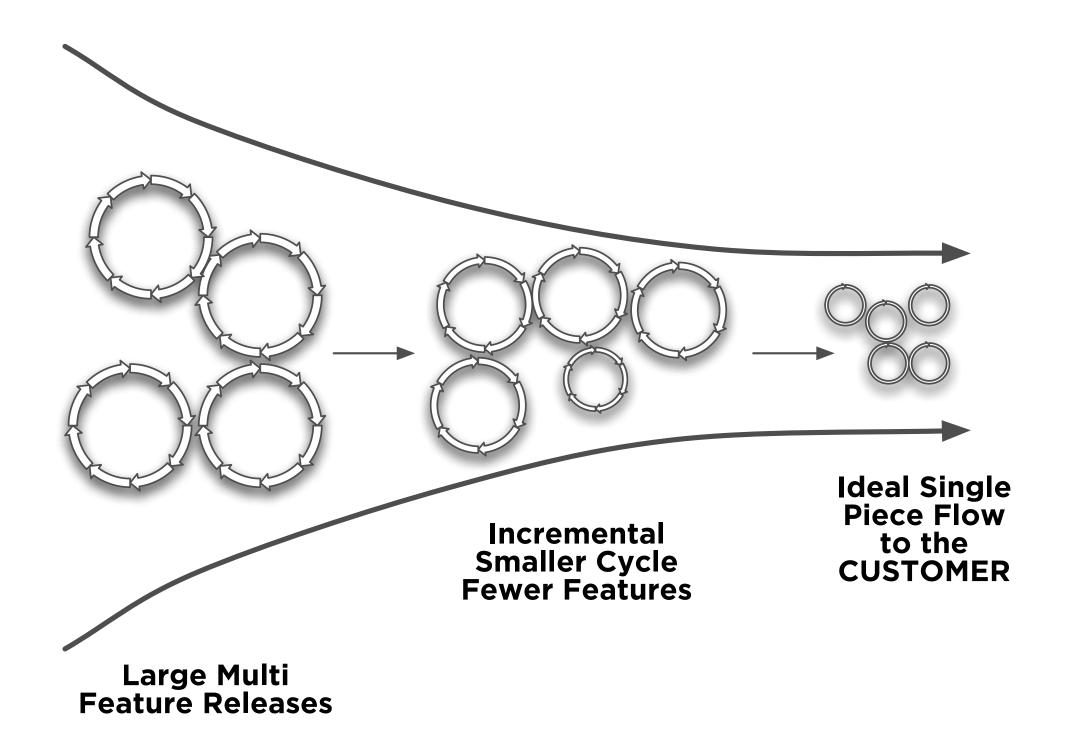


Understanding Risk as Not Enough Information" instead of Not Enough Time/Money"



Focus on Reduction of Cycle Time as a Method for Mitigating Risk





Engagement in Problems thru Safe to Fail Experiments

1)istributed and Diverse Experimentation Directly with (Justomers



Managers (must) adapt to the ambiguity of flatter organizations in which bureaucratic chains of command were replaced by networks of negotiated influence.

-Ronald Burt



Manifesto for Agile Software Development

We are uncovering better ways of developing software by doing it and helping others do it. Through this work we have come to value:

Individuals and interactions over processes and tools
Working software over comprehensive documentation
Customer collaboration over contract negotiation
Responding to change over following a plan

That is, while there is value in the items on the right, we value the items on the left more.

Kent Beck
Mike Beedle
Arie van Bennekum
Alistair Cockburn
Ward Cunningham
Martin Fowler

James Grenning
Jim Highsmith
Andrew Hunt
Ron Jeffries
Jon Kern
Brian Marick

Robert C. Martin Steve Mellor Ken Schwaber Jeff Sutherland Dave Thomas

Suggestions for more Humane Work

We are working together to explore ways of creating value with customers while leaving the world a bit better than the way we found it.

Through these explorations we have come to value:

Asking how is *Process* effecting *Outcome*?

Understanding Why

Working with others

Being in control of our work

Understanding the Nature of our Work



Understanding Why

Narrative of my Work
What is the Problem?
What is the CONTEXT?
Distributed Decisions



Working with others

Understanding the work of others

Understanding where our work comes from and goes to



Being in control of our work

The Size of the work is a DESIGN Decision

The amount of work in the system is a DESIGN

Decision

Knowledge ROTS... Just-in-Time planning
Humans in control means the Software isn't... Reduce
Technical Debt



Understanding the Nature of our Work

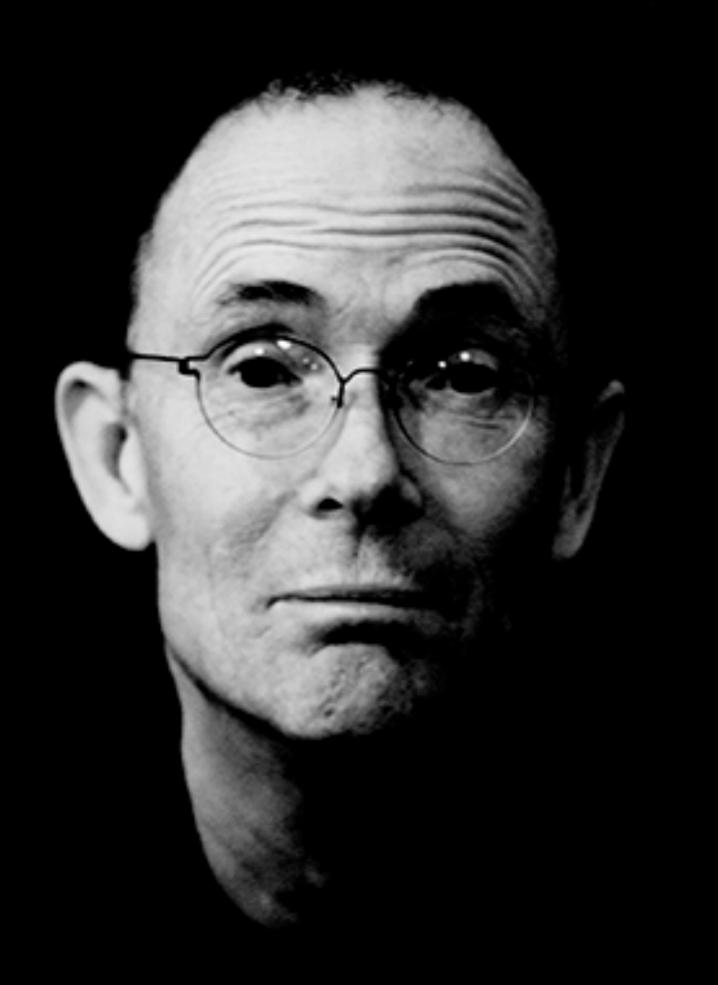
Understand the Problem... Understand the Problem... Understand the Problem...

Being Less Dogmatic

Designing Work and Processes for our Context

The work is MORE THAN the Artifacts





The future is already here — it's just not very evenly distributed.

-William Gibson

There are moral and ethical consequences of instantiating these futures in the wider world.

Leave the world a bit better than the way you found it.

OPRAXISFLOW

Thanks.

JABE BLOOM

Chief Flow Officer

jabe.bloom@praxisflow.com

praxisflow.com



Please evaluate this talk via the mobile app!



Engage

