

The Database as a Value

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What is Datomic?

- A new database
- Bringing data power into the application
- A sound model of information, with time
- Enabled by architectural and capacity advances

Complexity



Out of the Tar Pit

Moseley and Marks (2006)

- Complexity caused by state and control
- Close the loop process

Information

• Inform

- 'to convey knowledge via facts'
- 'give shape to (the mind)'
- Information
 - the facts

DB Complexity

- Stateful, inextricably
- Same query, different results
 - no basis
- Over there
- 'Update' poorly defined
 - Places

Basis

- Calculation and decision making: may involve multiple components may visit a component more than once
- Broken by simultaneous change

Update

- What does update mean?
- Does the new replace the old?
- Granularity? new _____ replace the old _____
- Visibility?

Manifestations

- Wrong programs
- Scaling problems
- Round-trip fears
- Fear of overloading server
- Coupling, e.g. questions with reporting

The Choices

- Coordination
 - how much, and where?
 - process requires it
 - perception shouldn't
- Immutability
 - sine qua non

Coming to Terms

Value

 An <u>immutable</u> magnitude, quantity, number... or immutable composite thereof

Identity

 A putative entity we associate with a series of causally related values (states) over time

State

• Value of an identity at a moment in time

Time

• Relative before/after ordering of causal values



Implementing Values

- Persistent data structures
- Trees
- Structural sharing







Database State

- The database as an expanding value
 - An accretion of facts
 - The past doesn't change immutable
- Process requires new space
- Fundamental move away from places

Accretion

- Root per transaction doesn't work
 - Crossing processes and time
 - Can't convey/find/maintain roots
 - Can't do global GC
- Instead, latest values include past as well
 - The past is sub-range
- Important for information model

Facts

- Fact 'an event or thing known to have happened or existed'
 - From: factum 'something done'
 - Must include time
- Remove structure (a la RDF)
- Atomic Datom
 - Entity/Attribute/Value/Transaction

Process

Reified

- Primitive representation of novelty
 - Assertions and retractions of facts
 - Minimal
- Other transformations expand into those

Implementation

Deconstruction



• Process

• Perception/Reaction

- Transactions
 - mansactions
- Indexing
- exing
- 0

• Indexes

• Query

• I

State

- Must be organized to support query
- Sorted set of facts
- Maintaining sort live in storage bad
 - BigTable mem + storage merge
 - occasional merge into storage
 - persistent trees



Perception



Datomic Architecture



Memory Index

- Persistent sorted set
- Large internal nodes
- Pluggable comparators
- 2 sorts always maintained
 - EAVT, AEVT
- plus AVET, VAET

Storage

- Log of tx asserts/retracts (in tree)
- Various covering indexes (trees)
- Storage requirements
 - Data segment values (K->V)
 - atoms (consistent read)
 - pods (conditional put)

What's in a DBValue?





Process

- Assert/retract can't express transformation
- Transaction function:
 - (f db & args) -> tx-data
- tx-data: assert|retract|(tx-fn args...)
- Expand/splice until all assert/retracts

Process Expansion



Transactor

- Accepts transactions
 - Expands, applies, logs, broadcasts
- Periodic indexing, in background
- Indexing creates garbage
 - Storage GC

Peers

- Peers directly access storage service
- Have own query engine
- Have live mem index and merging
- Two-tier cache
 - Segments (on/off heap)
 - Datoms w/object values (on heap)

DB Simplicity

- Epochal state
 - Coordination only for process
- Same query, same results
 - stable bases
- Transactions well defined
 - Functional accretion

Other Benefits

- Communicable, recoverable basis
- Freedom to relocate/scale storage, query
- Time travel db.asOf, db.since, db.aslf
 - Queries comparing times
- Process events

The Database as a Value

- Dramatically less complex
- More powerful
- More scalable
- Better information model



Thanks for Listening!