

Resilient Predictive Data Pipelines

Sid Anand (@r39132)

GOTO Chicago 2016

About Me

Work [ed | s] @



Co-Chair for

Committer &
PPMC on



Report to



Motivation

Why is a Data Pipeline talk in this Always Available Track?

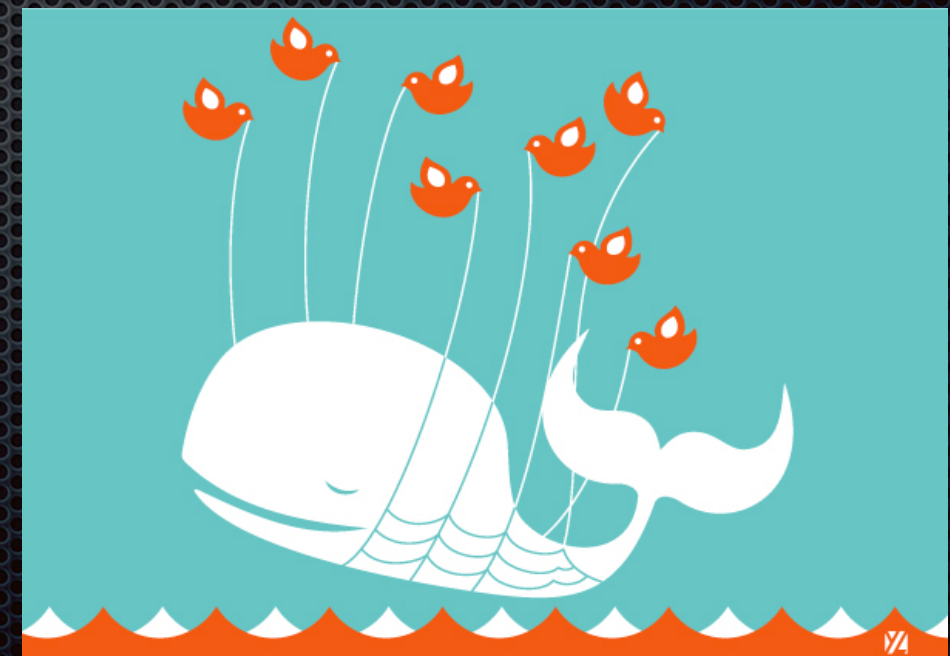
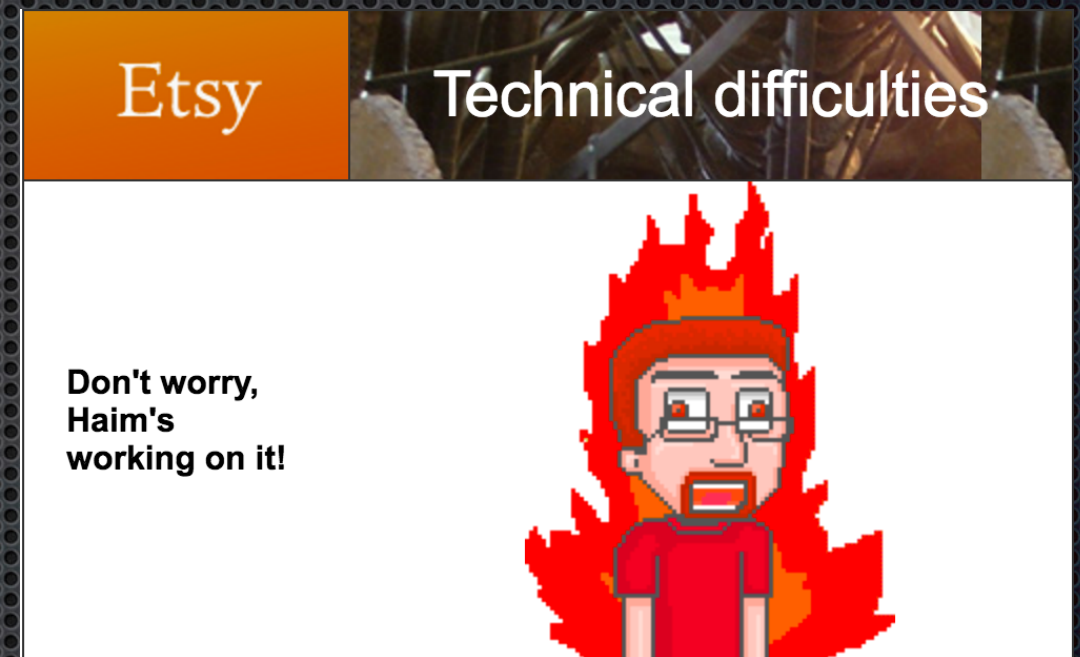
Motivation

Always On work has traditionally focused on the availability of **Serving Systems** :

- Synchronous or Semi-Synchronous
- Often Transactional
- Latency-sensitive

HA Goals of Serving Systems

Outages are Big News Items!



And sometimes your failures become your brand!



Motivation

Always On work has traditionally focused on the availability of **Serving Systems** :

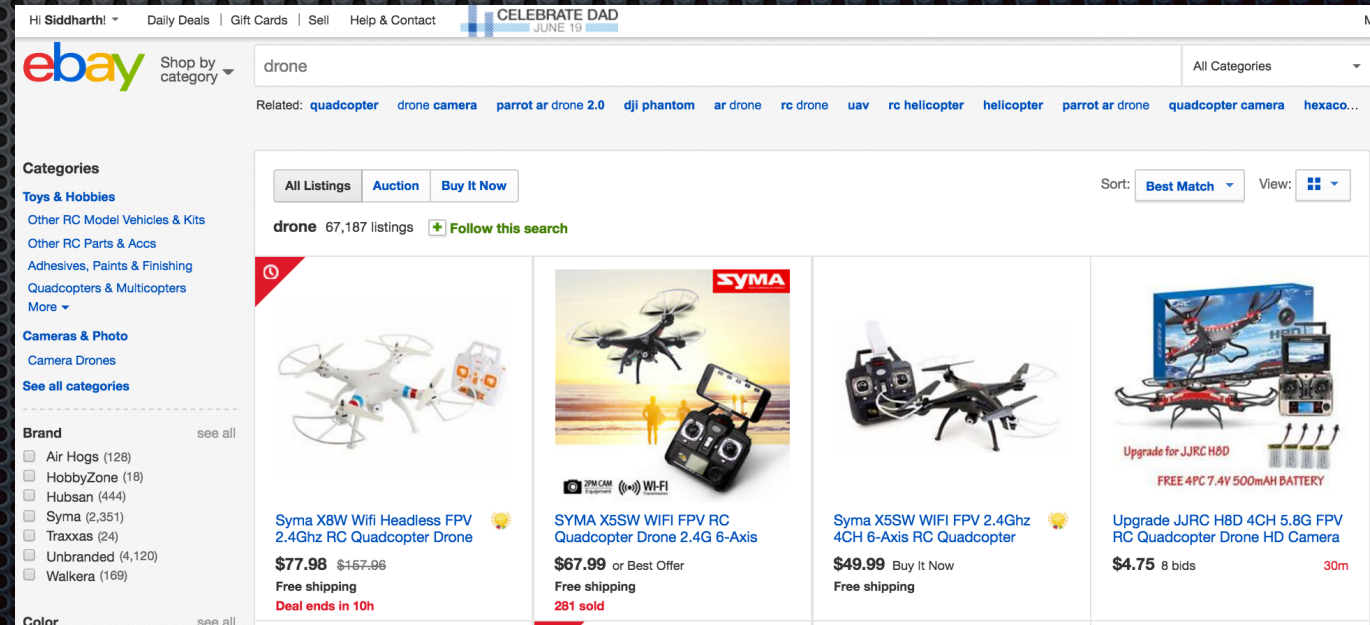
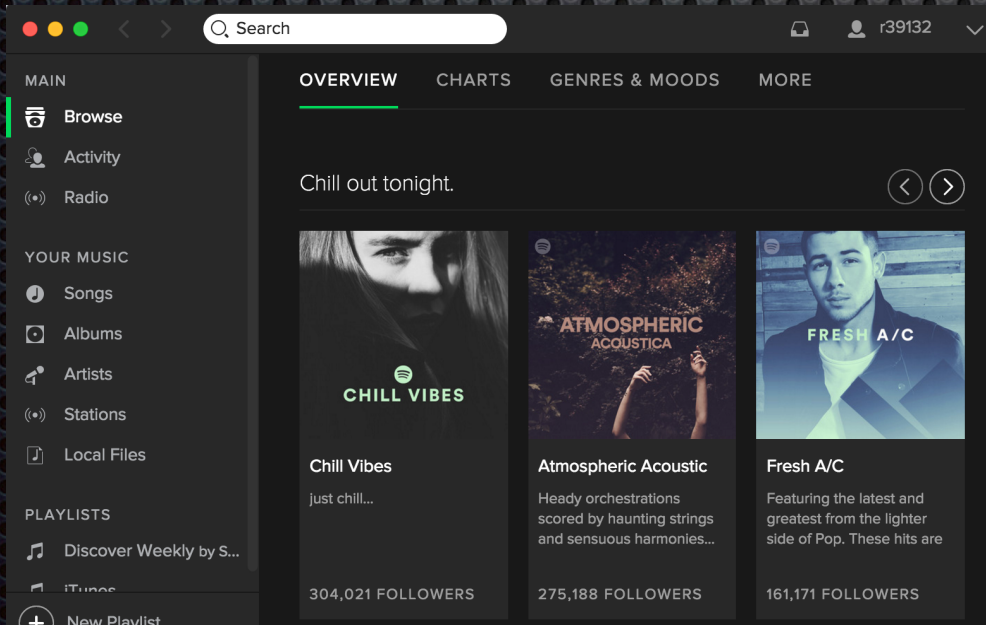
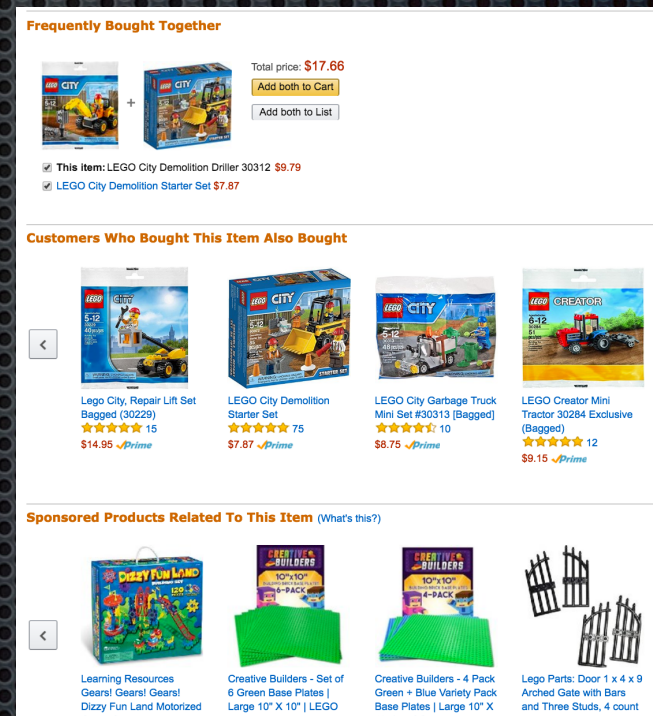
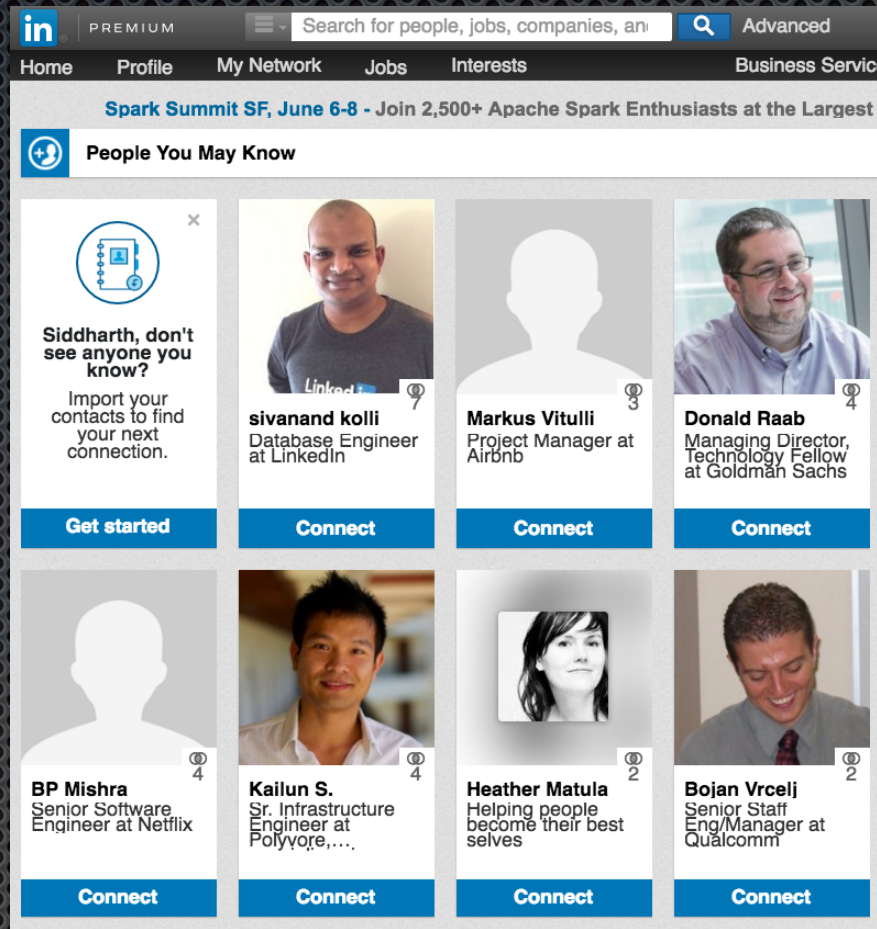
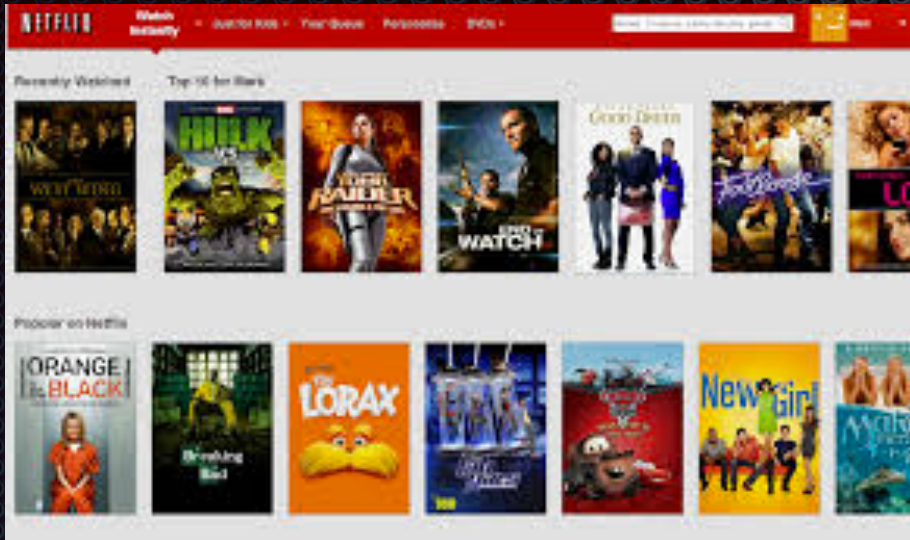
- Synchronous or Semi-Synchronous
- Often Transactional
- Latency-sensitive

Motivation

Arguably, the more valuable parts of online services are driven by **Data Flow Systems (a.k.a. Data Pipelines)**:

- Asynchronous
- Throughput-sensitive

Data Products



Serving + Data Pipelines

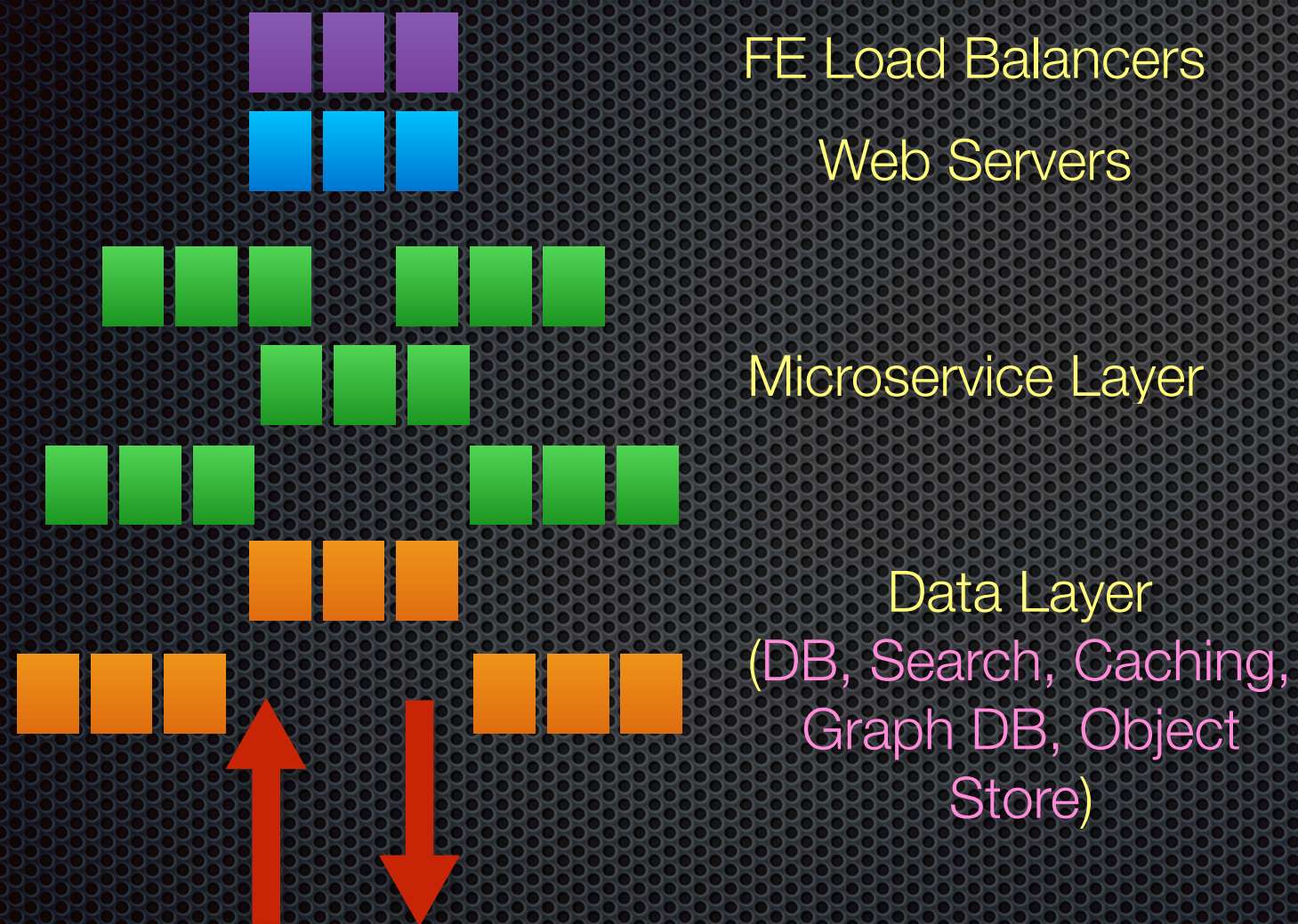
A business's viability is based on its ability to

- keep the site up (Always-On Serving Architectures) &
- maintain engagement (views & clicks) with customers (Always-On Data Pipelines)

This talk is about Always On Data Pipelines!

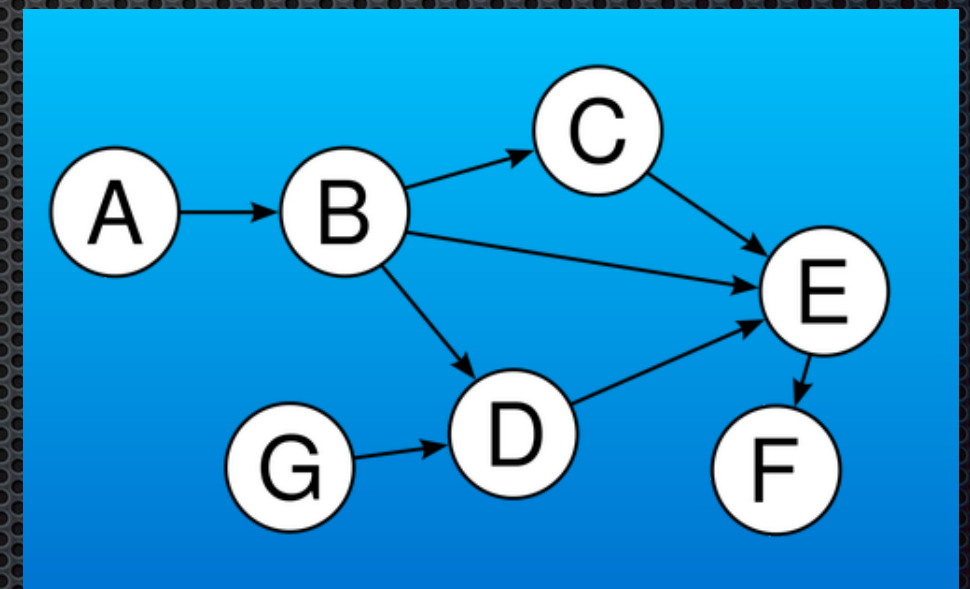
Serving + Data Pipelines

Serving



Data Pipeline

DAGs + Scheduler + Distributed Computation Engine



Data Integration Layer

Data Pipeline Challenges

Data Pipeline Challenges

Problem 1 : The Blast Radius Problem



The Blast Radius Problem



- A developer introduces a bug in Data Pipeline **Job 1**
- Data Pipeline **Job 1** reads **Data A** & writes **Data B**

The Blast Radius Problem



- A developer introduces a bug in Data Pipeline **Job 1**
- Data Pipeline **Job 1** reads **Data A** & writes **Data B**
- Data Pipeline **Job 2** reads **Data B** & writes **Data C**

The Blast Radius Problem



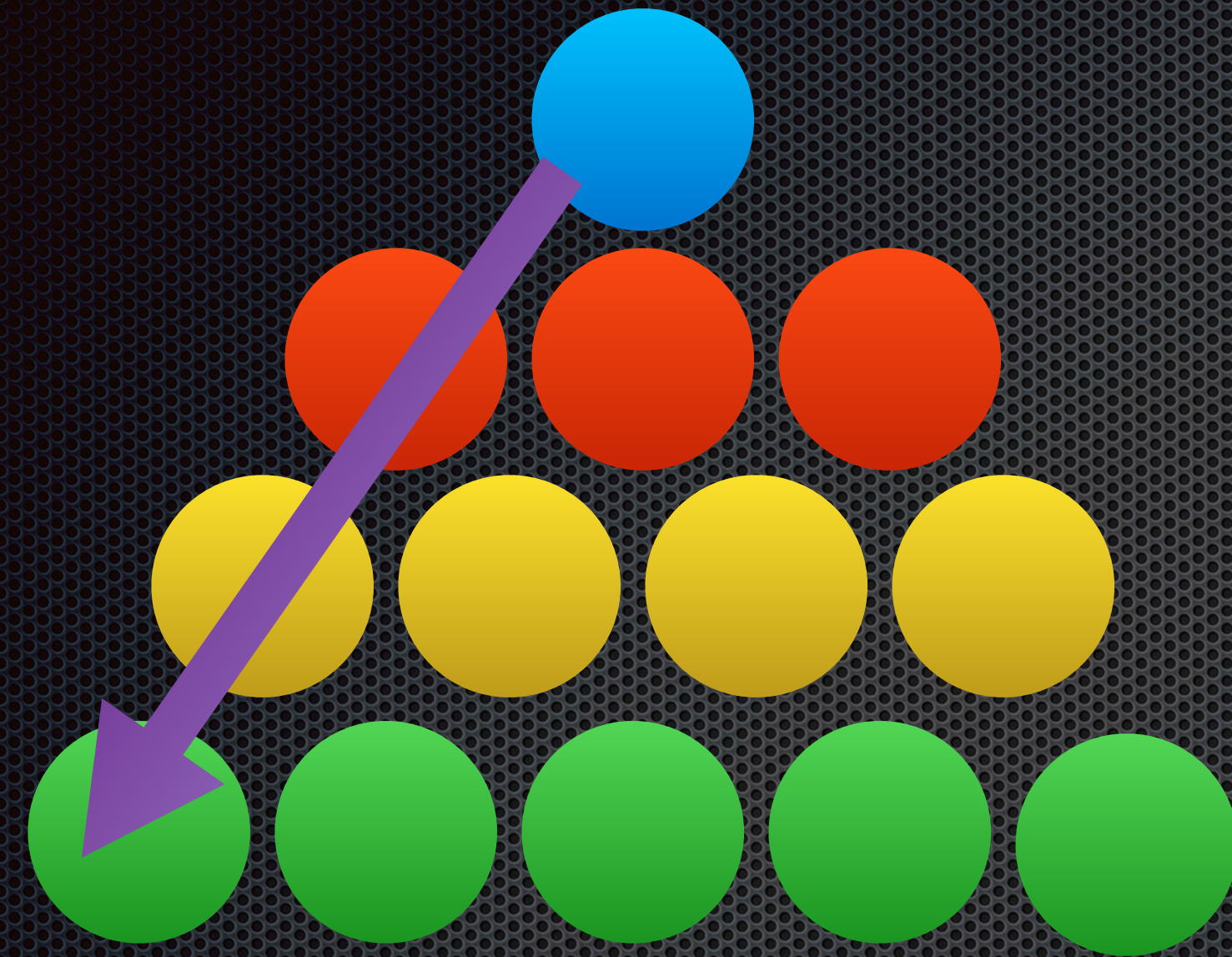
- A developer introduces a bug in Data Pipeline **Job 1**
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- Data Pipeline **Job 3** reads **Data C** & writes **Data D** to a Serving System DB

The Blast Radius Problem



- A developer introduces a bug in Data Pipeline **Job 1**
- Data Pipeline **Job 1** reads **Data A** & writes **Data B**
- Data Pipeline **Job 2** reads **Data B** & writes **Data C**
- Data Pipeline **Job 3** reads **Data C** & writes **Data D** to a Serving System DB
- **Serving System 4** reads **Data D**, where the bug is discovered!

The Blast Radius Problem

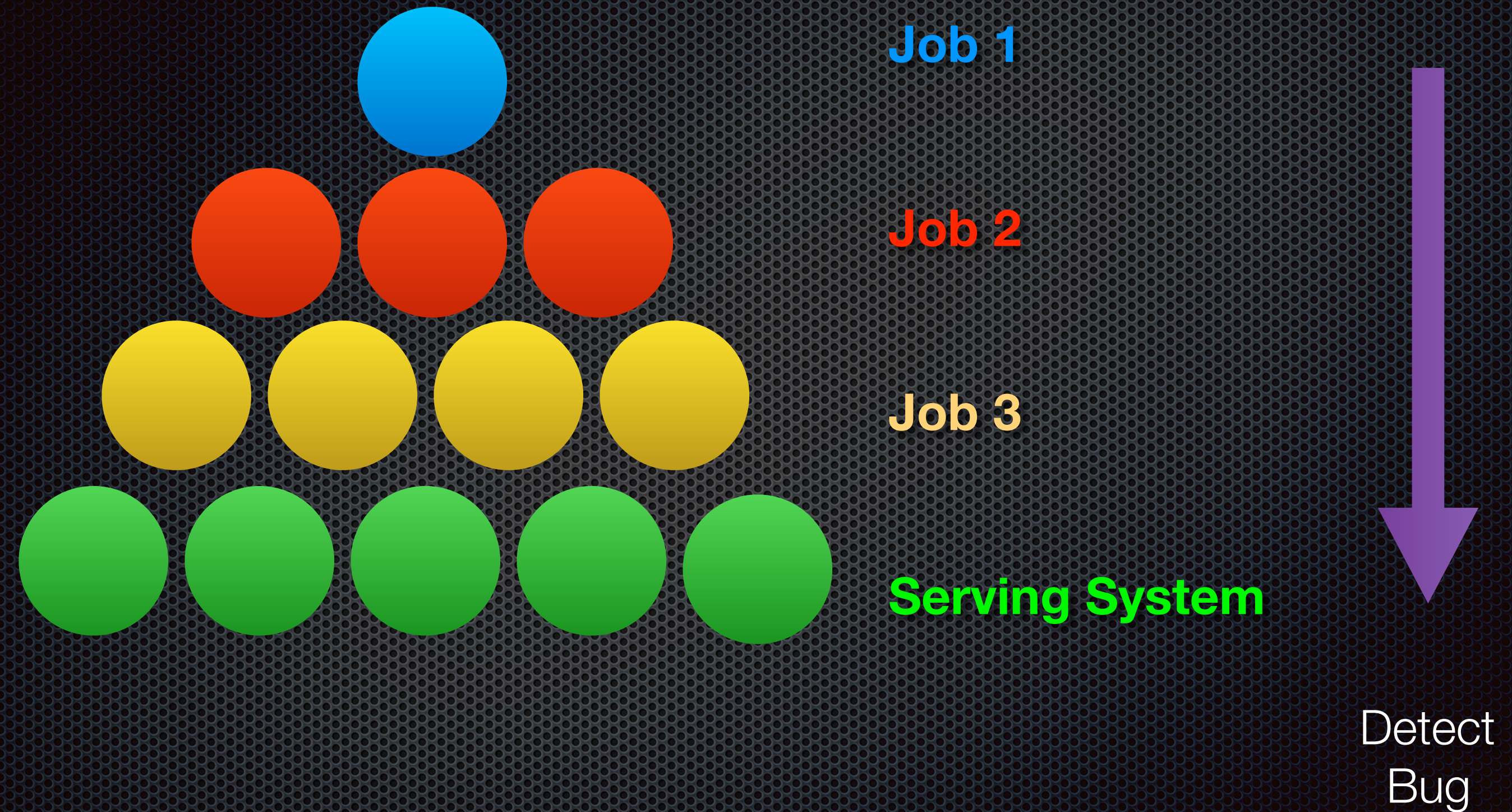


- The previous diagram only shows one path of a tree
- The reality is much worse
- For each data set produced, there are multiple consuming jobs and hence multiple bad downstream outputs

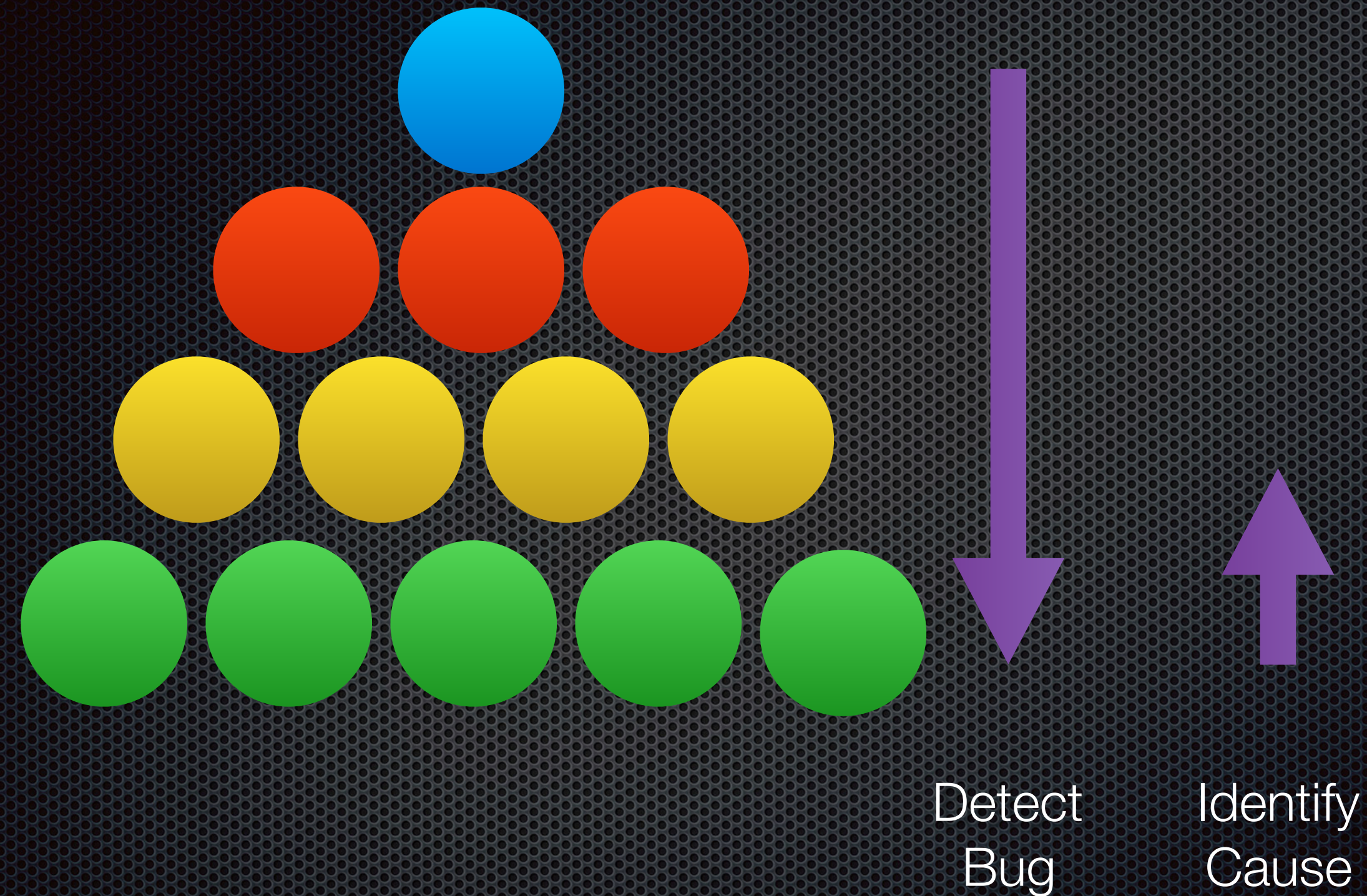
The Blast Radius Problem

An acute pain point

The Blast Radius Problem



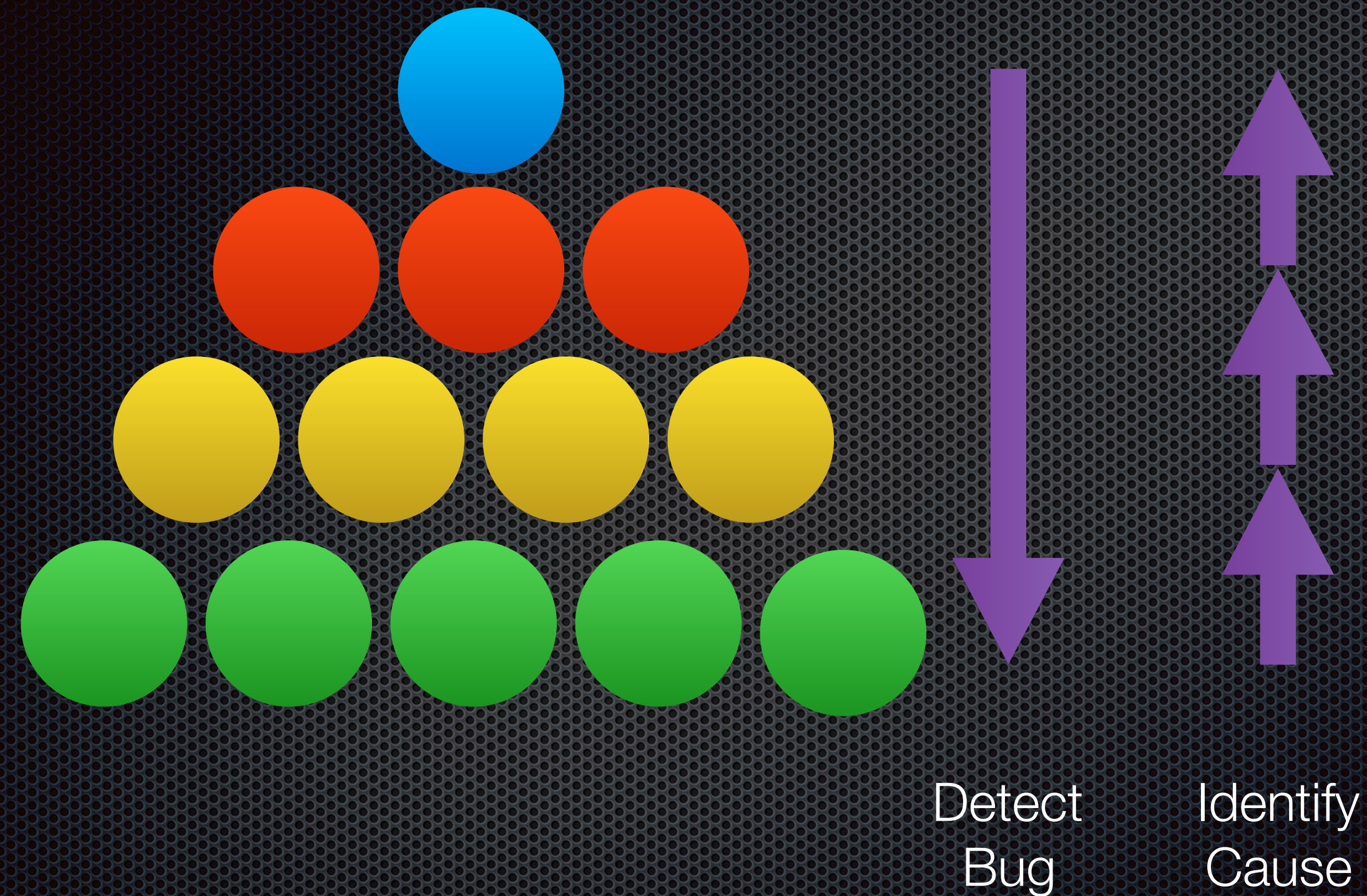
The Blast Radius Problem



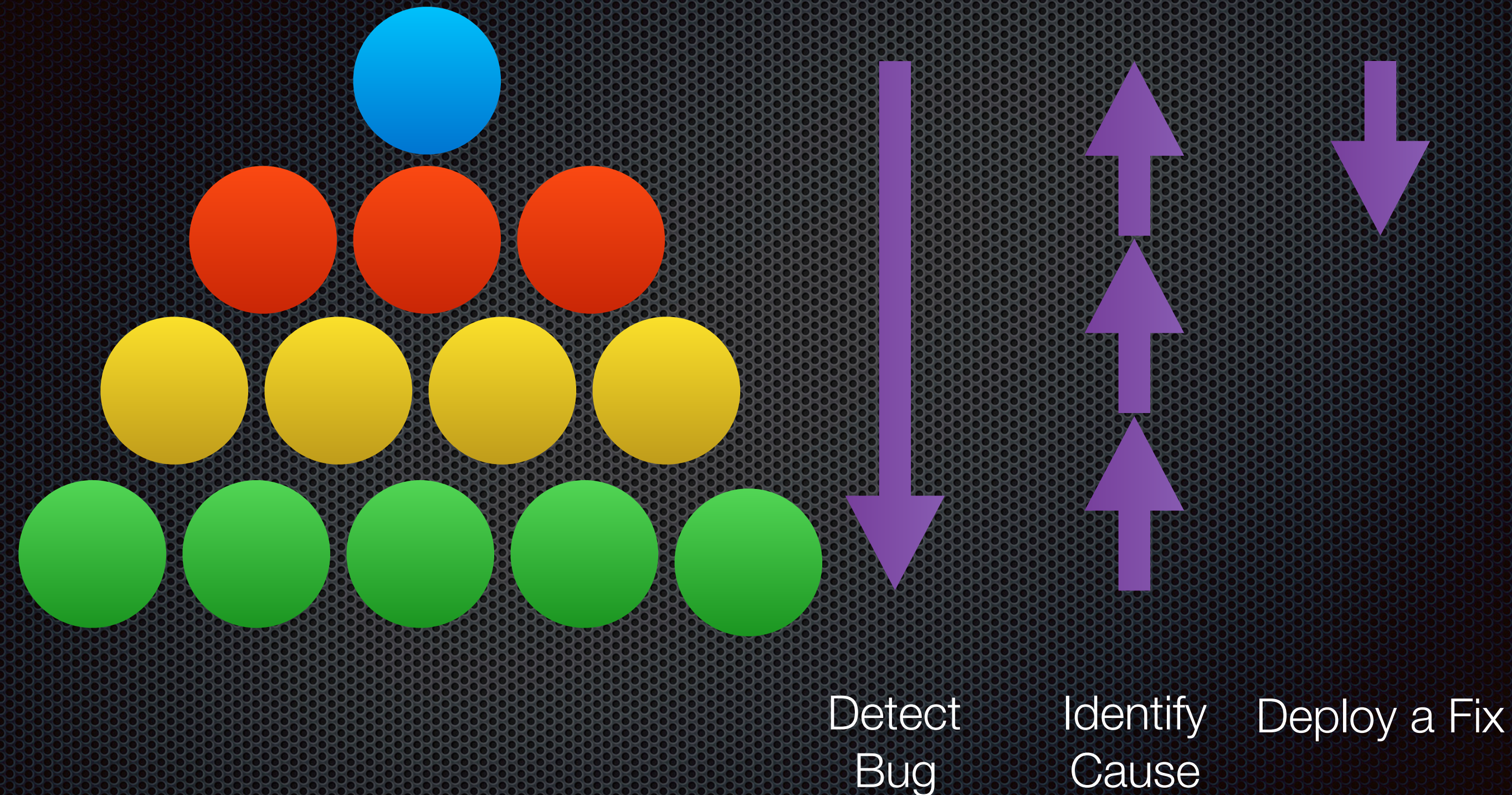
Identify Cause



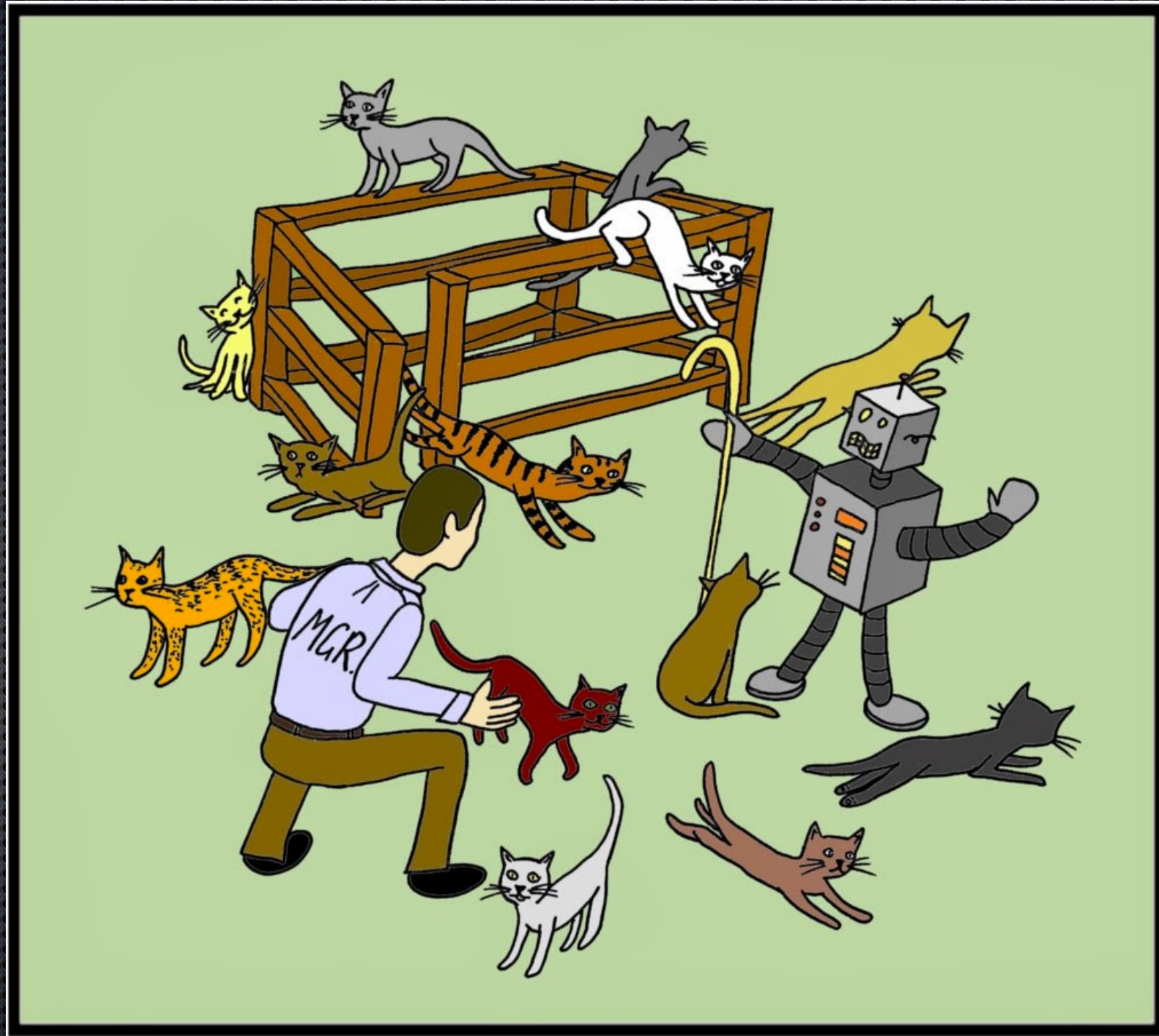
The Blast Radius Problem



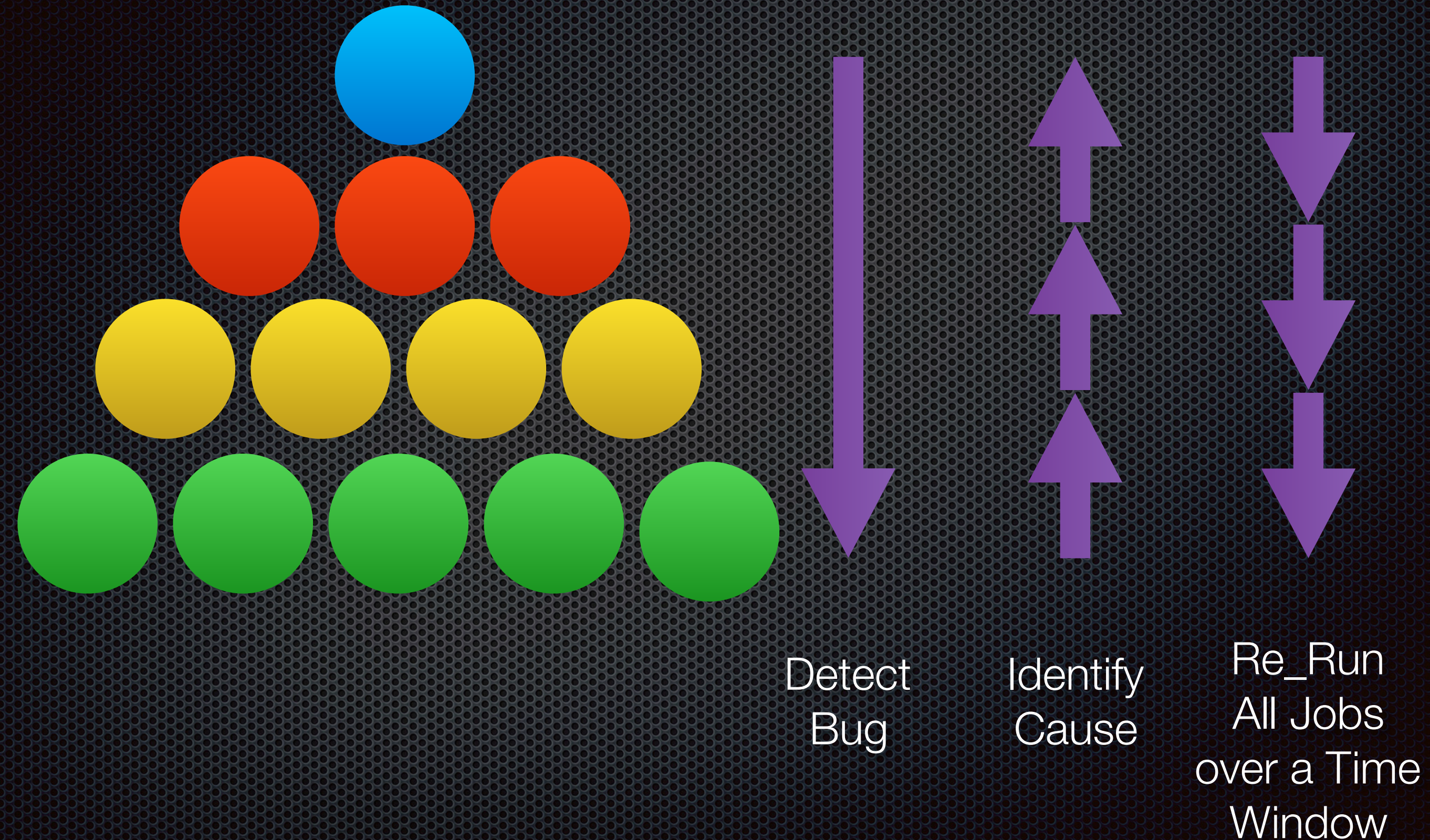
The Blast Radius Problem



Rollout a Fix & Rerun all Downstream Jobs in the Affected Time Window

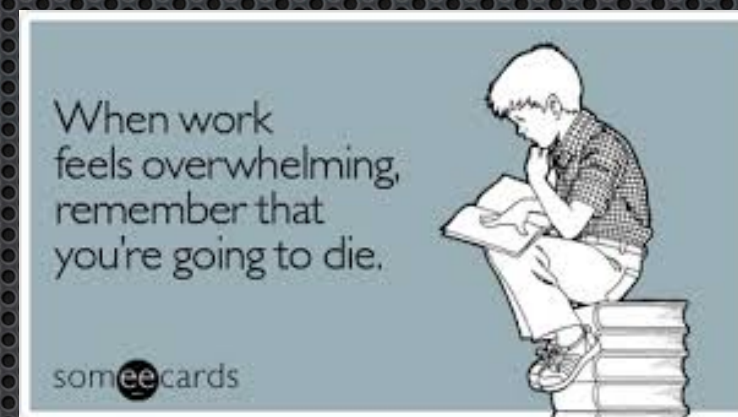
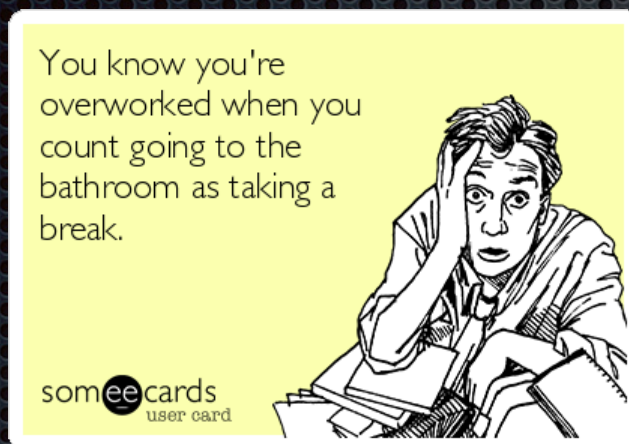


The Blast Radius Problem



Take Aways?

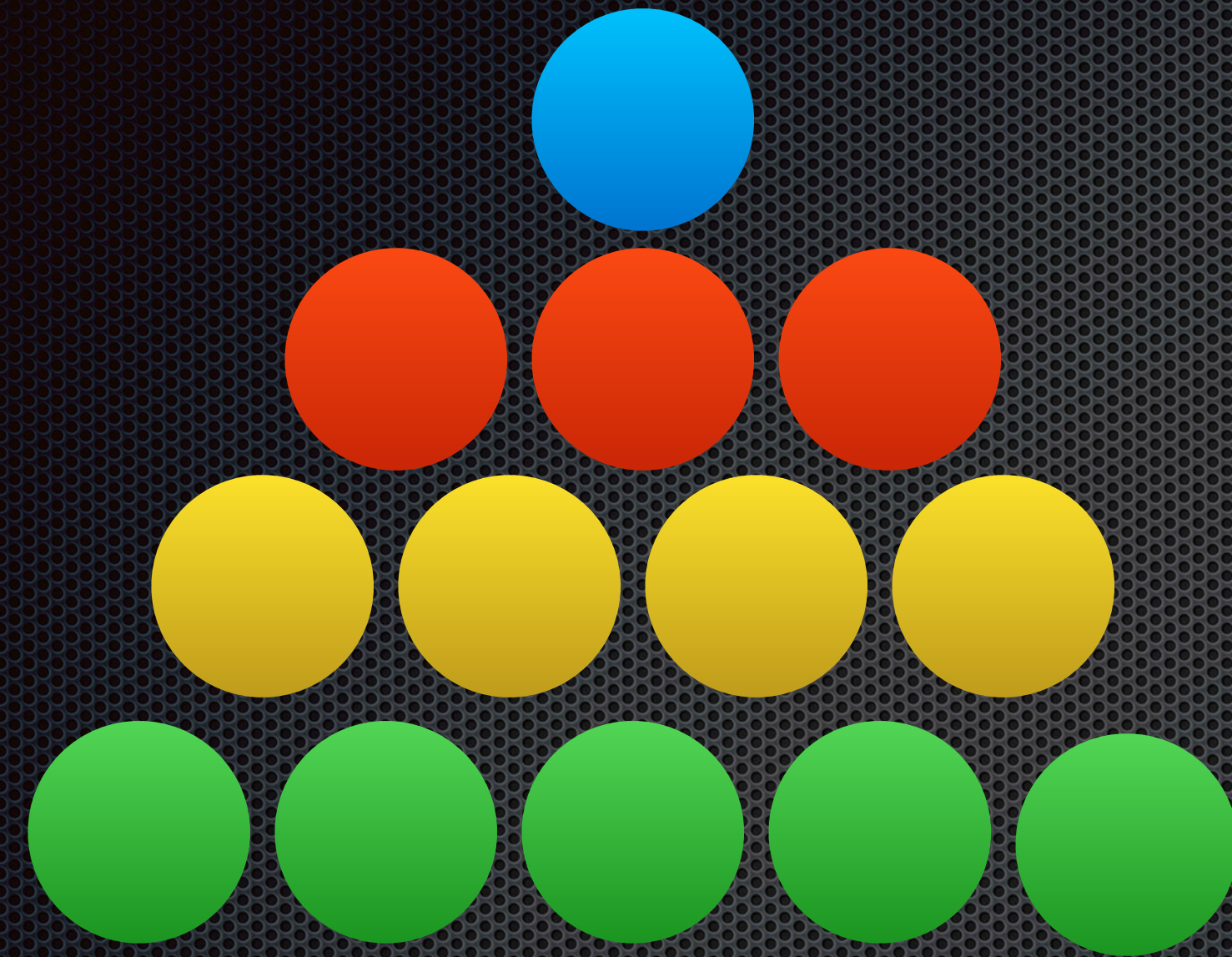
- The cost in people, time, and morale for a Data Pipeline bug is high and they can occur frequently.



- In most areas of software, testing is invaluable, less so in data pipelines
- Data Pipeline bugs can be due to a logic problem **or** bad input data!
- **Best Option** : Detect & Rollback/Fix Forward



The Blast Radius Solution



Detect
Bug

Identify
Cause

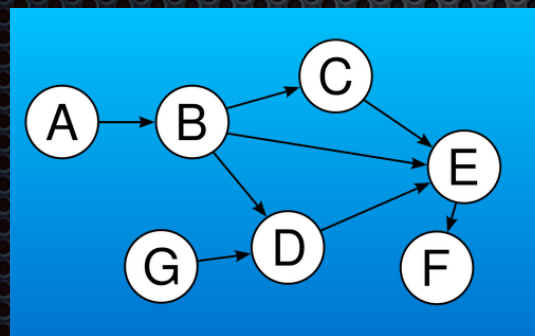
Re_Run
1 Job

Data Pipeline Challenges

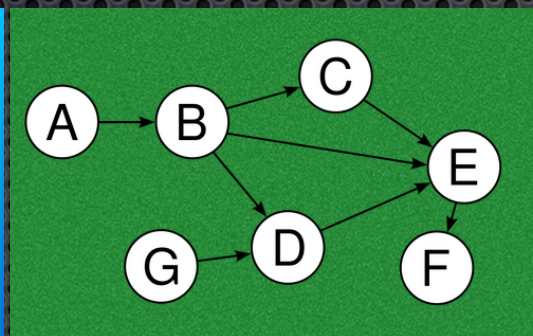
Timeliness

Timeliness

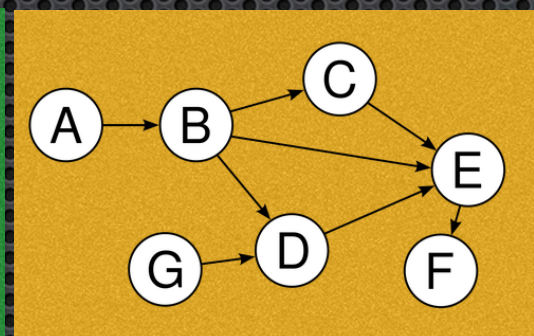
Definition : job = workflow = DAG of tasks



Job 1



Job 2

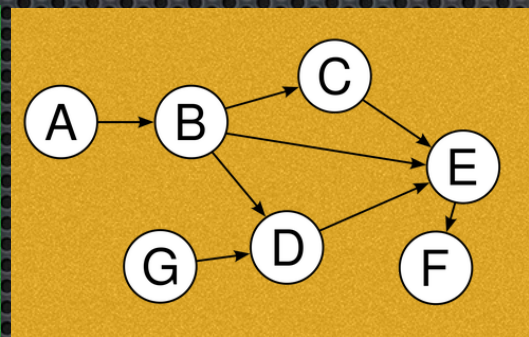
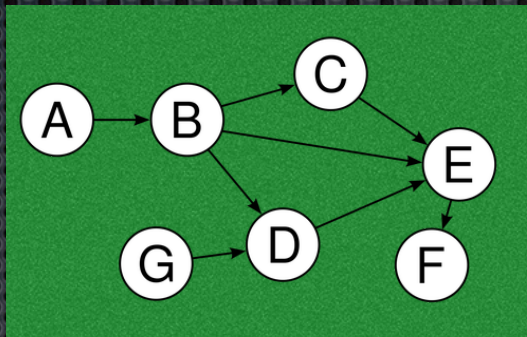
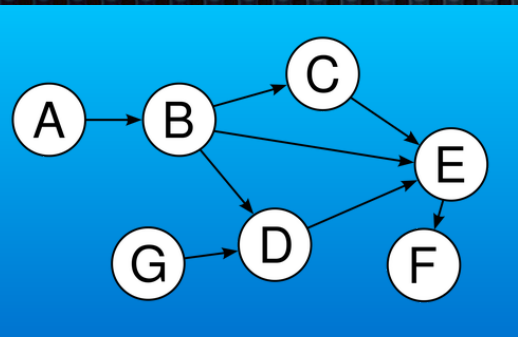


Job 3

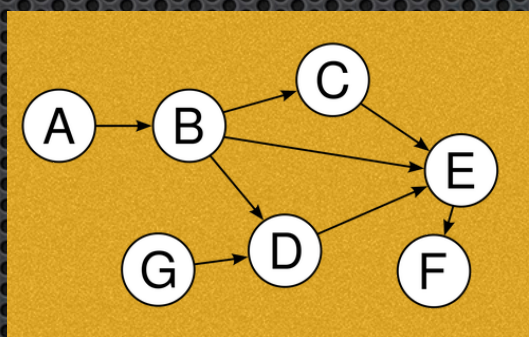
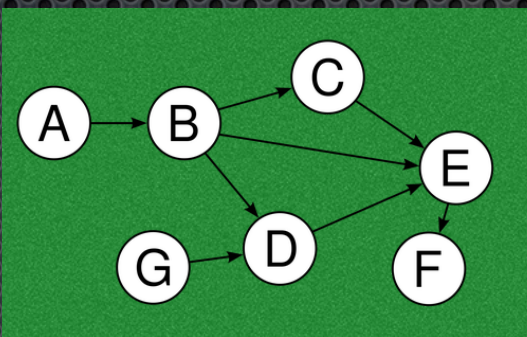
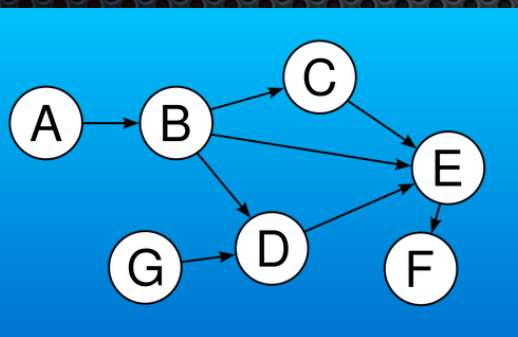
Job 3's output is
pushed to a
serving system

Timeliness

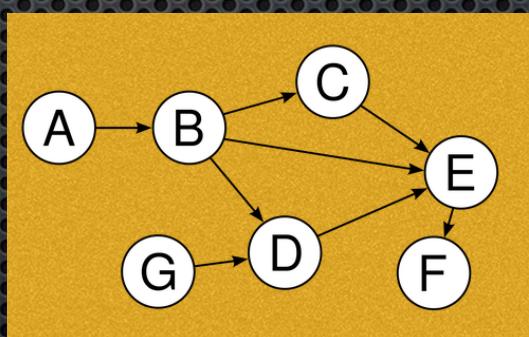
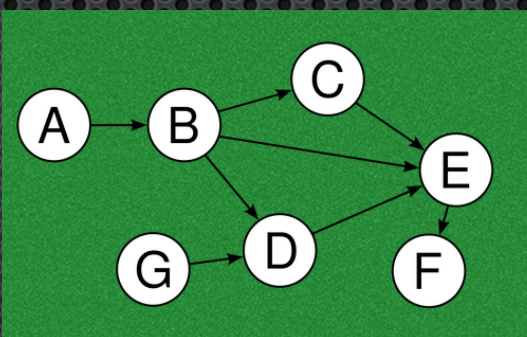
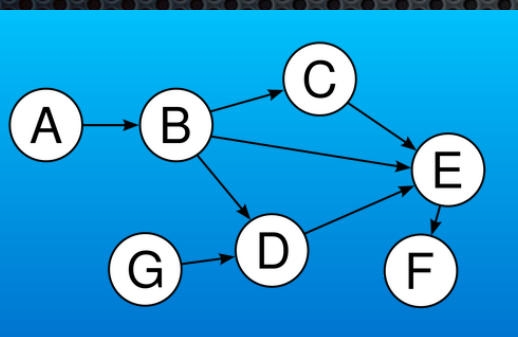
Consider the **Daily Run Schedule** below:



Run 1 : Monday



Run 2 : Tuesday



Run 3 : Wednesday

Timeliness

Run
6

Run 4

Run 5



Within Time SLA

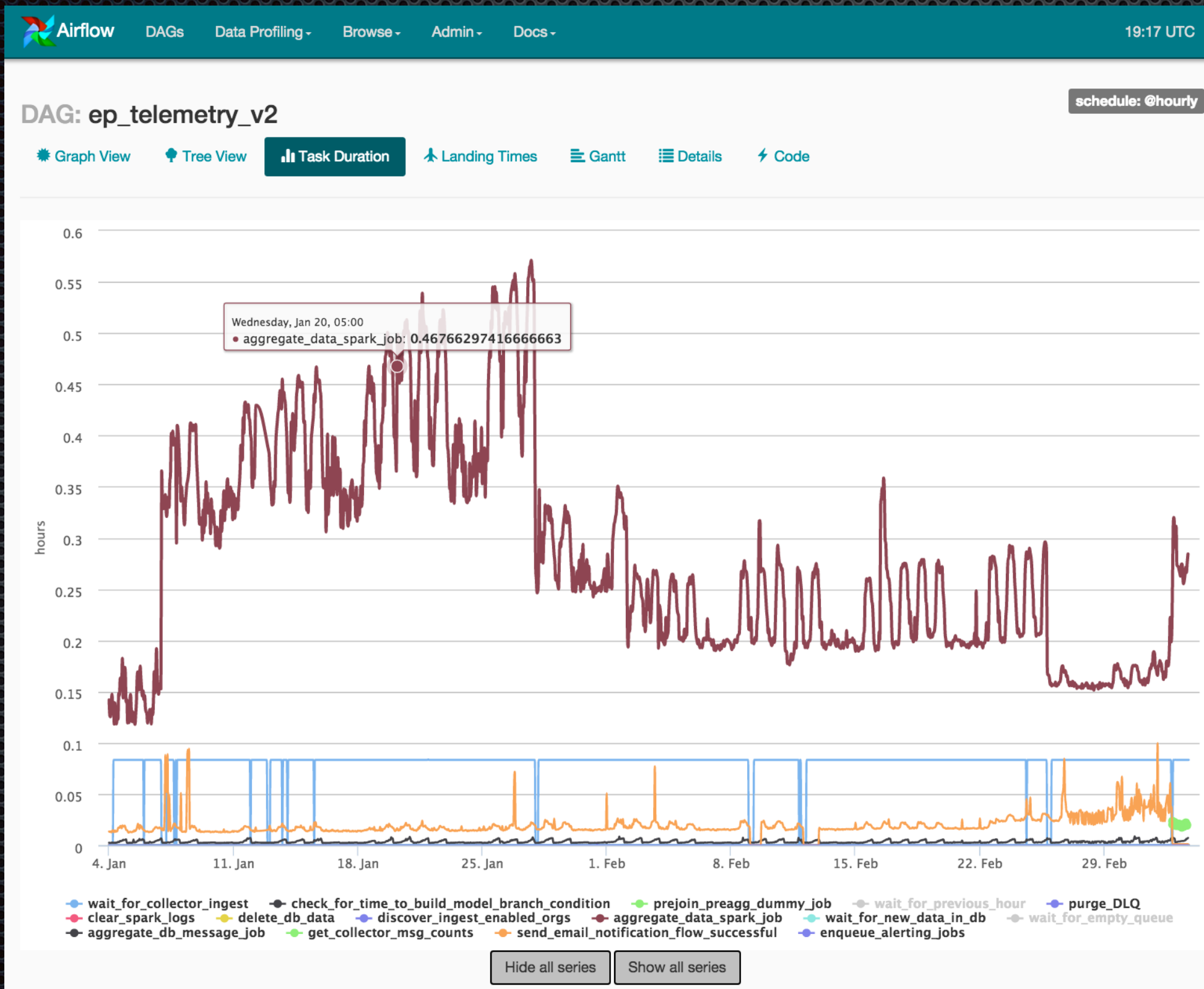
OUT

Timeliness

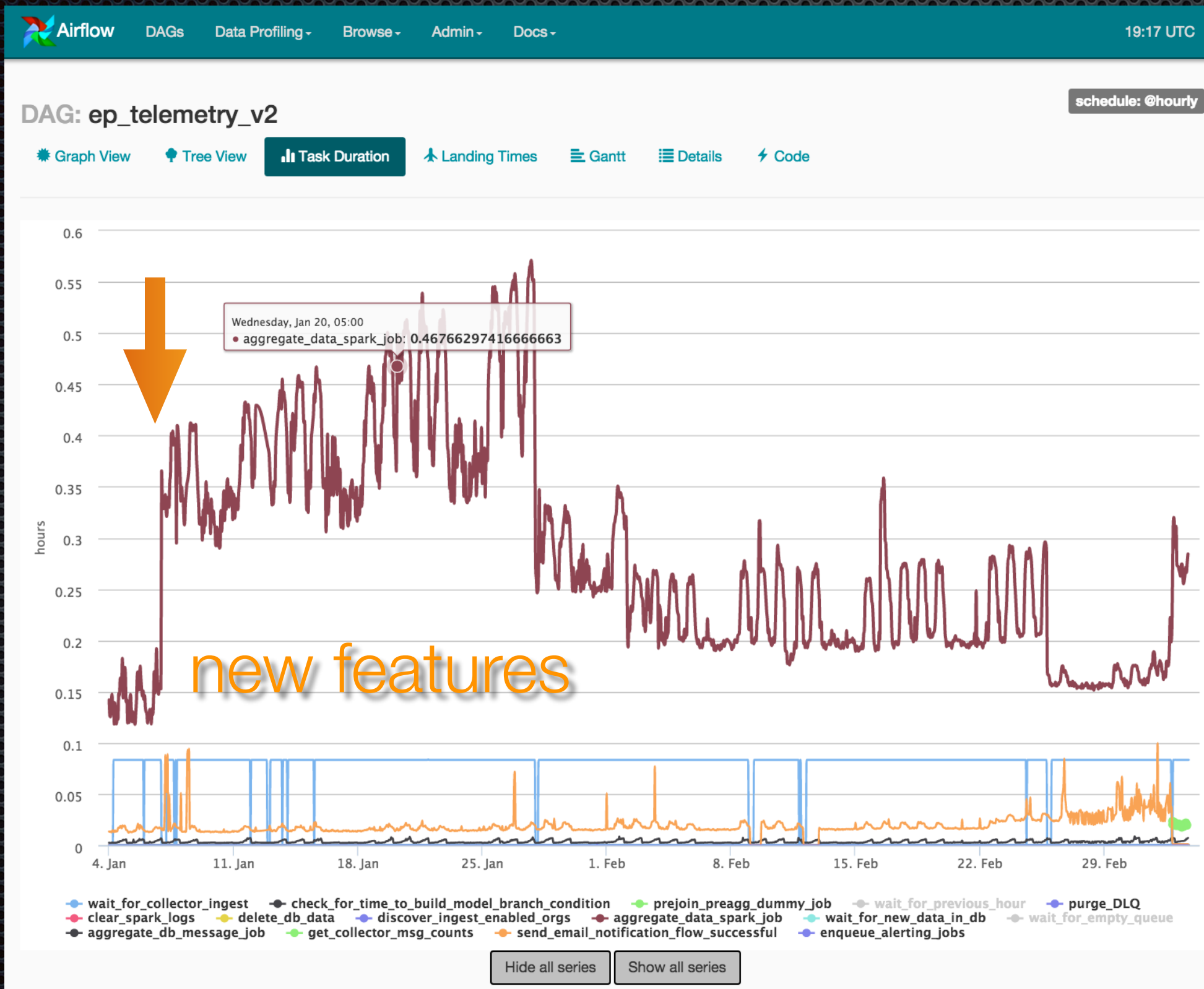
Why do jobs get slower?



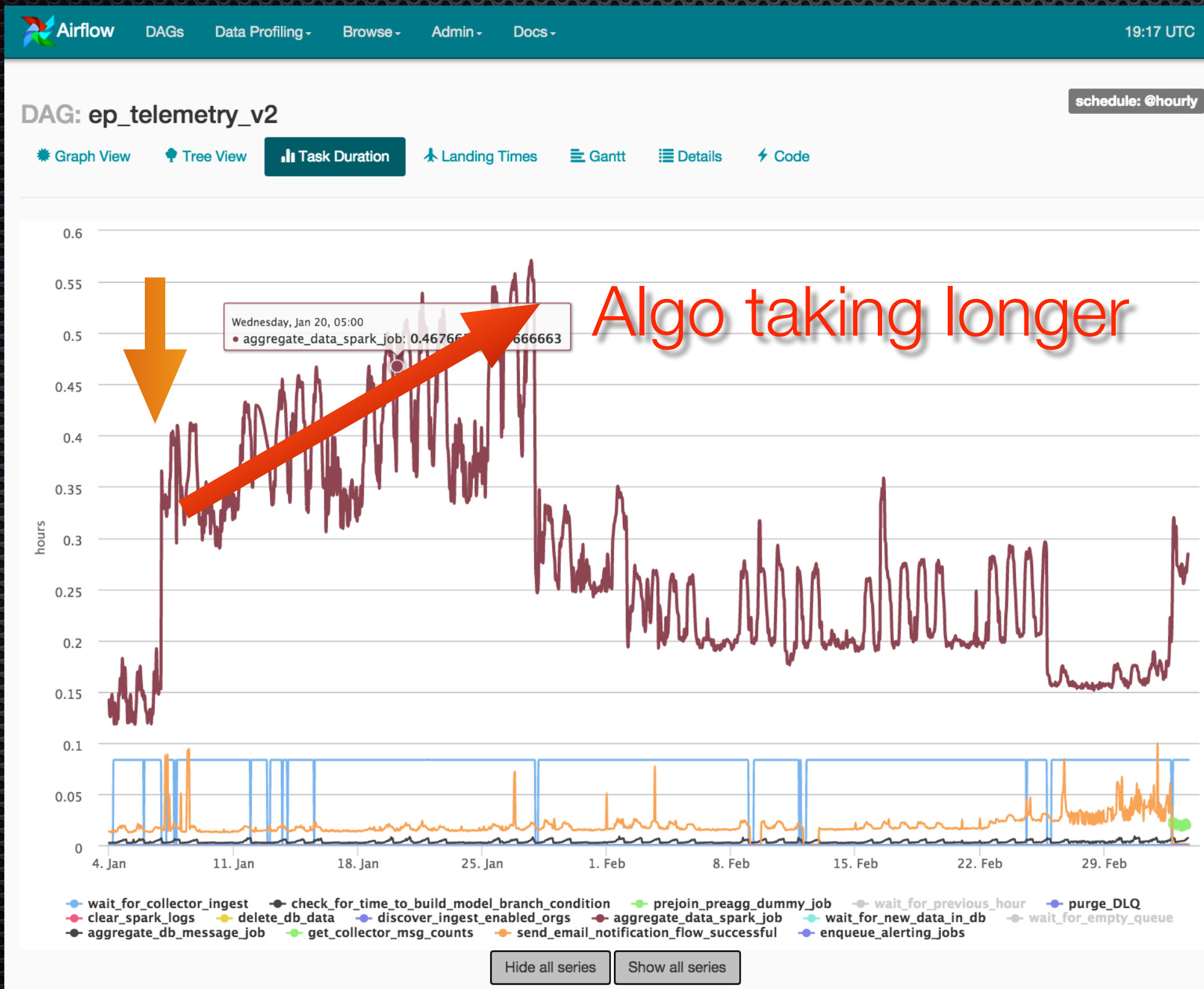
Timeliness



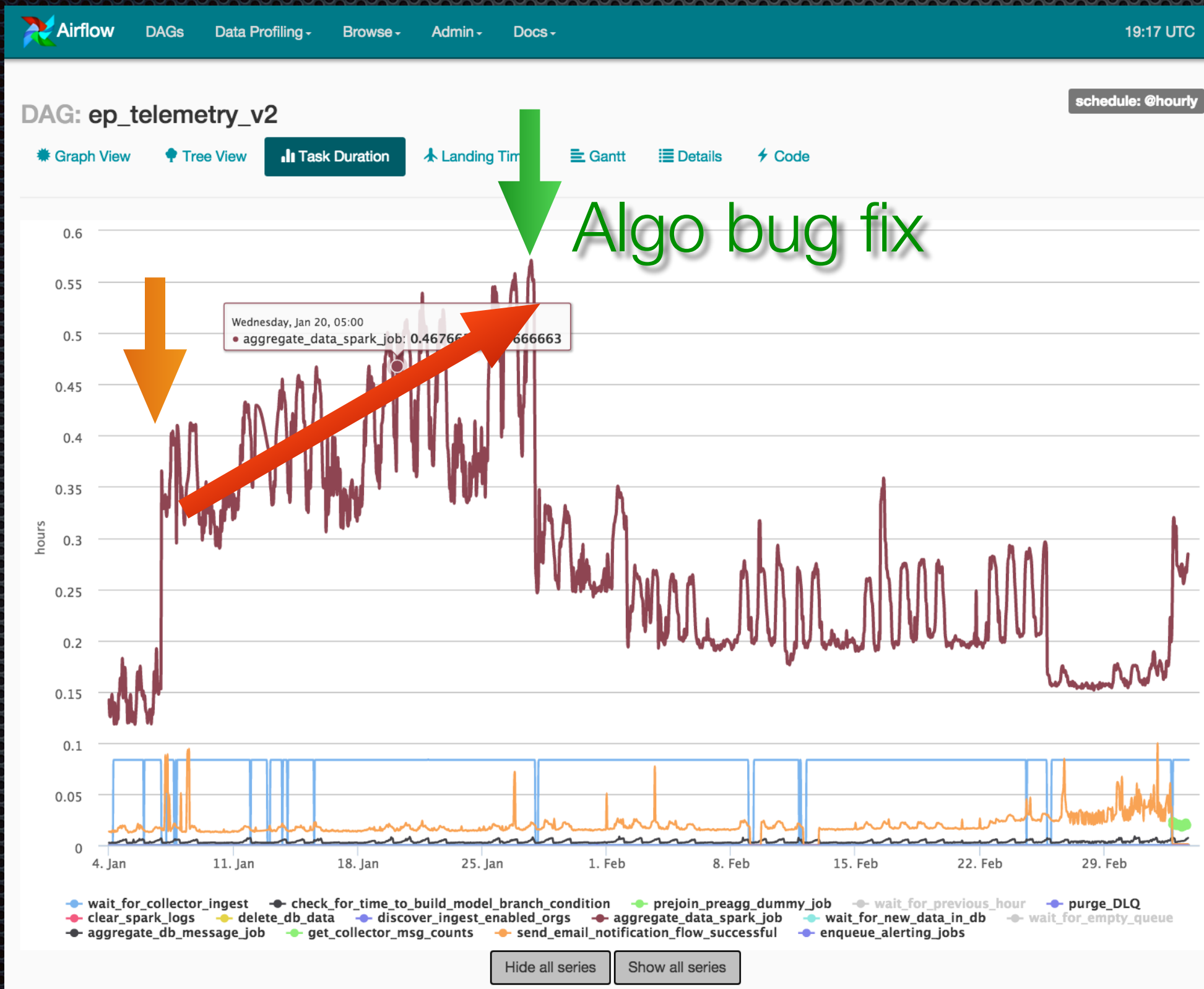
Timeliness



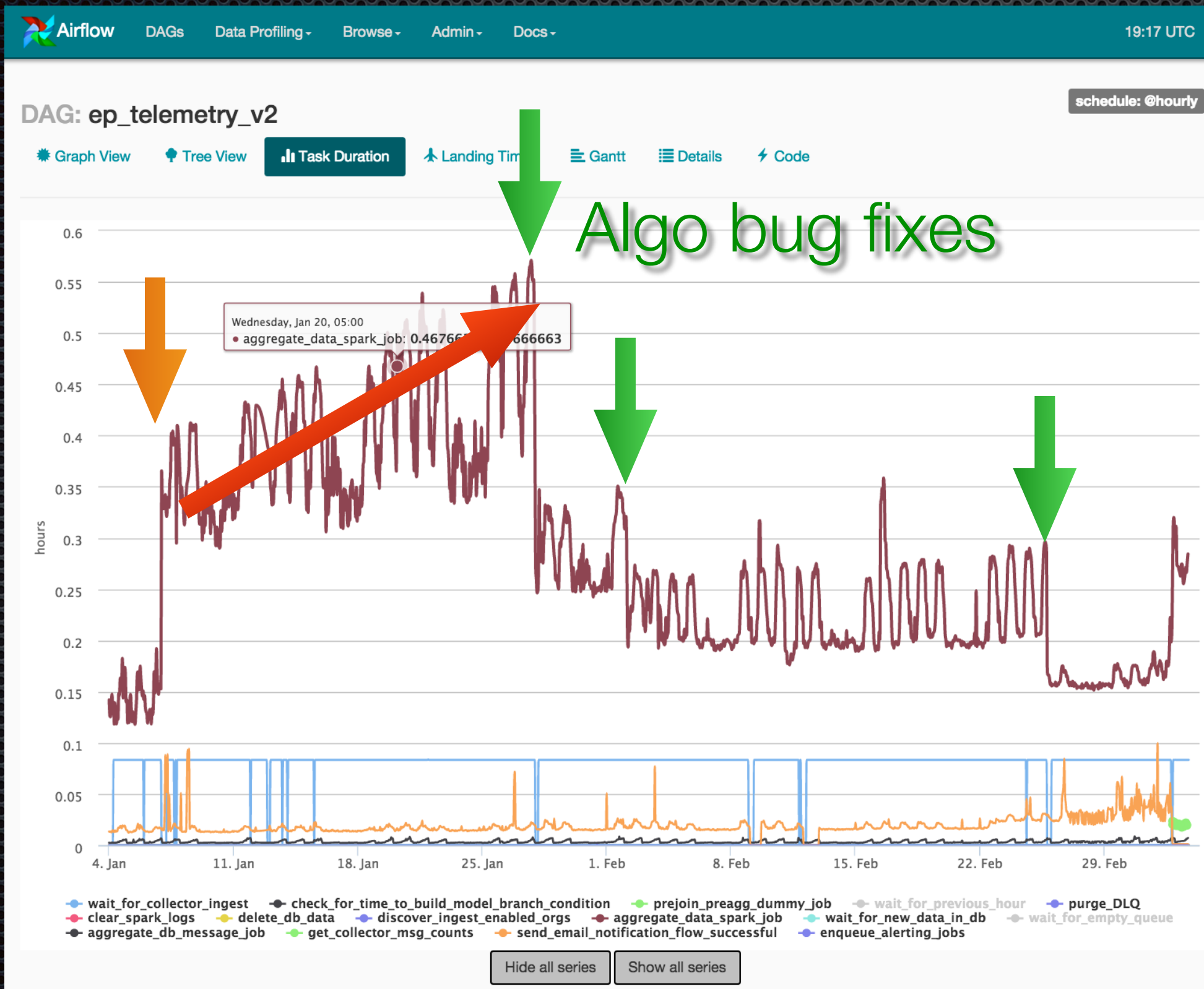
Timeliness



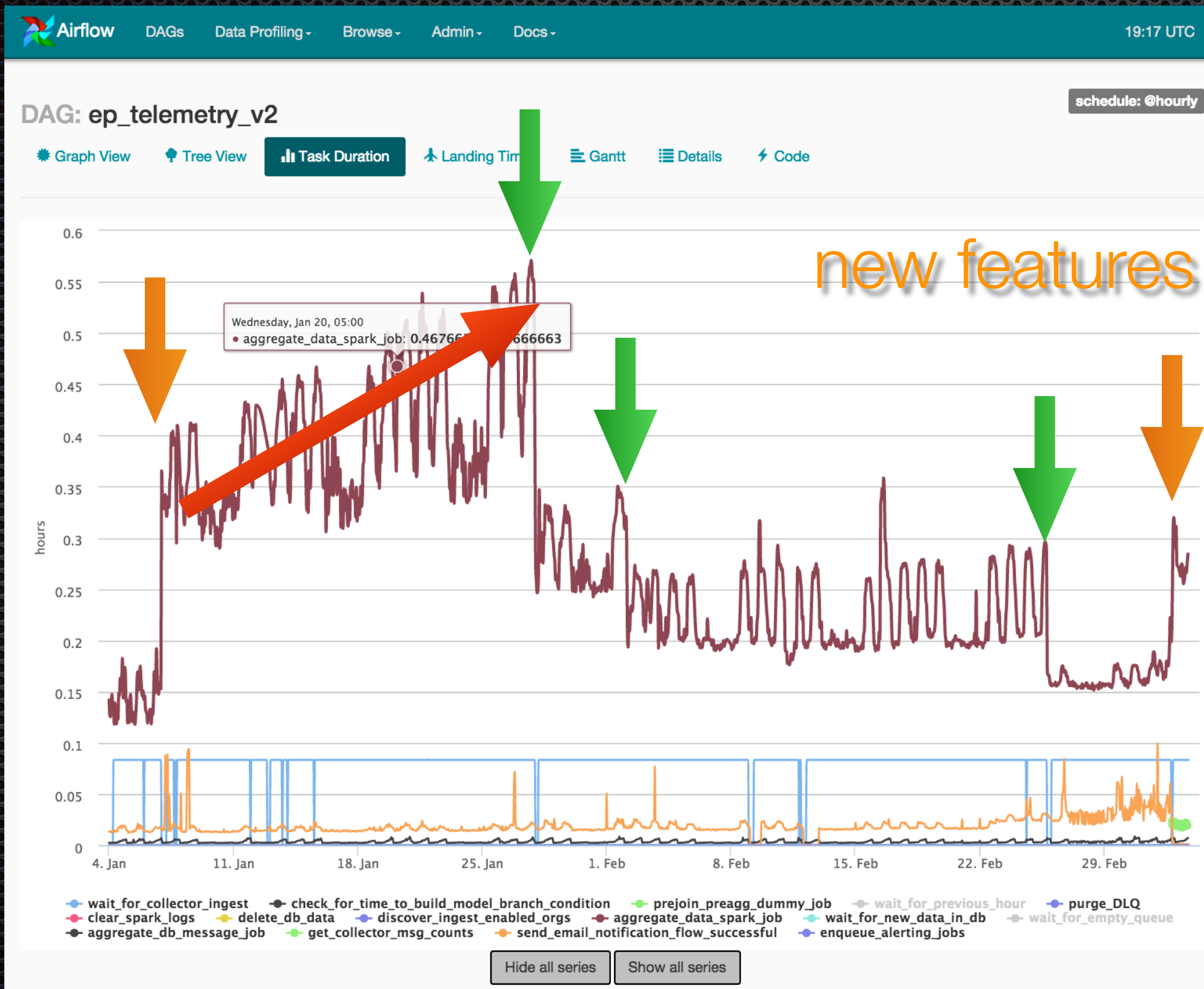
Timeliness



Timeliness



Timeliness



Take Aways?

- Data Science & Engineering work is a virtuous cycle of adding features (and the like) + tuning performance
- Latency does matter (a bit)

Design Goals

Desirable Qualities of a Resilient Data Pipeline

Desirable Qualities of a Resilient Data Pipeline

Correctness

Operability

Timeliness

Cost

Desirable Qualities of a Resilient Data Pipeline

Correctness

- Data Integrity (no loss, etc...)
- Expected data distributions

Operability

- Fine-grained Monitoring & Alerting of Correctness & Timeliness SLAs
- Quick Recoverability

Timeliness

- All output within time-bound SLAs

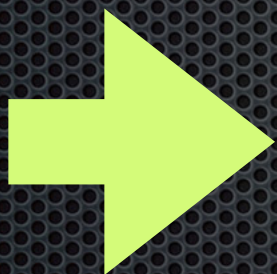
Cost

- Pay-as-you-go

Quickly Recoverable

- Bugs happen!
- Bugs in Predictive Data Pipelines have a large blast radius
- Optimize for MTTR

Maintainability



MTTR Optimized

Versus



MTBF Optimized

More info here: http://ti.arc.nasa.gov/projects/ishem/Papers/ONeill_Maintainability.doc

Implementation

Using AWS to meet Design Goals

SQS

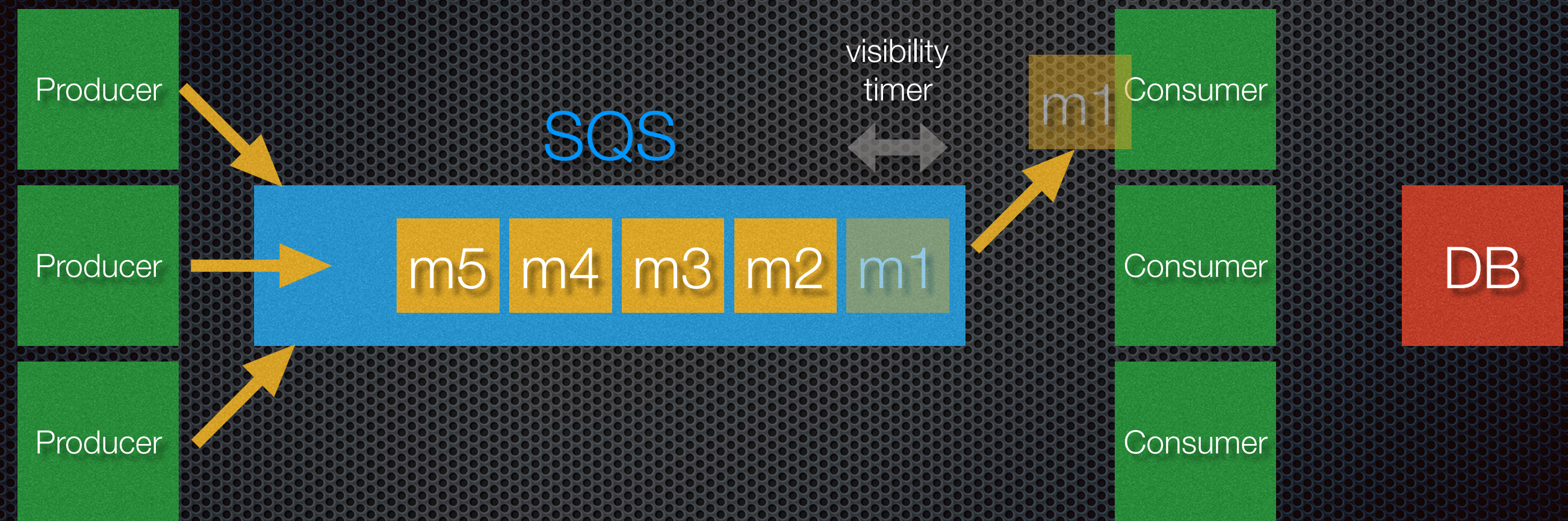
Simple Queue Service

SQS - Overview

- ✦ AWS's low-latency, highly scalable, highly available message queue
 - ✦ Infinitely Scalable Queue (though not FIFO)
 - ✦ Low End-to-end latency (generally sub-second)
 - ✦ Pull-based

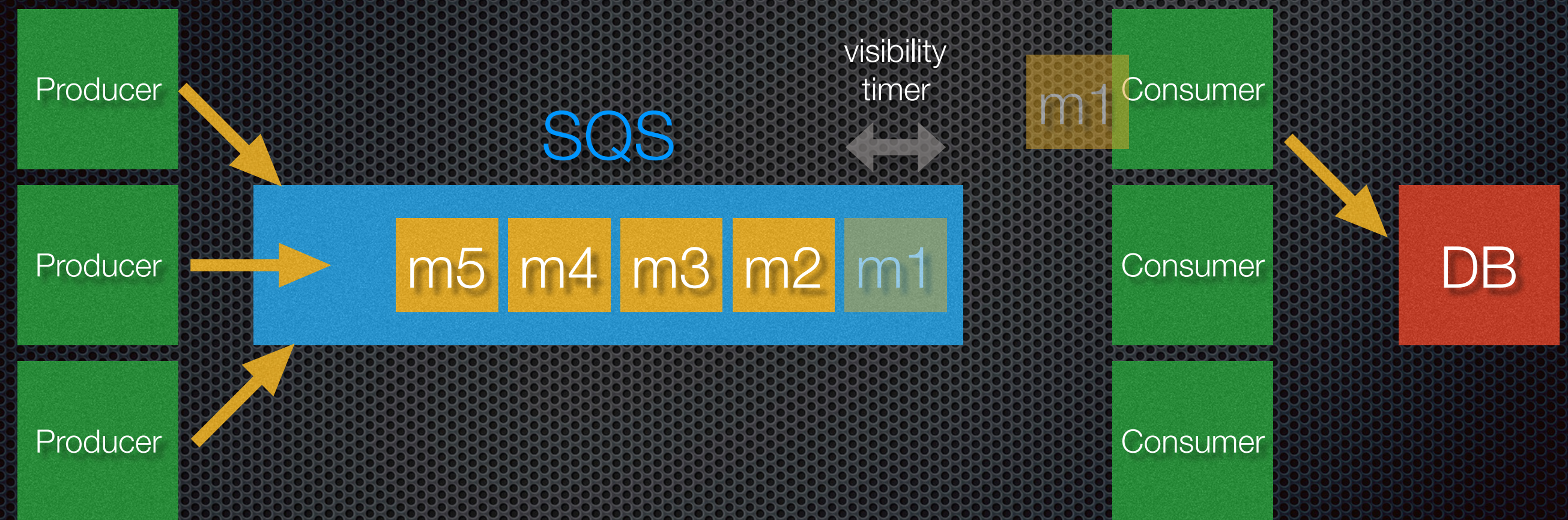
SQS - Typical Operation Flow

Step 1: A consumer reads a message from SQS. This starts a visibility timer!



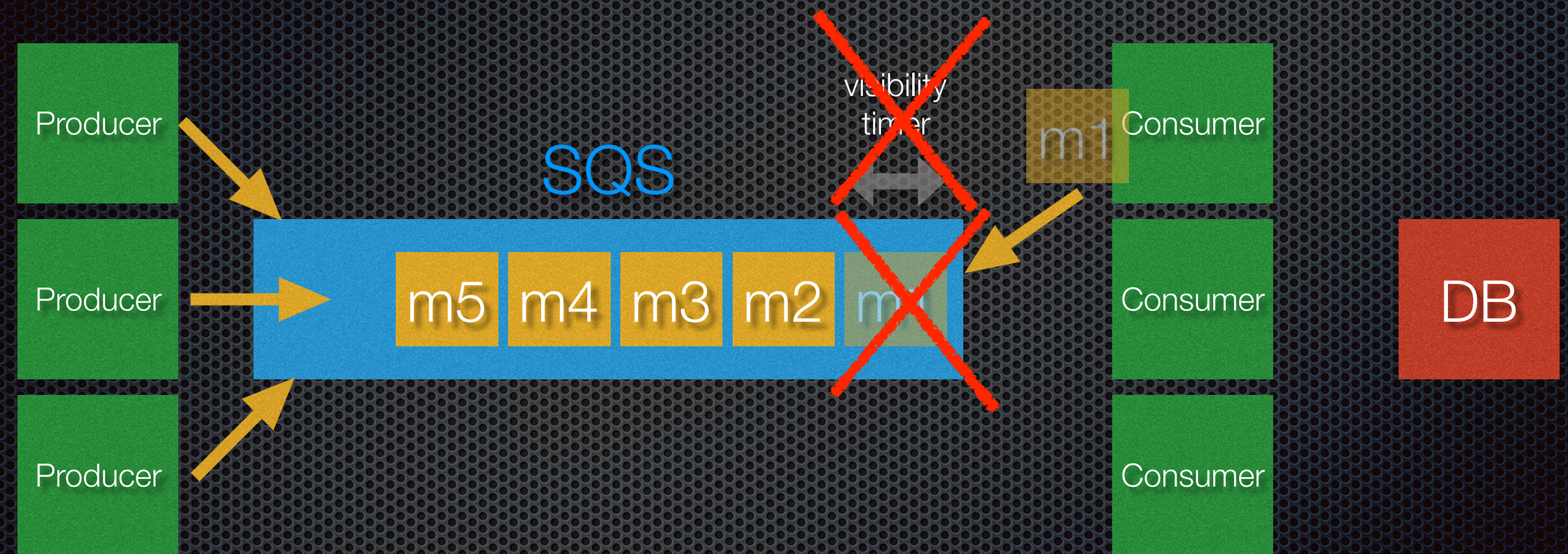
SQS - Typical Operation Flow

Step 2: Consumer persists message contents to DB



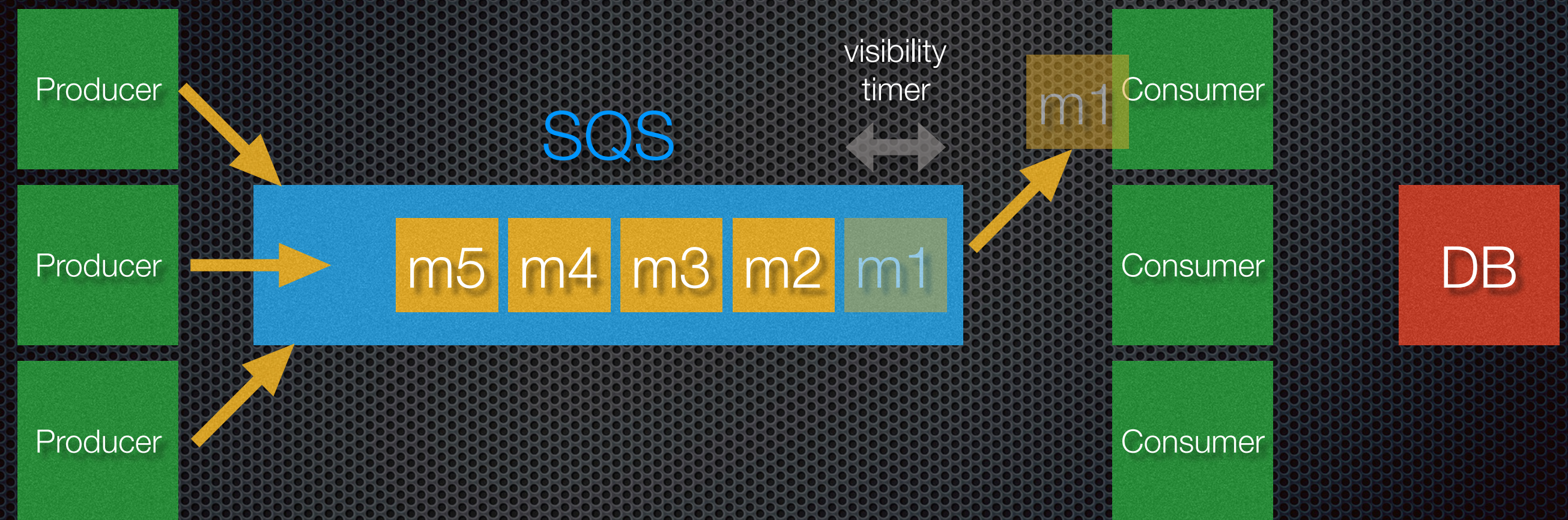
SQS - Typical Operation Flow

Step 3: Consumer ACKs message in SQS



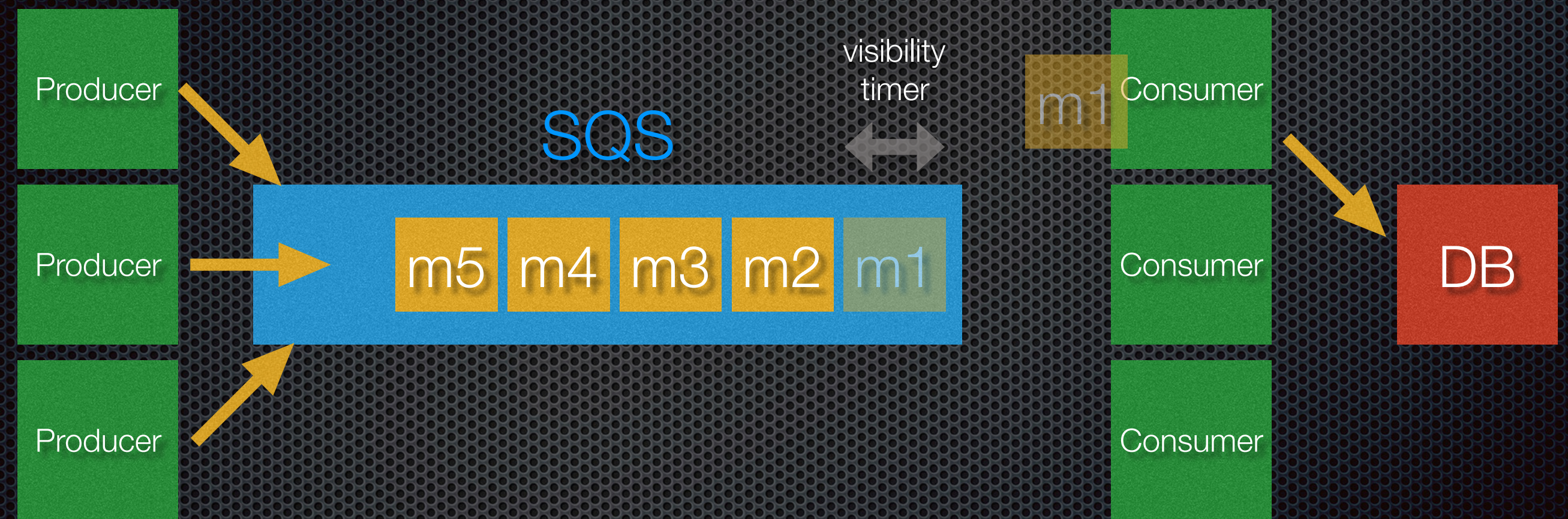
SQS - Time Out Example

Step 1: A consumer reads a message from SQS



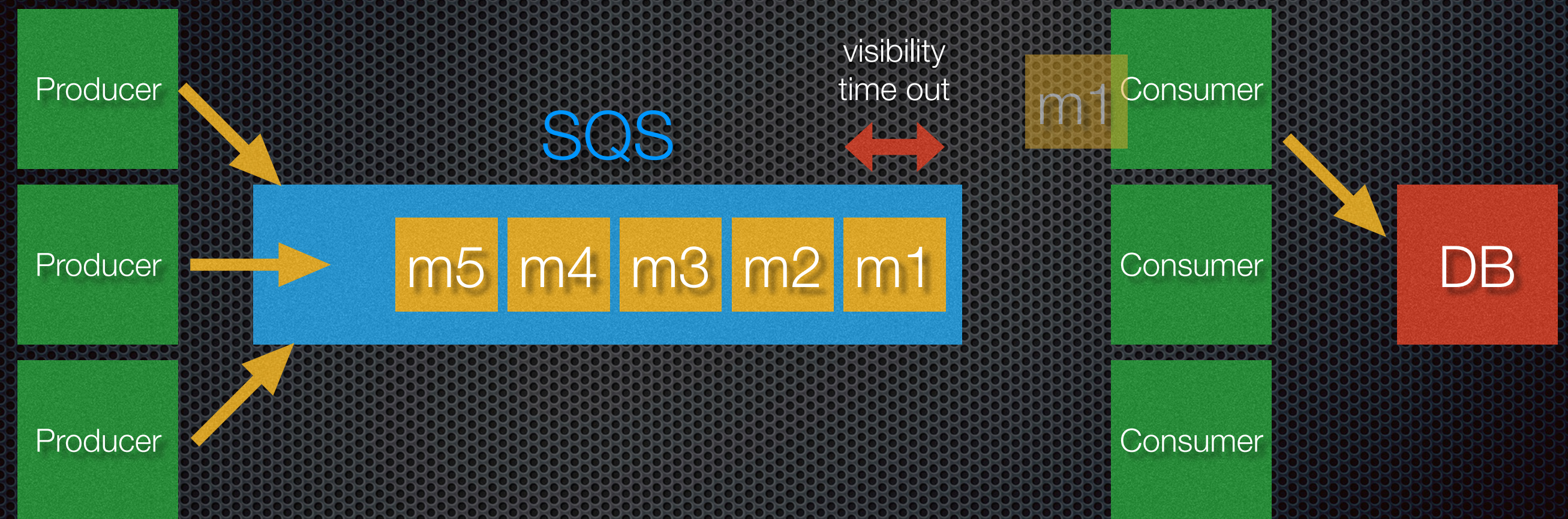
SQS - Time Out Example

Step 2: Consumer attempts persists message contents to DB



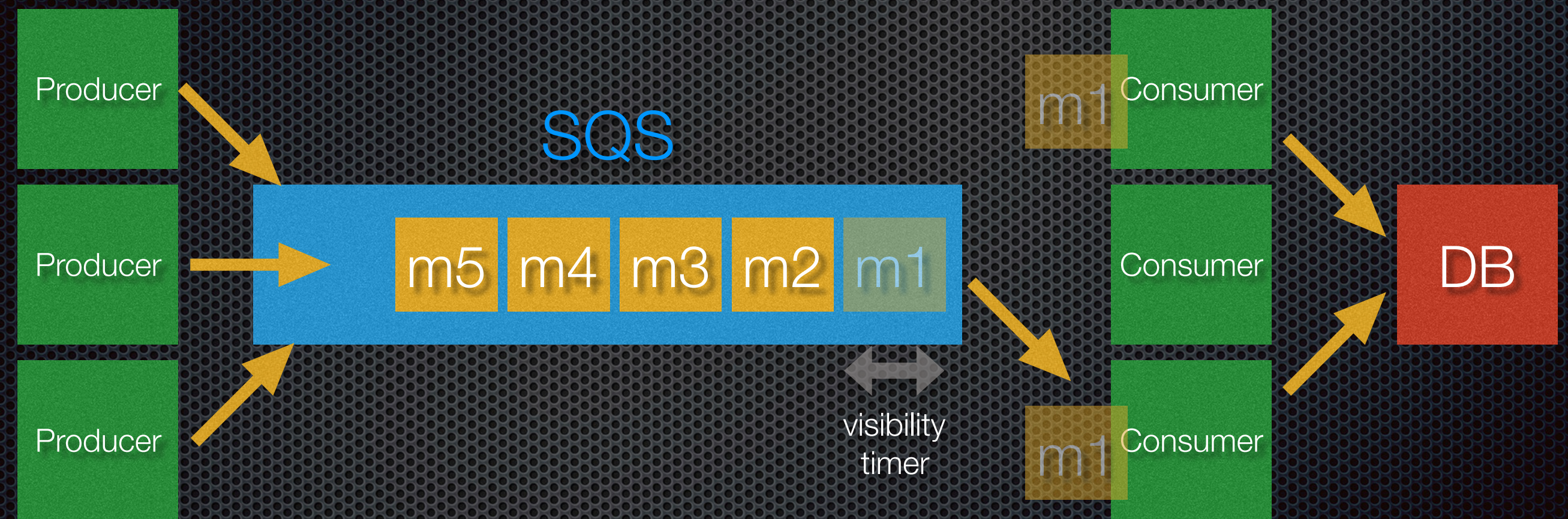
SQS - Time Out Example

Step 3: A Visibility Timeout occurs & the message becomes visible again.



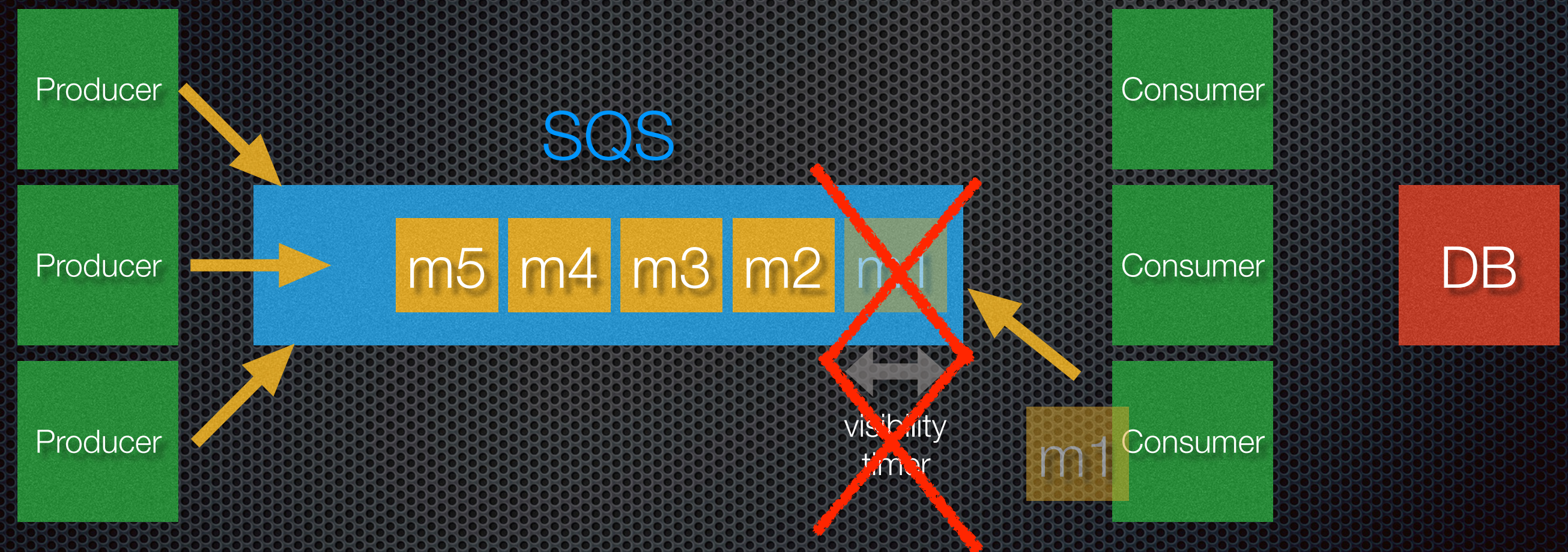
SQS - Time Out Example

Step 4: Another consumer reads and persists the same message

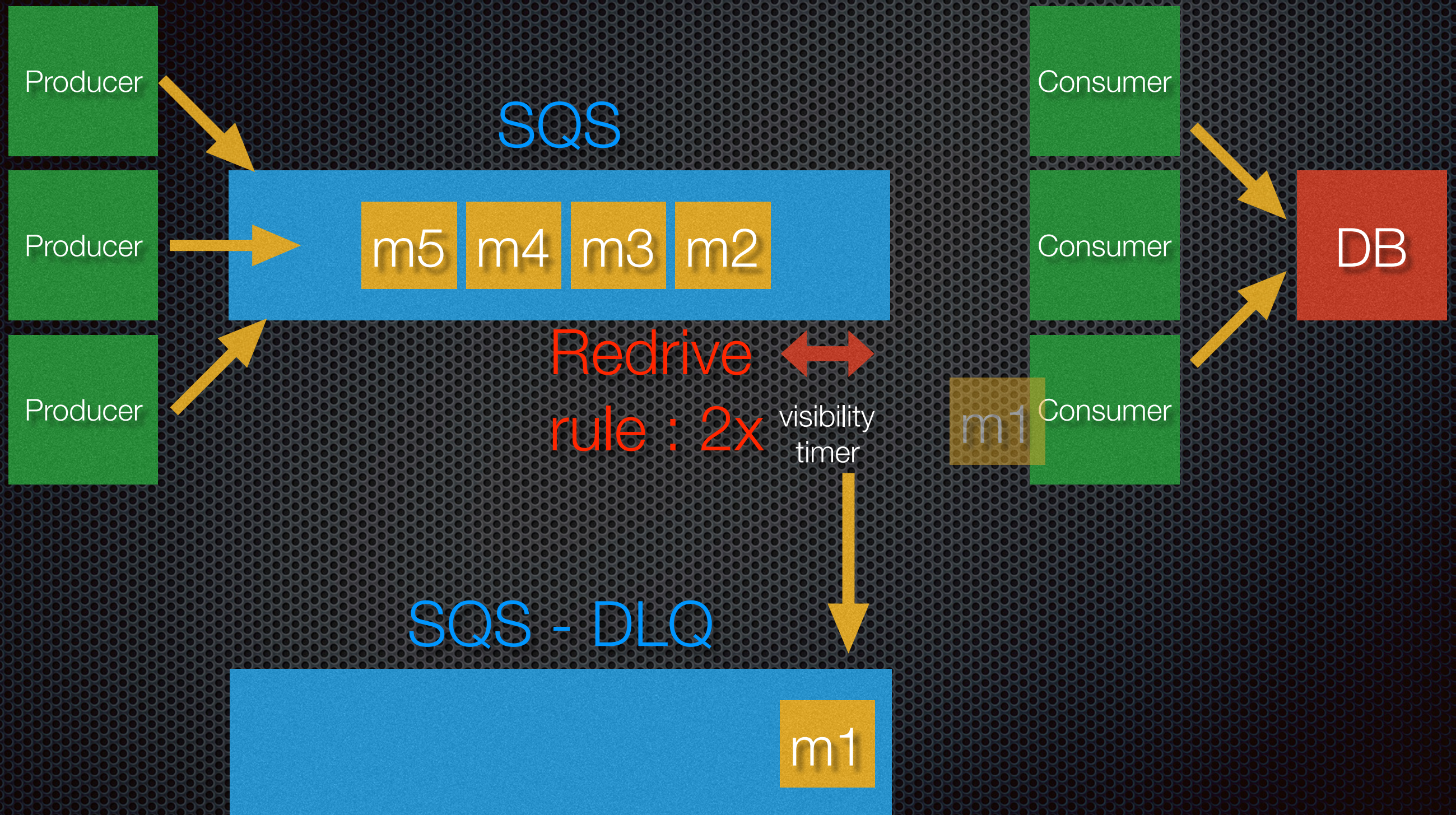


SQS - Time Out Example

Step 5: Consumer ACKs message in SQS



SQS - Dead Letter Queue



SNS

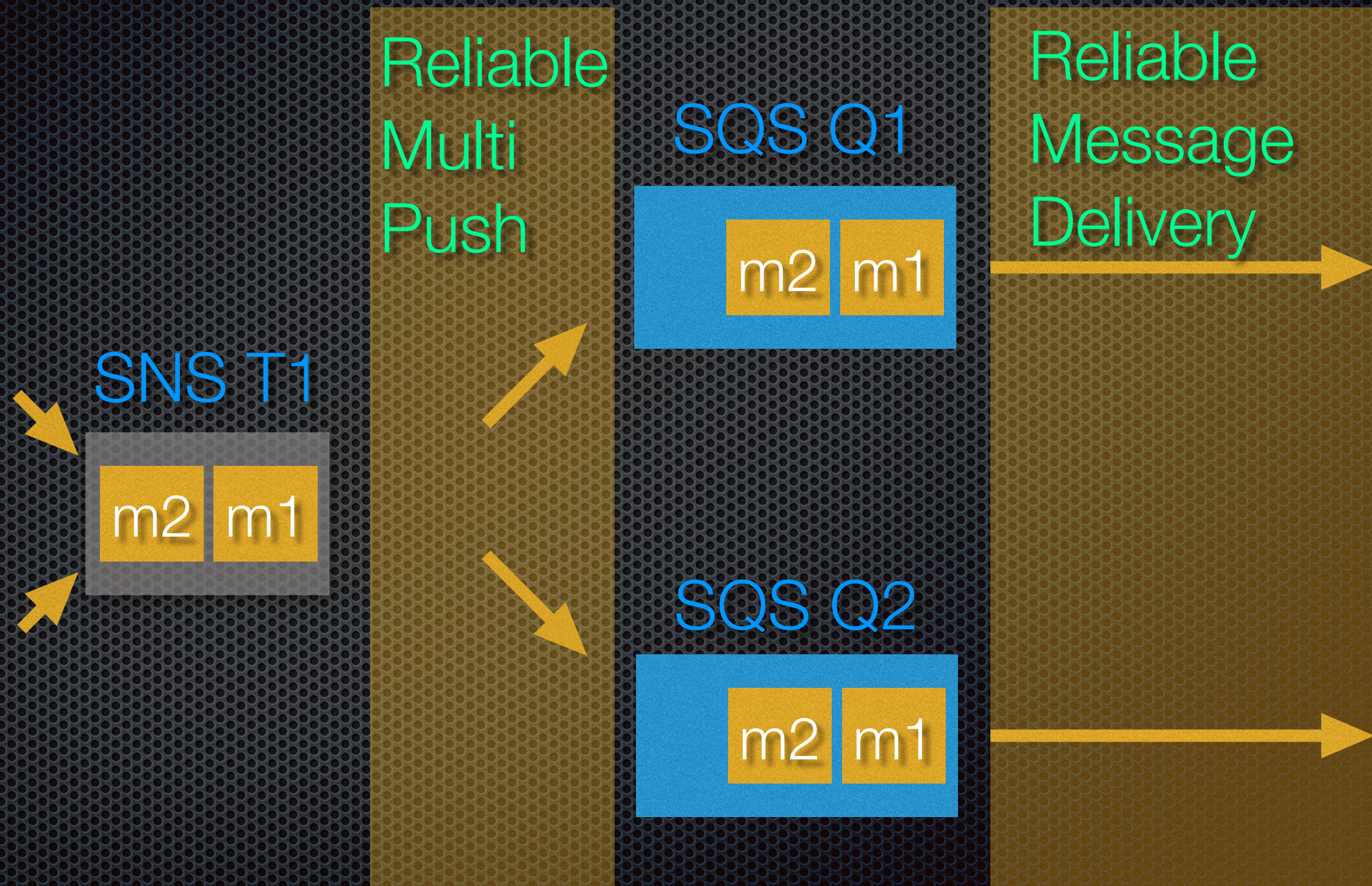
Simple Notification Service

SNS - Overview

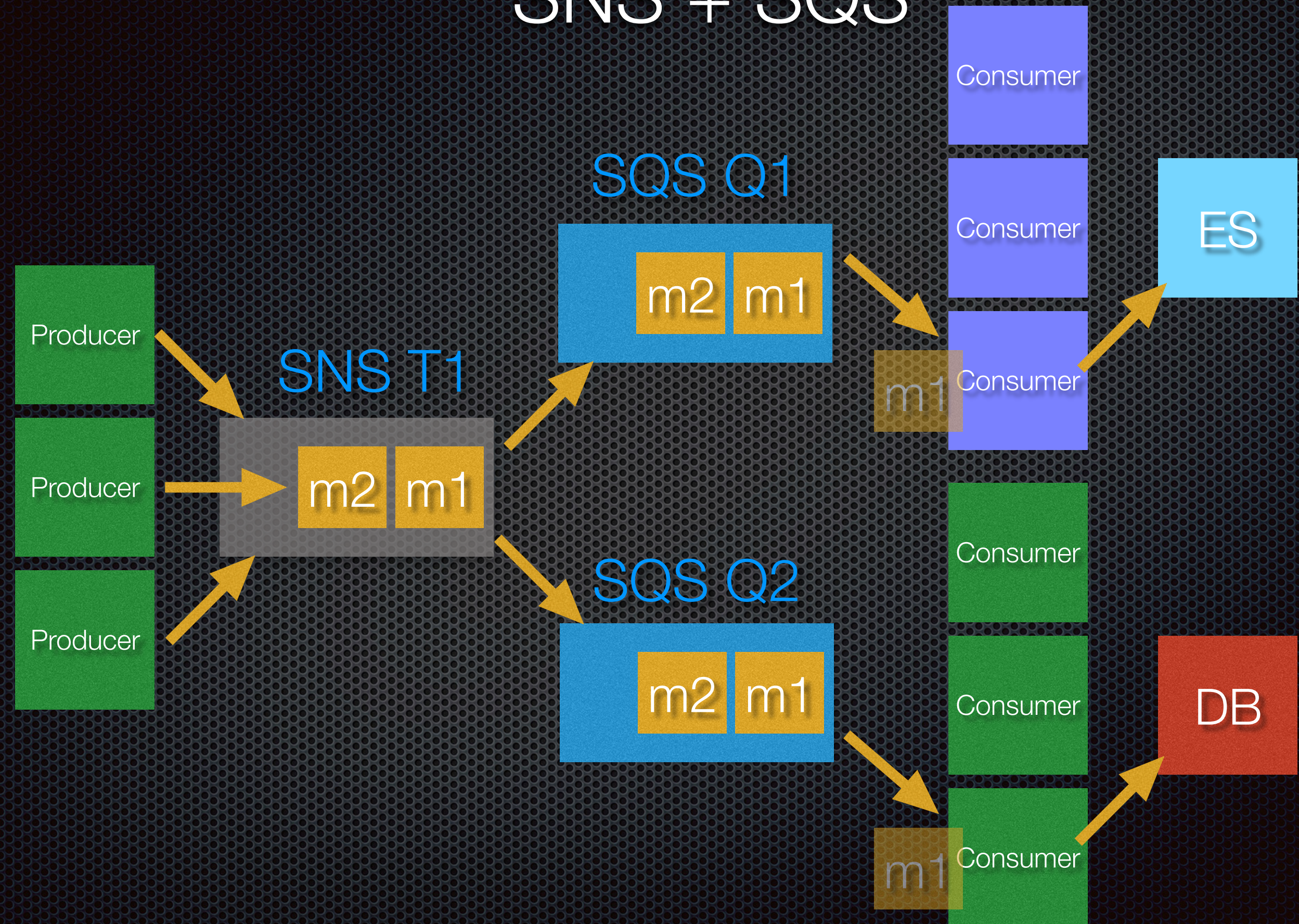
- ✦ Highly Scalable, Highly Available, **Push-based** **Topic** Service
 - ✦ Whereas SQS is **pull**-based, SNS is **push**-based
 - ✦ There is no message retention & there is a finite retry count
 - ✦ **No** Reliable Message Delivery
 - ✦ Whereas SQS ensures each message is seen by at least 1 consumer
 - ✦ SNS ensures that each message is seen by **every consumer**
 - ✦ Reliable Multi-Push

Can we work around this limitation while getting Reliable Multi-push?

SNS + SQS Design Pattern



SNS + SQS



Batch Pipeline Architecture

Putting the Pieces Together

But First

What Does Agari Do?



What Does Agari Do?



Customers

email
metadata

Agari's Current Product

apply
trust
models

email +
trust
score



What Does Agari Do?



Enterprise
Customers

email
metadata

Agari's Future Product

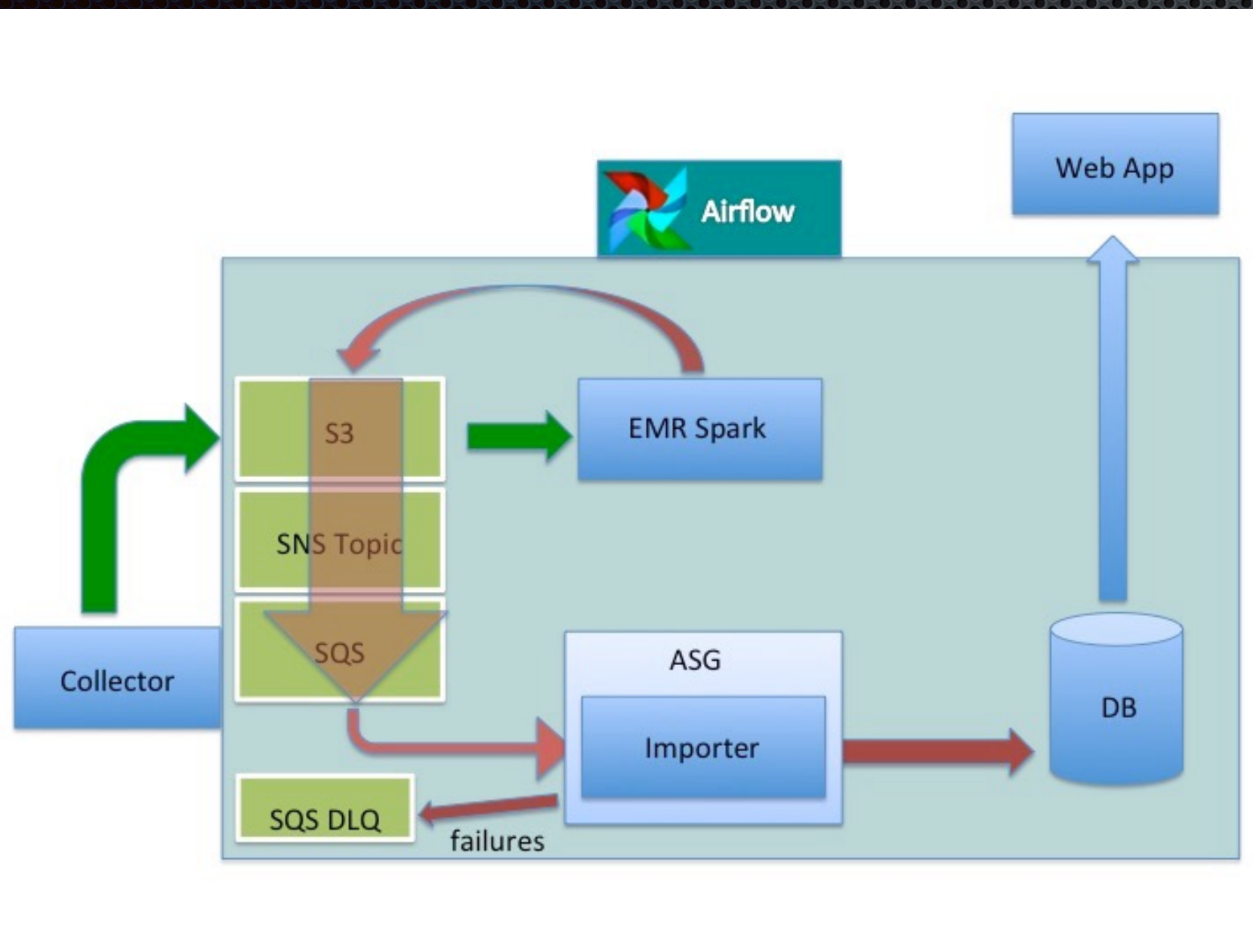
apply
trust
models

email md
+ trust
score

Batch Pipeline Architecture

Putting the Pieces Together

Batch Architecture



- **S3** to hold all source & computed data (**Avro**)
- **EMR Spark** for scoring + summarization
- **Apache Airflow** for hourly job scheduling
- **SNS+SQS** for messaging
- **ASG Importer** to import
- **WebApp** in Ruby-on-Rails

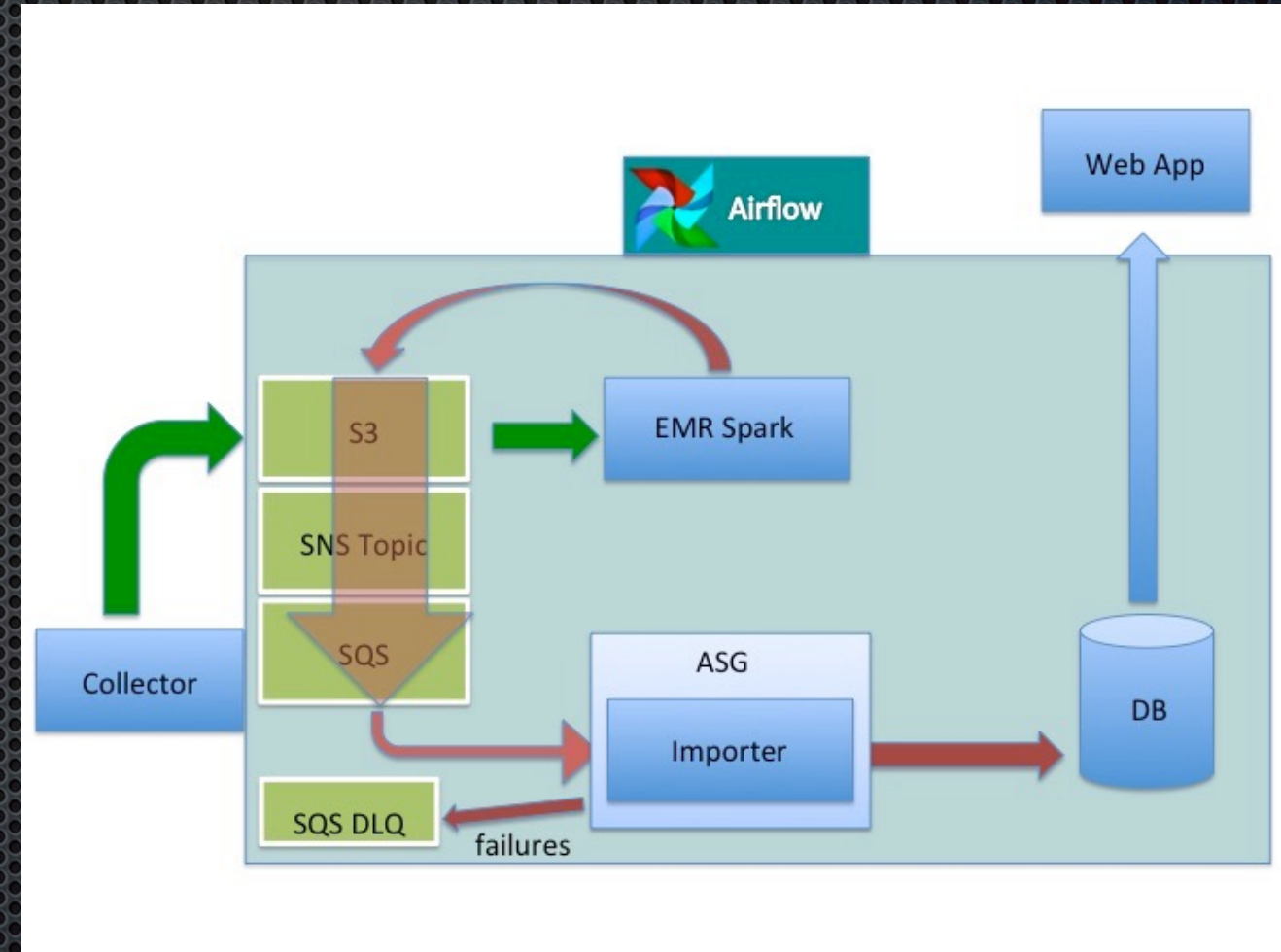
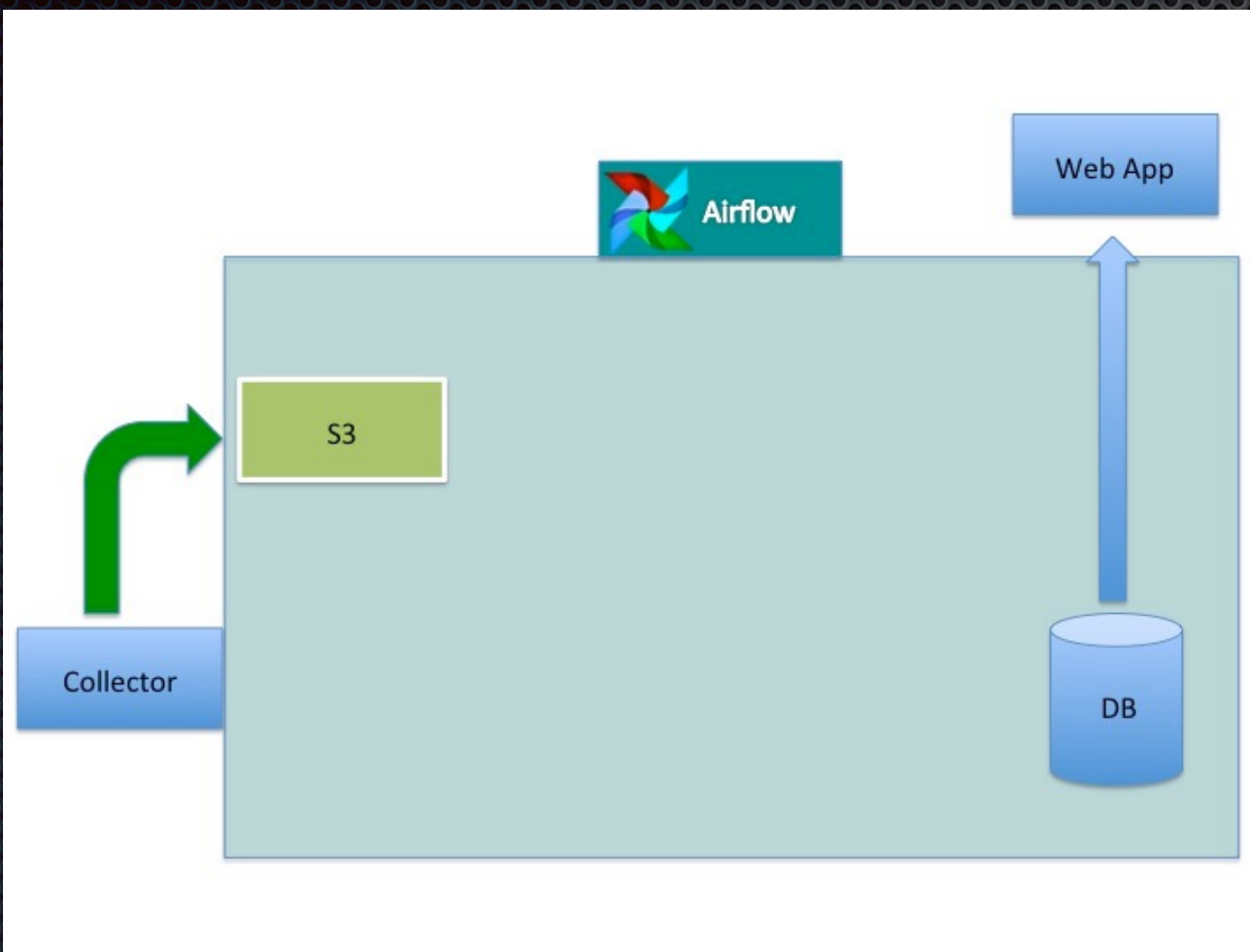
Tackling Cost & Timeliness

Leveraging the AWS Cloud

Tackling Cost

Between Hourly Runs

During Hourly Runs



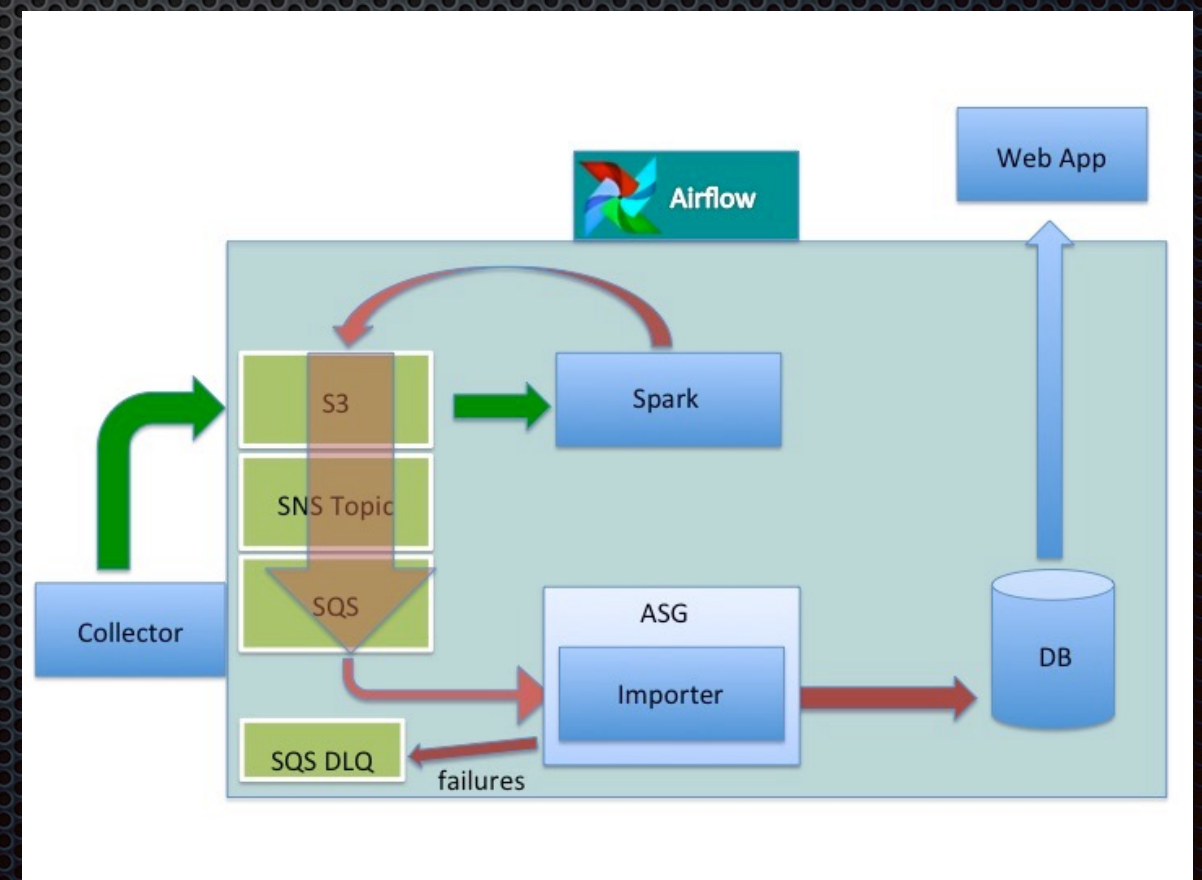
Tackling Timeliness

Auto Scaling Group (ASG)

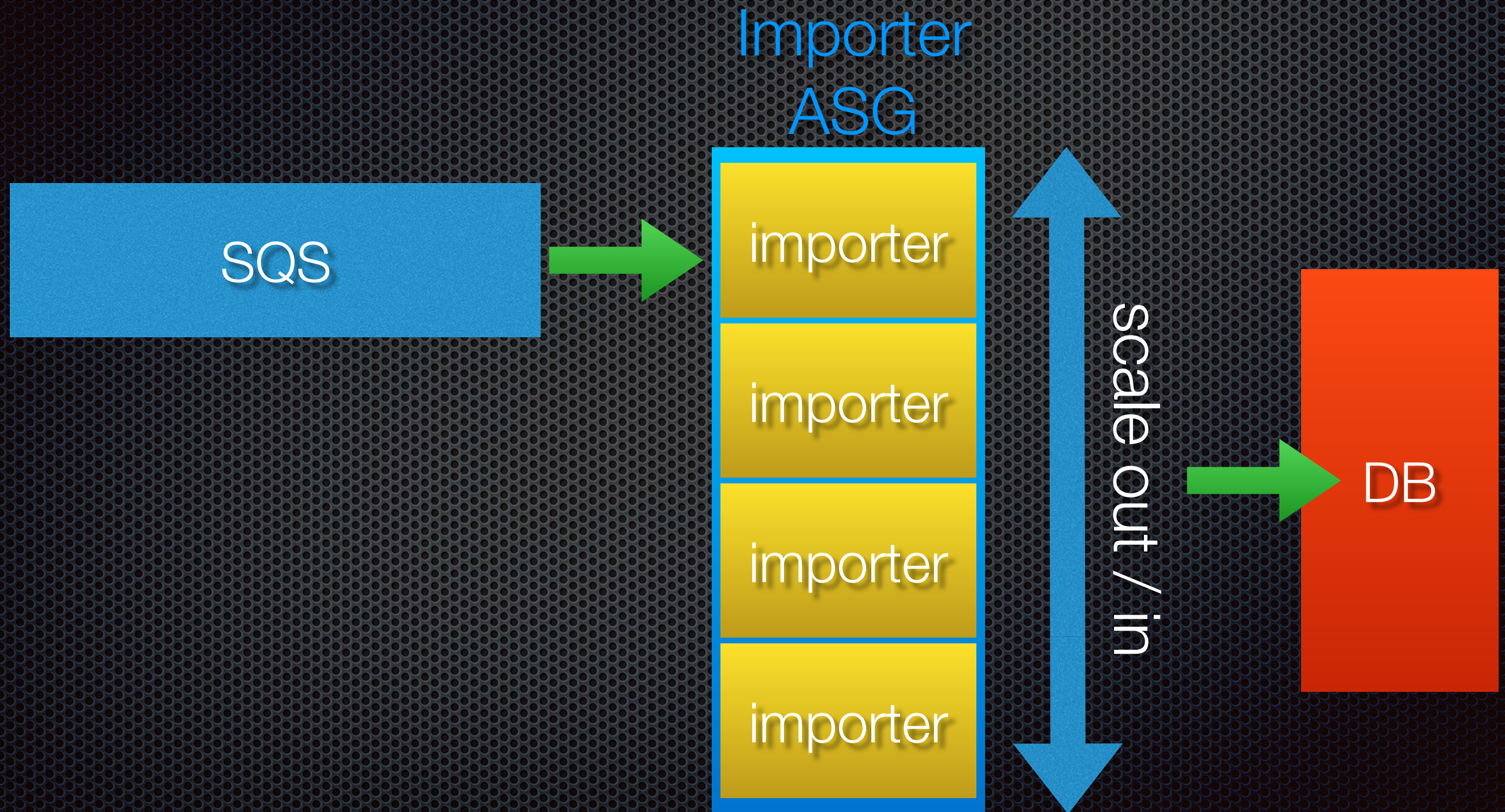
ASG - Overview

- ✦ What is it?

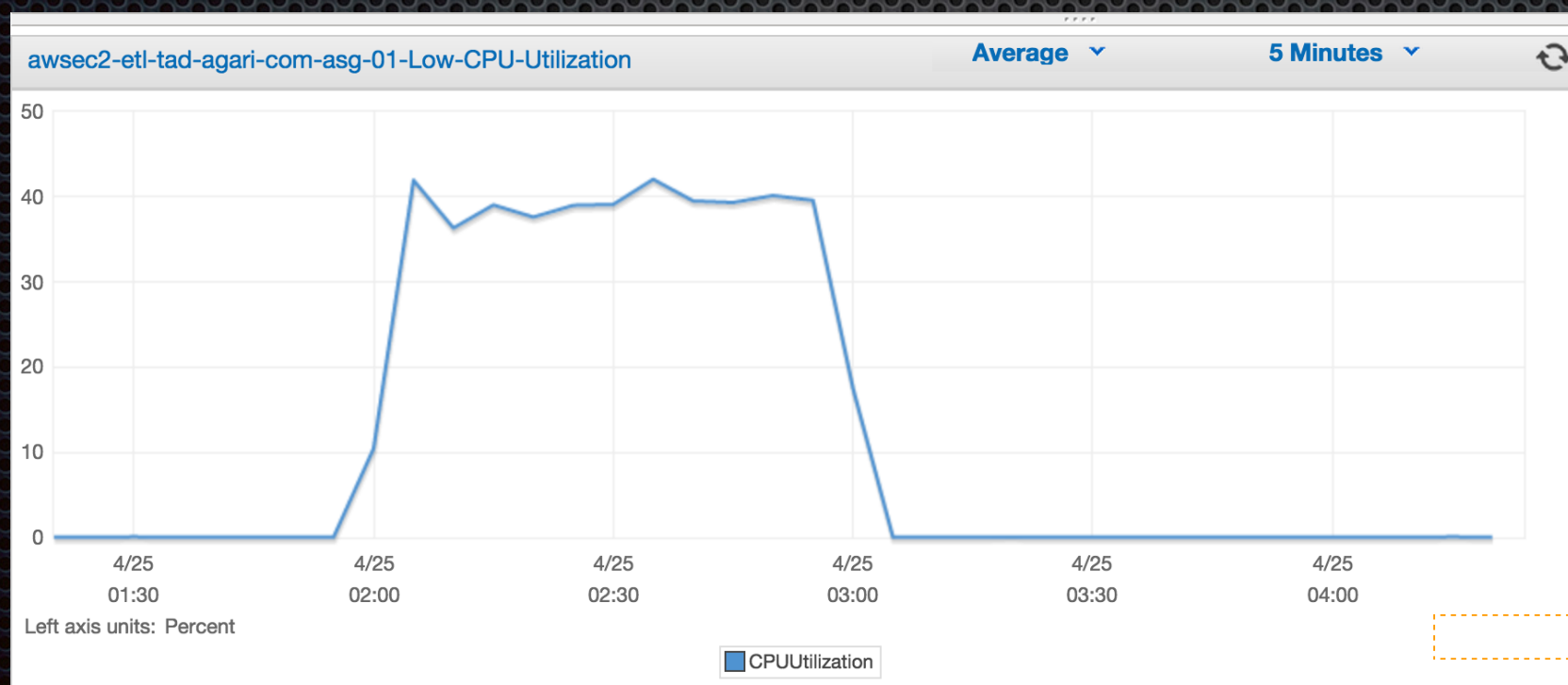
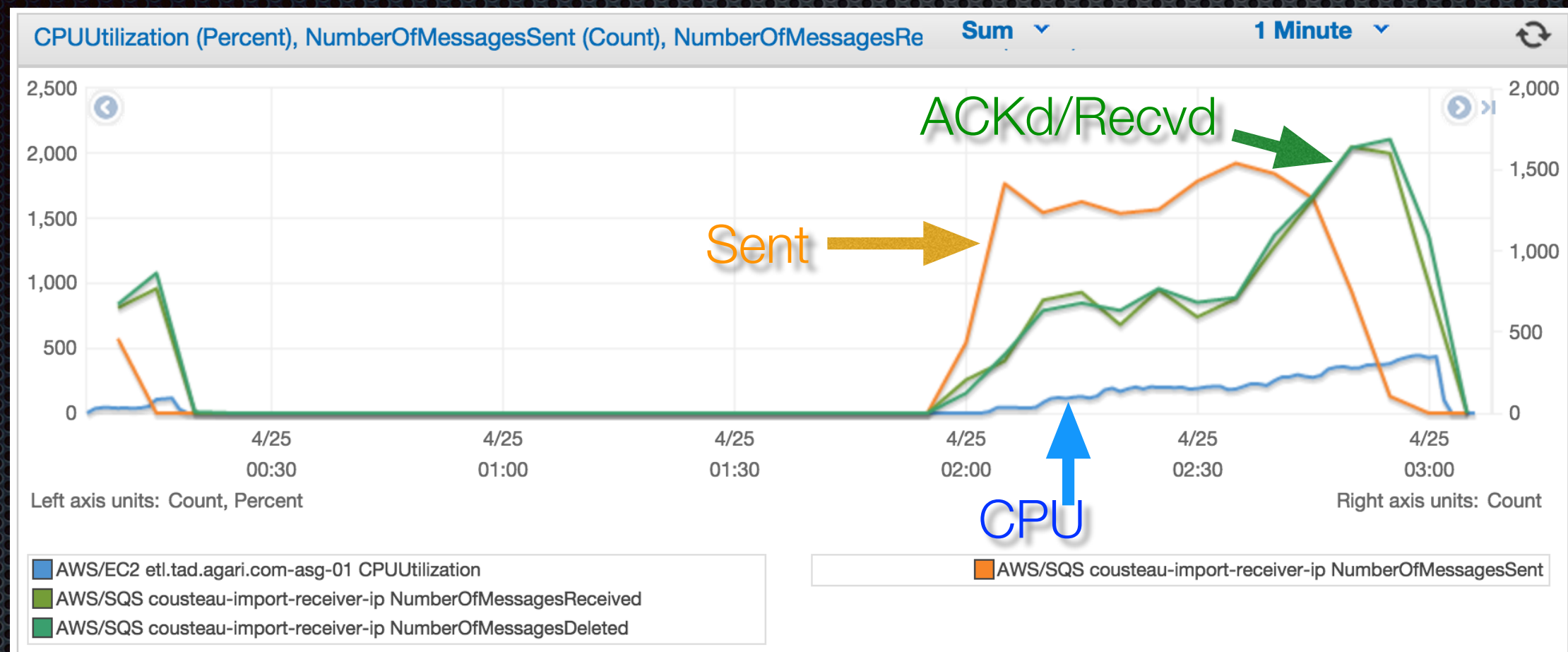
- ✦ A means to automatically scale out/in clusters to handle variable load/traffic
- ✦ A means to keep a cluster/service of a fixed size always up



ASG - Data Pipeline

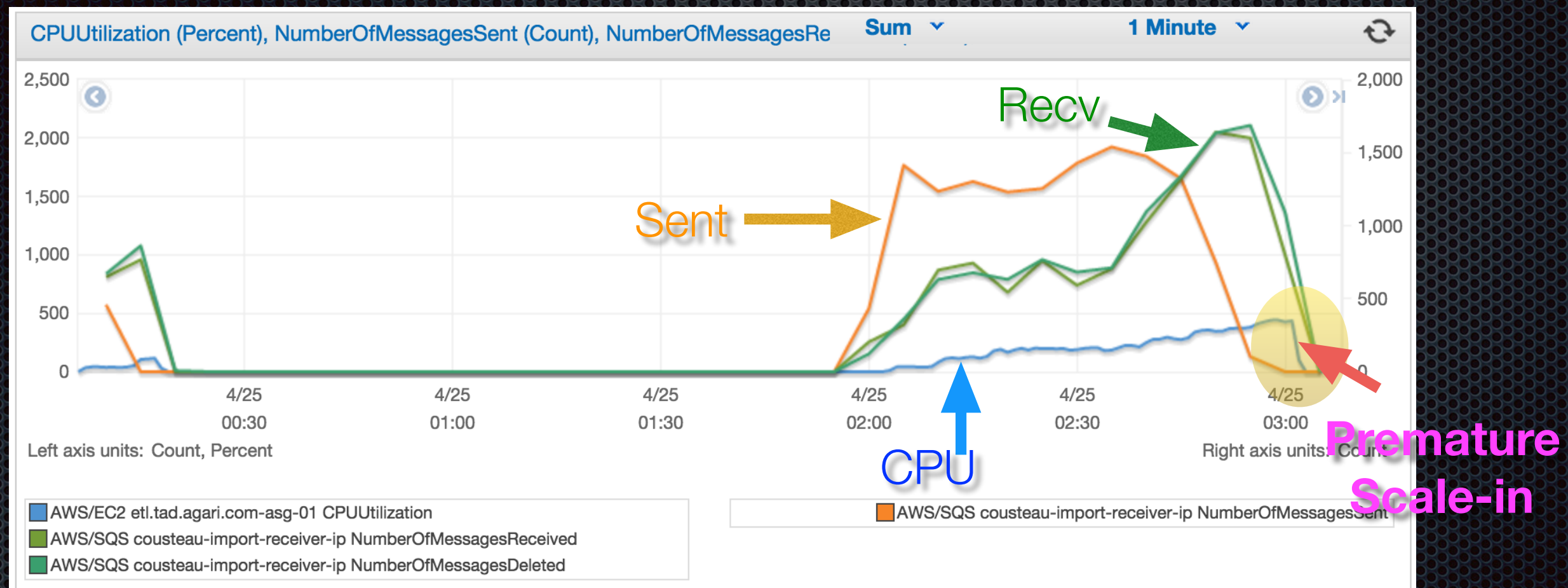


ASG : CPU-based



CPU-based auto-scaling is good at scaling in/out to keep the average CPU constant

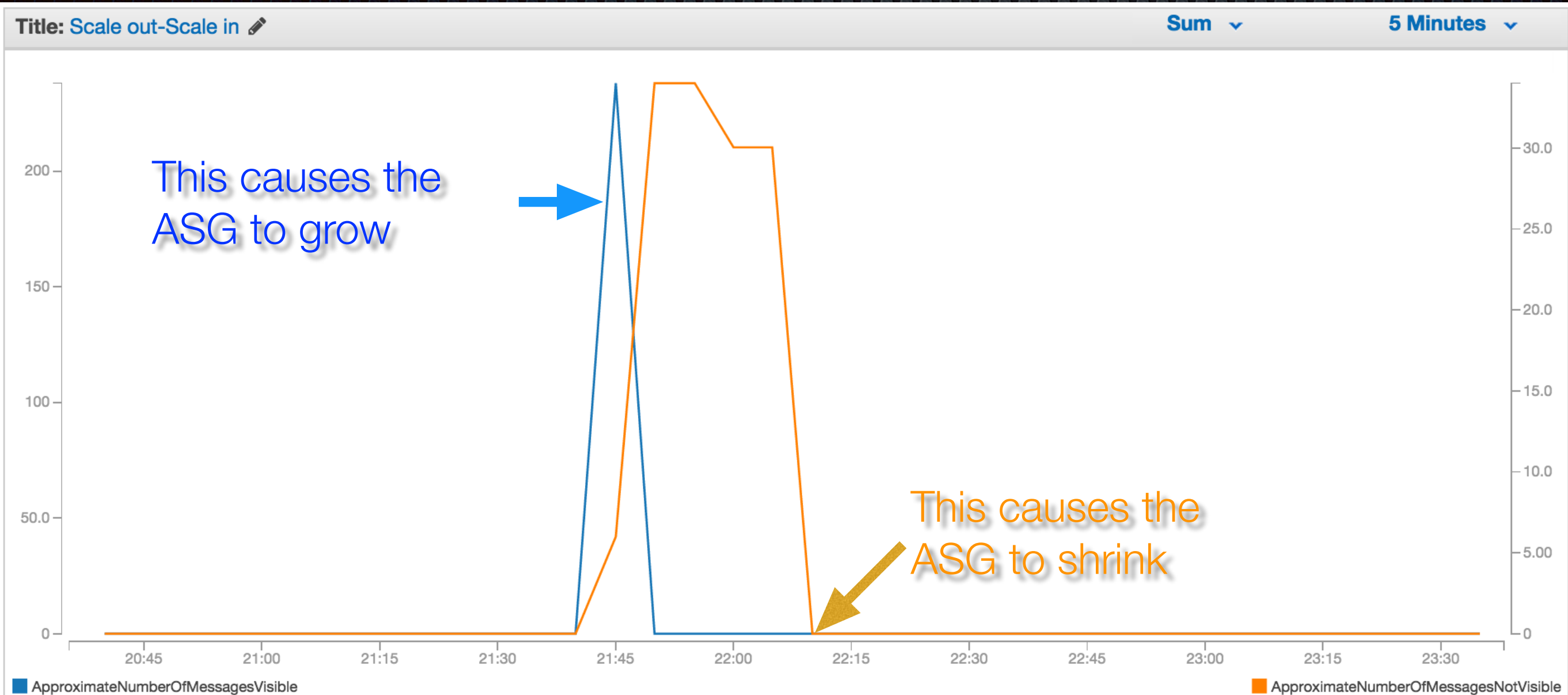
ASG : CPU-based



Premature Scale-in:

- The CPU drops to noise-levels before all messages are consumed
- This causes scale in to occur while the last few messages are still being committed

ASG : Queue-based



Scale-out: When Visible Messages > 0 (a.k.a. when queue depth > 0)

Scale-in: When Invisible Messages $= 0$ (a.k.a. when the last in-flight message is ACK'd)

Desirable Qualities of a Resilient Data Pipeline

Correctness

Operability

Timeliness

- ASG
- EMR Spark

Cost

- ASG
- EMR Spark

Tackling Operability & Correctness

Leveraging Tooling

Tackling Operability : Requirements

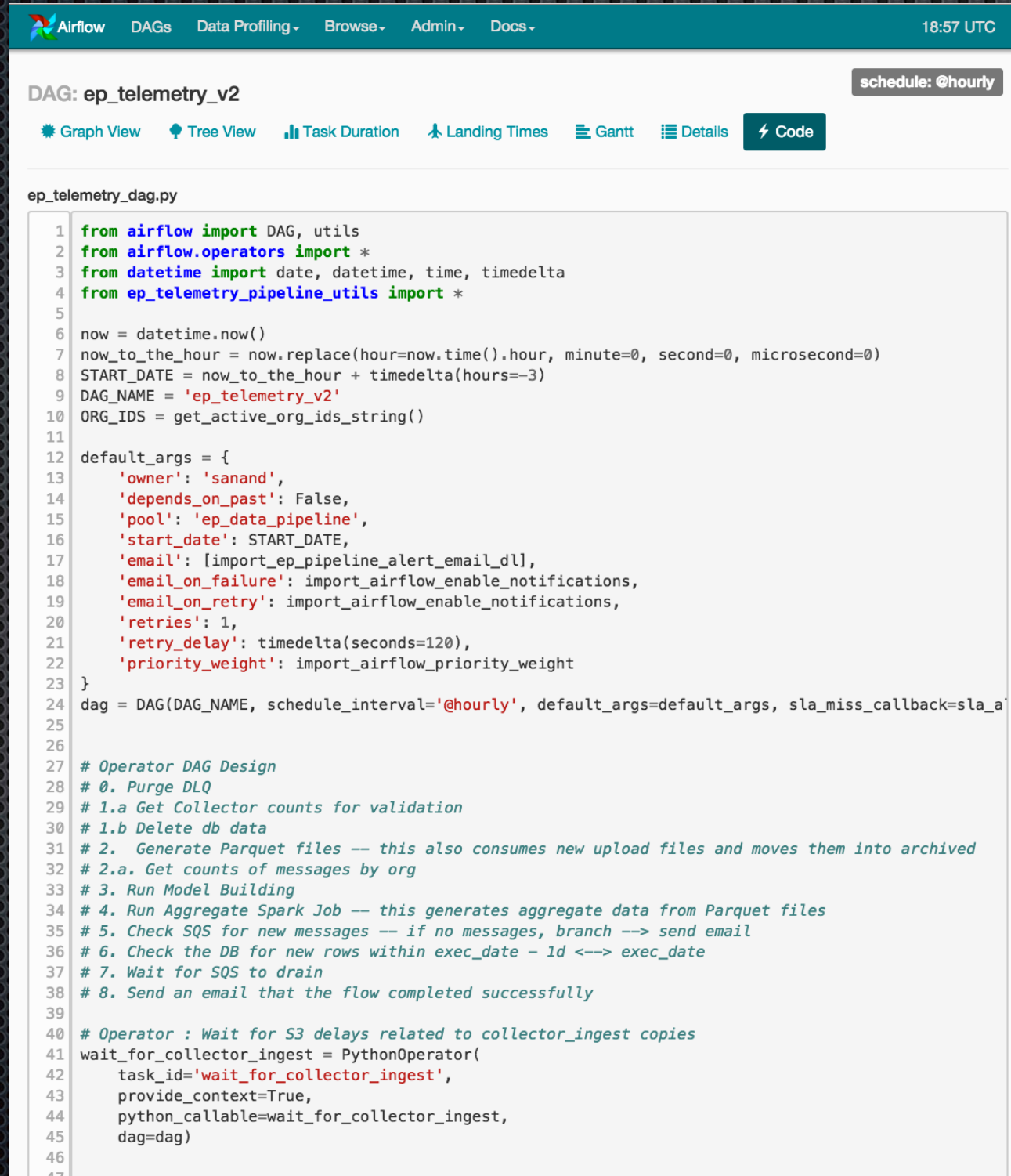
- A simple way to author and manage workflows
- Provides visual insight into the state & performance of workflow runs
- Integrates with our alerting and monitoring tools

Apache Airflow

Workflow Automation & Scheduling

Apache Airflow - Authoring DAGs

Airflow: Author DAGs in Python! No need to bundle many config files!

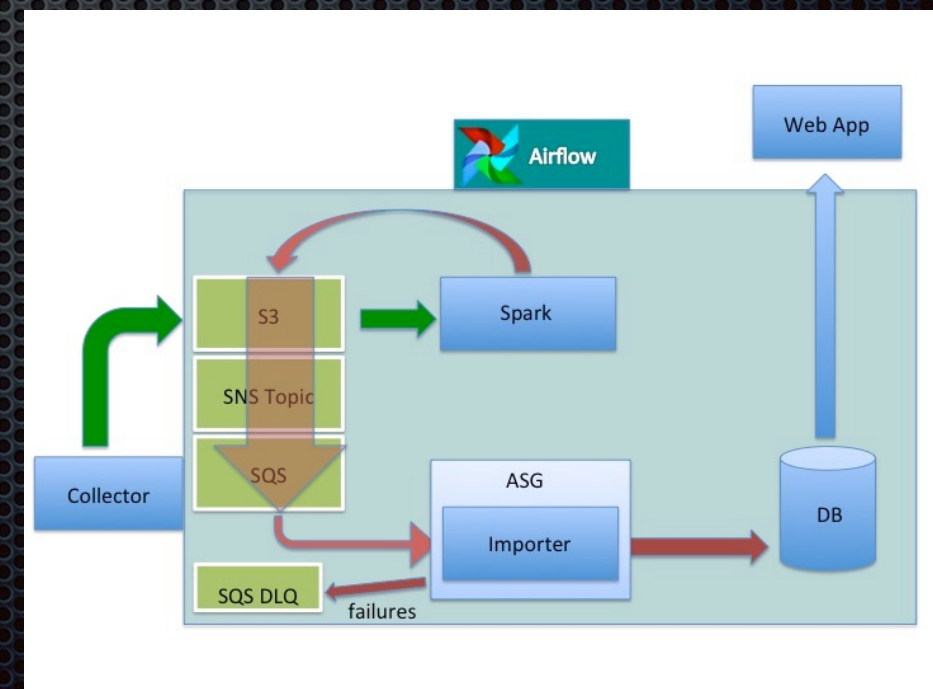
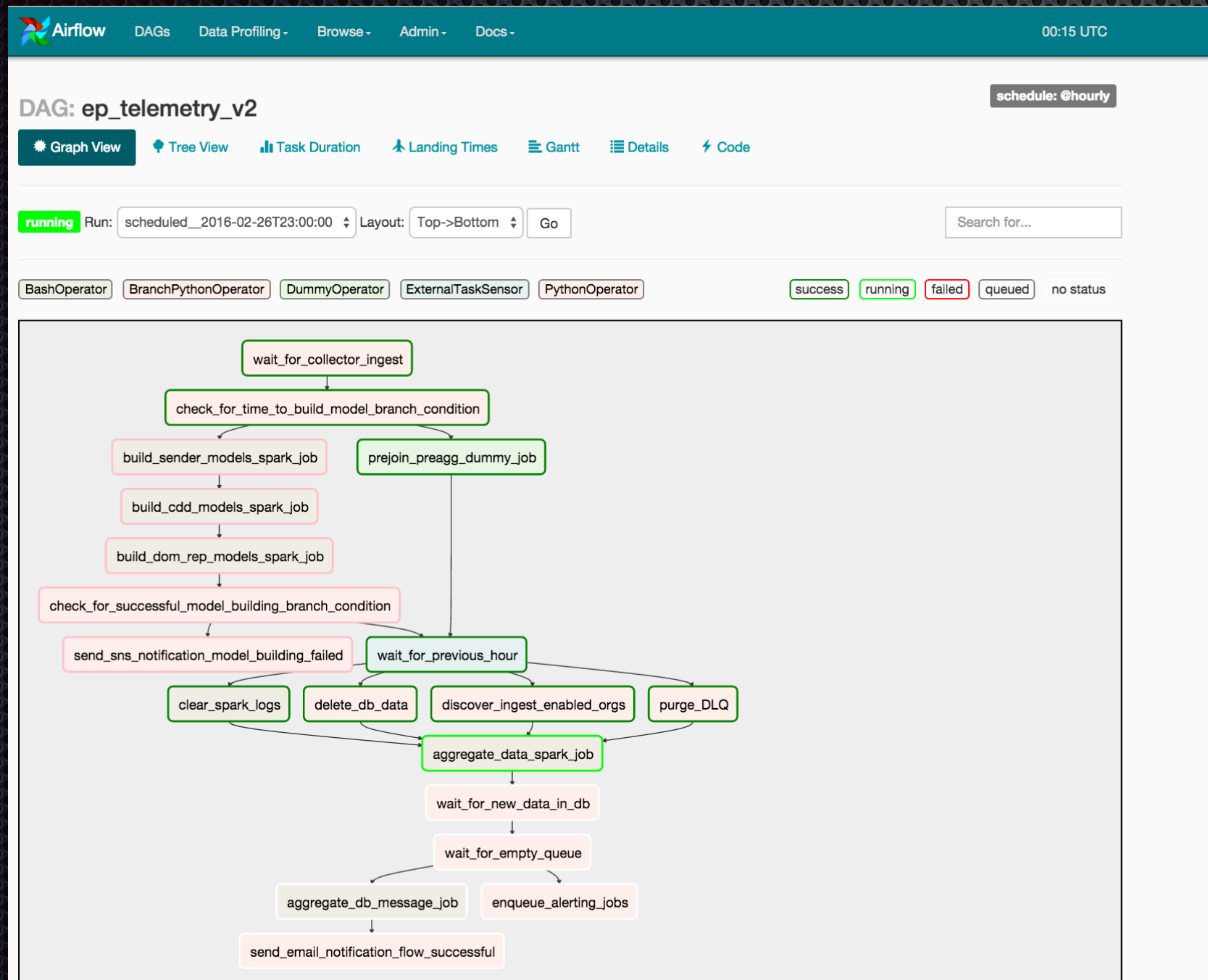


The screenshot displays the Apache Airflow web interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with links for Airflow, DAGs, Data Profiling, Browse, Admin, and Docs, along with the current time 18:57 UTC. Below this, the specific DAG 'ep_telemetry_v2' is selected, with a 'schedule: @hourly' indicator. A row of view options includes Graph View, Tree View, Task Duration, Landing Times, Gantt, Details, and a Code button. The main area shows the Python code for 'ep_telemetry_dag.py'. The code starts with imports for DAG, utils, and various operators and datetime functions. It then defines the DAG's default arguments, including owner, dependencies, pool, start date, email notifications, retries, and retry delays. The DAG is instantiated with a schedule interval of '@hourly'. Finally, a PythonOperator is defined to wait for collector ingest, with a task ID 'wait_for_collector_ingest' and a callable that triggers the DAG.

```
1 from airflow import DAG, utils
2 from airflow.operators import *
3 from datetime import date, datetime, time, timedelta
4 from ep_telemetry_pipeline_utils import *
5
6 now = datetime.now()
7 now_to_the_hour = now.replace(hour=now.time().hour, minute=0, second=0, microsecond=0)
8 START_DATE = now_to_the_hour + timedelta(hours=-3)
9 DAG_NAME = 'ep_telemetry_v2'
10 ORG_IDS = get_active_org_ids_string()
11
12 default_args = {
13     'owner': 'sanand',
14     'depends_on_past': False,
15     'pool': 'ep_data_pipeline',
16     'start_date': START_DATE,
17     'email': [import_ep_pipeline_alert_email_dl],
18     'email_on_failure': import_airflow_enable_notifications,
19     'email_on_retry': import_airflow_enable_notifications,
20     'retries': 1,
21     'retry_delay': timedelta(seconds=120),
22     'priority_weight': import_airflow_priority_weight
23 }
24 dag = DAG(DAG_NAME, schedule_interval='@hourly', default_args=default_args, sla_miss_callback=sla_a
25
26
27 # Operator DAG Design
28 # 0. Purge DLQ
29 # 1.a Get Collector counts for validation
30 # 1.b Delete db data
31 # 2. Generate Parquet files -- this also consumes new upload files and moves them into archived
32 # 2.a. Get counts of messages by org
33 # 3. Run Model Building
34 # 4. Run Aggregate Spark Job -- this generates aggregate data from Parquet files
35 # 5. Check SQS for new messages -- if no messages, branch --> send email
36 # 6. Check the DB for new rows within exec_date - 1d <--> exec_date
37 # 7. Wait for SQS to drain
38 # 8. Send an email that the flow completed successfully
39
40 # Operator : Wait for S3 delays related to collector_ingest copies
41 wait_for_collector_ingest = PythonOperator(
42     task_id='wait_for_collector_ingest',
43     provide_context=True,
44     python_callable=wait_for_collector_ingest,
45     dag=dag)
46
47
```



Apache Airflow - Authoring DAGs

Airflow: Visualizing a DAG



Apache Airflow - Managing DAGs

Airflow: It's easy to manage multiple DAGs

 **Airflow**

DAGs

Data Profiling ▾

Browse ▾

Admin ▾

Docs ▾

00:31 UTC

DAGs

Show entries

Search:

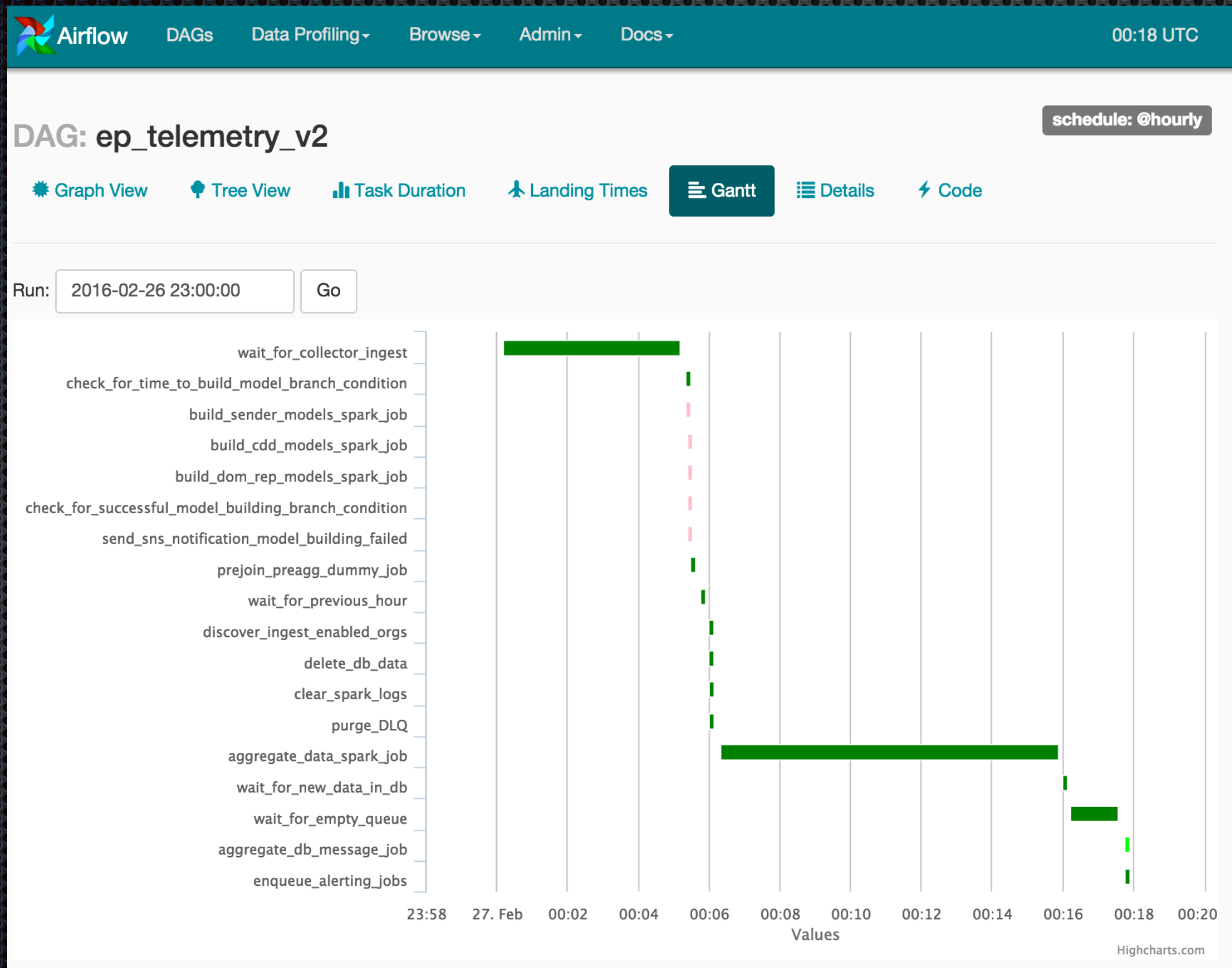
		DAG	Schedule	Owner	Statuses	Links
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	db_backup_v1	0 4 ***	aflury	<div><div>25</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	emr_forwarders	0 8 ***	kmandich	<div><div>118</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	emr_model_building	0 1 ***	kmandich	<div><div>235</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	ep_model_building_v1	0 1 ***	sanand	<div><div>253</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	ep_reload_data	None	sanand	<div><div>2</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ep_telemetry_v2	@hourly	sanand	<div><div>30671</div><div>7</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	
	<input type="checkbox"/>	feedback_report	1 day, 0:00:00	kmandich	<div><div>72</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	generate_spoofs	1 day, 0:00:00	kmandich	<div><div>258</div><div></div><div>1</div><div>1</div><div></div><div></div></div>	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	refresh_asn_data	0 10 ***	kmandich	<div><div>292</div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	refresh_dns_cache	0 10 1,15 **	kmandich	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	

Showing 1 to 10 of 10 entries

Previous **1** Next

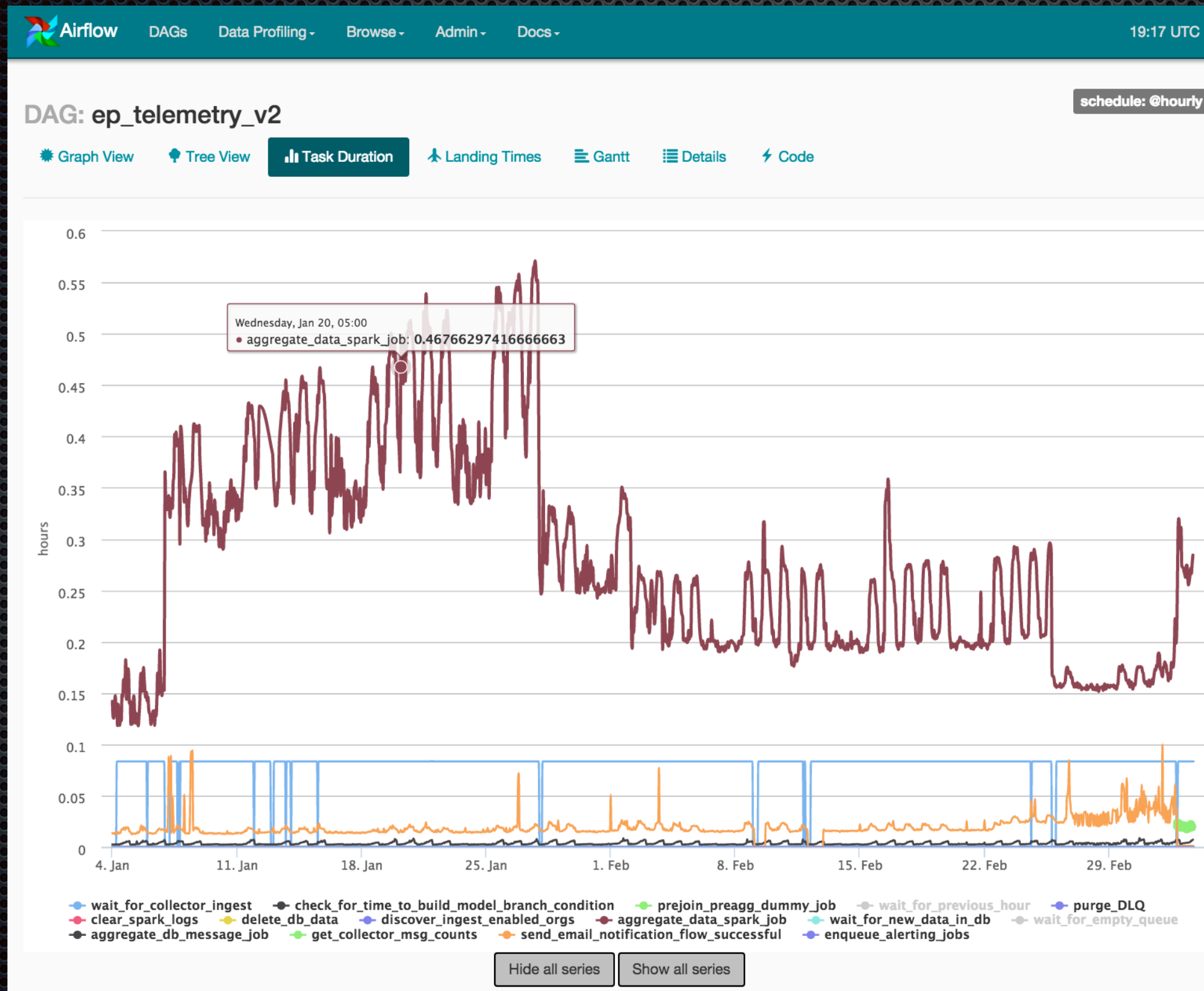
Apache Airflow - Perf. Insights

Airflow: Gantt chart view reveals the slowest tasks for a run!



Apache Airflow - Perf. Insights

Airflow: Task Duration chart view show task completion time trends!



Apache Airflow - Alerting

Slack

★ #ep-ops A channel with info that can help you resolve VictorOps alerts 13 Search

Today

Airflow BOT 10:00 AM
EP_STAGE - ep_telemetry_v2 SLA Miss for task `send_email_notification_flow_successful` on `2016-02-26T18:00:00`

sid 10:02 AM
So, we need to catch up here.. any reason we don't want to just mark success for the many hours it is behind?

Airflow BOT 11:00 AM
EP_STAGE - ep_telemetry_v2 SLA Miss for task `send_email_notification_flow_successful` on `2016-02-26T19:00:00`

Airflow BOT 5:27 PM
ep_telemetry_v2 on `etl-00.ep-old.prod.agari.com` completed `2016-02-03 00:00:00` with **High Discrepancies**

Februarv 3rd

Airflow BOT 8:48 PM ☆
ep_telemetry_v2 on `workflow-00.ep.stage.agari.com` completed `2016-02-26 03:00:00` with 1 DLQs : **Sample Exception**

Agari Timeline Settings Reports @sanand

Teams Users post an update...

On-call Engaged Teammates All Users

Andrew Flury @aflury Enterprise Protect, everyone

Christopher Haag @chaag Enterprise Protect, everyone

Spencer Sun @ssun everyone, healthchecks.io

More Info Feb 26, 2016 17:00:02 PST

TYPE	airflow
STATE	INFO
TIME	Feb 26, 2016 17:00:02 PST
ENTITY	airflow/telemetry/SLA_miss
MSG	EP_STAGE - ep_telemetry_v2 SLA M...

More Info Feb 26, 2016 16:00:04 PST

TYPE	airflow
STATE	INFO
TIME	Feb 26, 2016 16:00:04 PST
ENTITY	airflow/telemetry/SLA_miss
MSG	EP_STAGE - ep_telemetry_v2 SLA M...

More Info Feb 26, 2016 15:41:40 PST

TYPE	airflow
STATE	INFO

Triggered : 0

Acked : 0

Resolved

#102 ALERT - Prod EP Pipeline Discrepancy: workflow-00.ep.prod.agari.com/agari.log [Agari Data Inc]

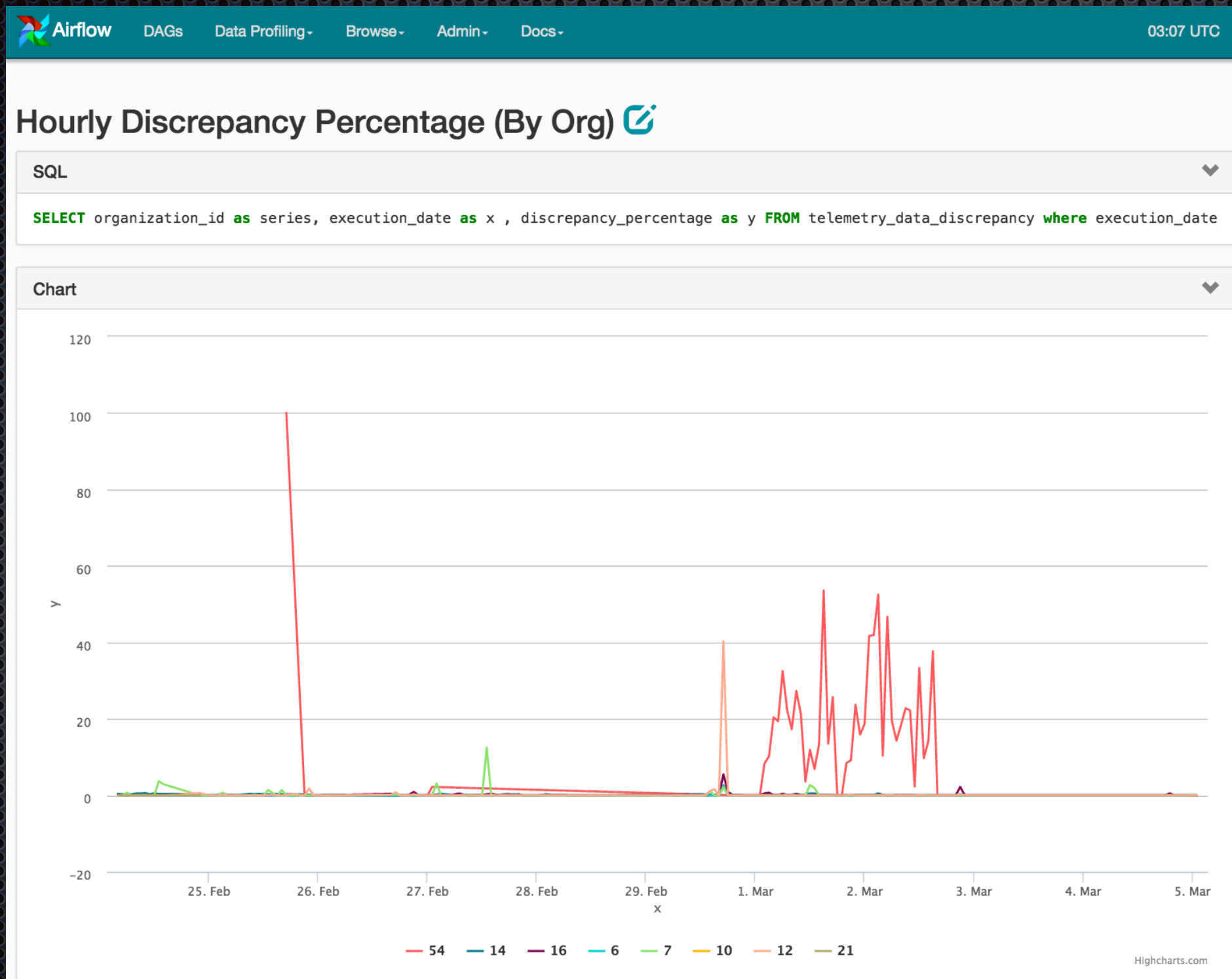
Time	Feb 26, 2016 13:...
Email	ALERT - Prod EP ...
State	OK
Resolved By	aflury

#101 airflow/telemetry/SLA_miss

Time	Feb 26, 2016 13:0...
API	airflow/telemetry...
State	INFO
Resolved By	SYSTEM

VictorOps Connected Download the mobile app → Get Help

Apache Airflow - Correctness



Desirable Qualities of a Resilient Data Pipeline

Correctness

Operability

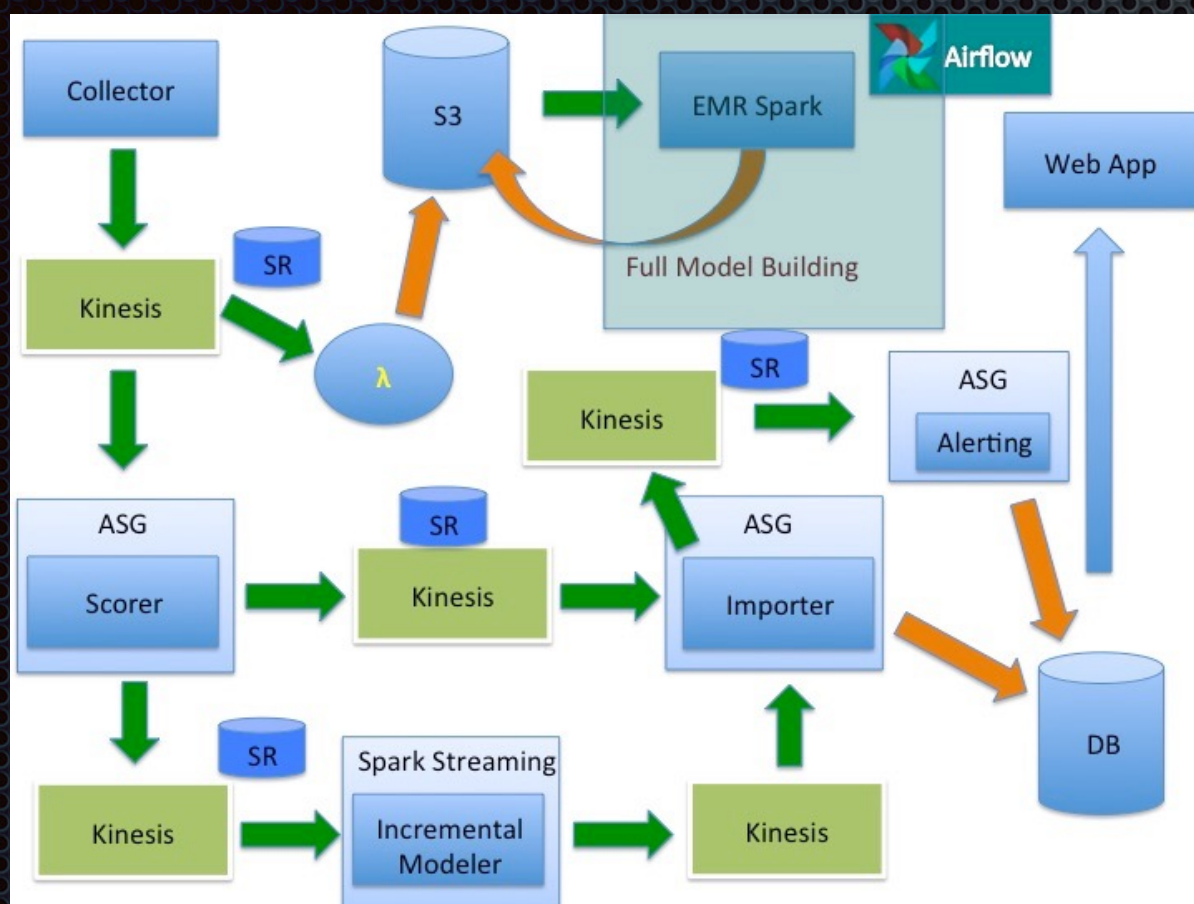
Timeliness

Cost

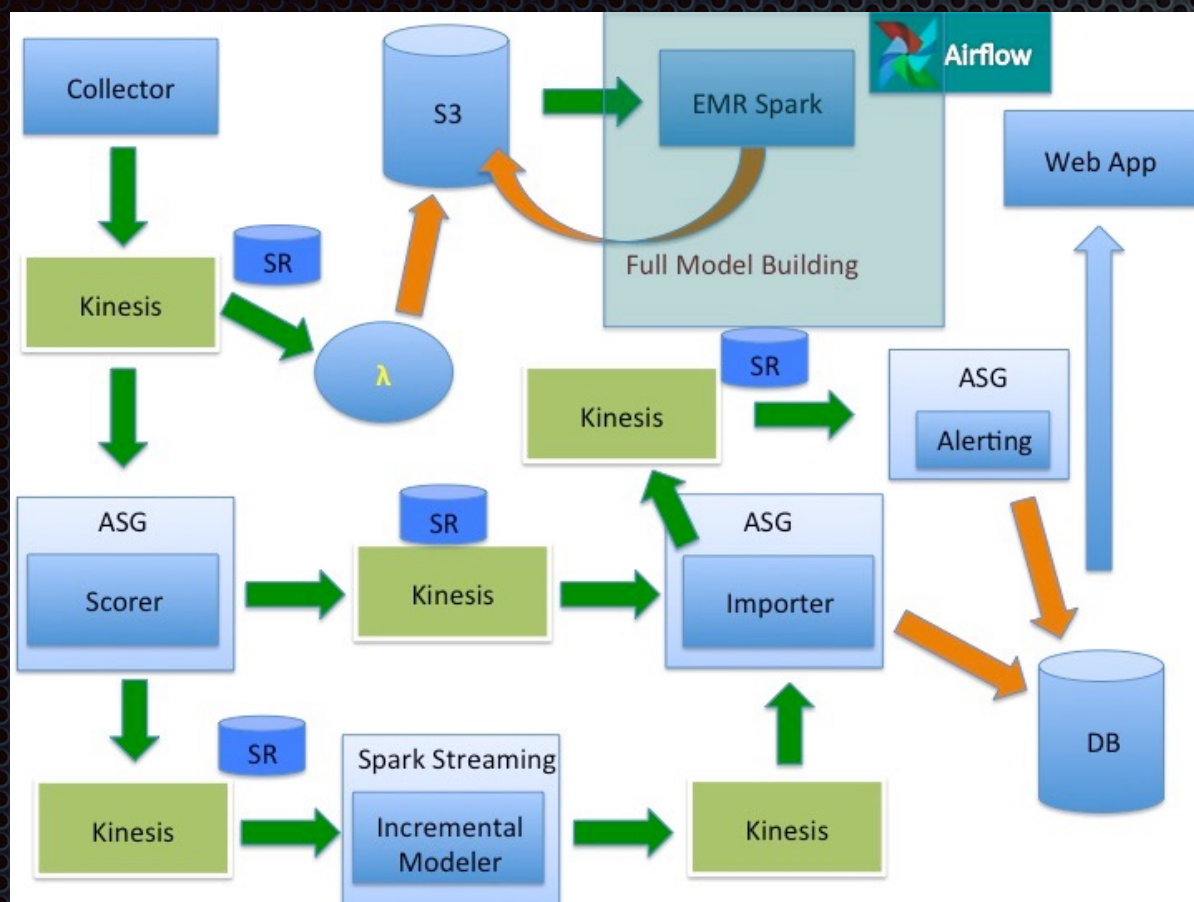
Near-Real Time Data Pipelines

Stream Processing @ Agari

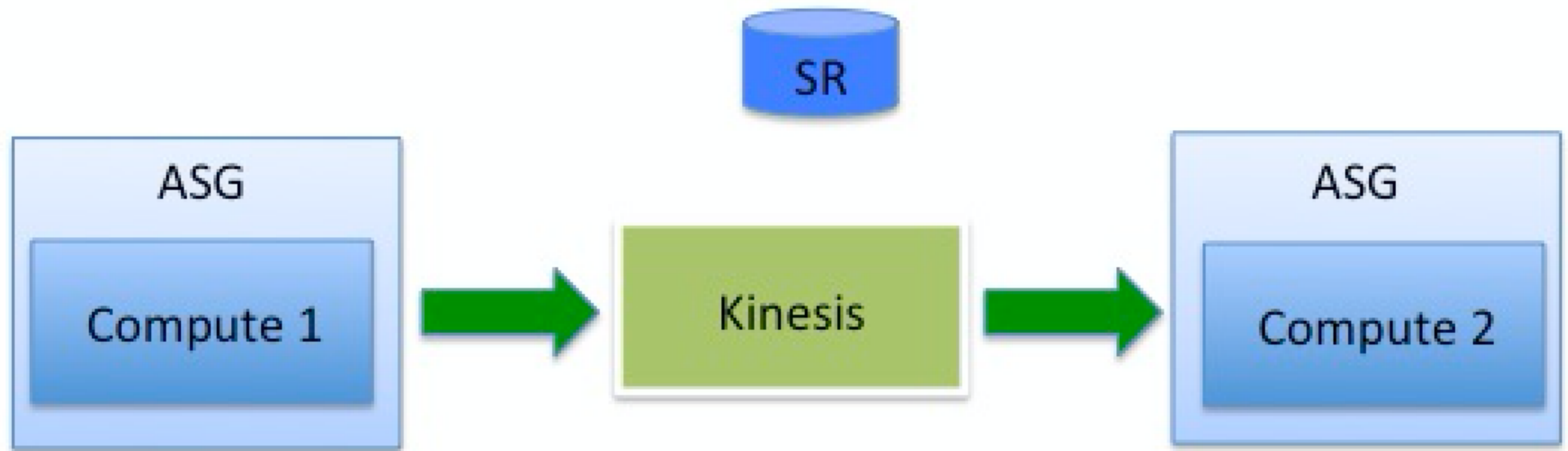
NRT Architecture



NRT Architecture



NRT Architecture



- ✦ The Architecture is composed of repeated patterns of :
 - ✦ ASG-based compute
 - ✦ Kinesis streams (i.e. AWS' managed "Kafka")
 - ✦ Lambda-based Avro Schema Registry

Avro Schema Registry

Avro Schema Storage

What is Avro?

A self-describing (schema'd) serialization format

```
{
  "namespace": "com.agari.ep.collector.model",
  "type": "record",
  "doc": "This Schema describes the server-side configuration of Agari's Enterprise-Protect Collector",
  "name": "collector_config",
  "fields": [
    {"name": "email_log_enabled", "type": "boolean"},
    {"name": "email_log_interval_seconds", "type": ["int", "null"]},
    {"name": "email_log_bucket_name", "type": "string"},
    {"name": "phone_home_interval_seconds", "type": "int"},
    {"name": "phone_home_sns_topic_ARN", "type": "string"},
    {"name": "config_pull_interval_seconds", "type": "int"},
    {"name": "receiver_netblocks", "type": ["null", {"type": "array", "items": "string"}]},
    {
      "name": "connecting_ip",
      "type": [
        "null",
        {
          "type": "record",
          "name": "connecting_ip_record",
          "fields": [
            {
              "name": "received_header_index",
              "type": "int"
            }
          ]
        }
      ]
    }
  ]
}
```

.....

What is Avro?

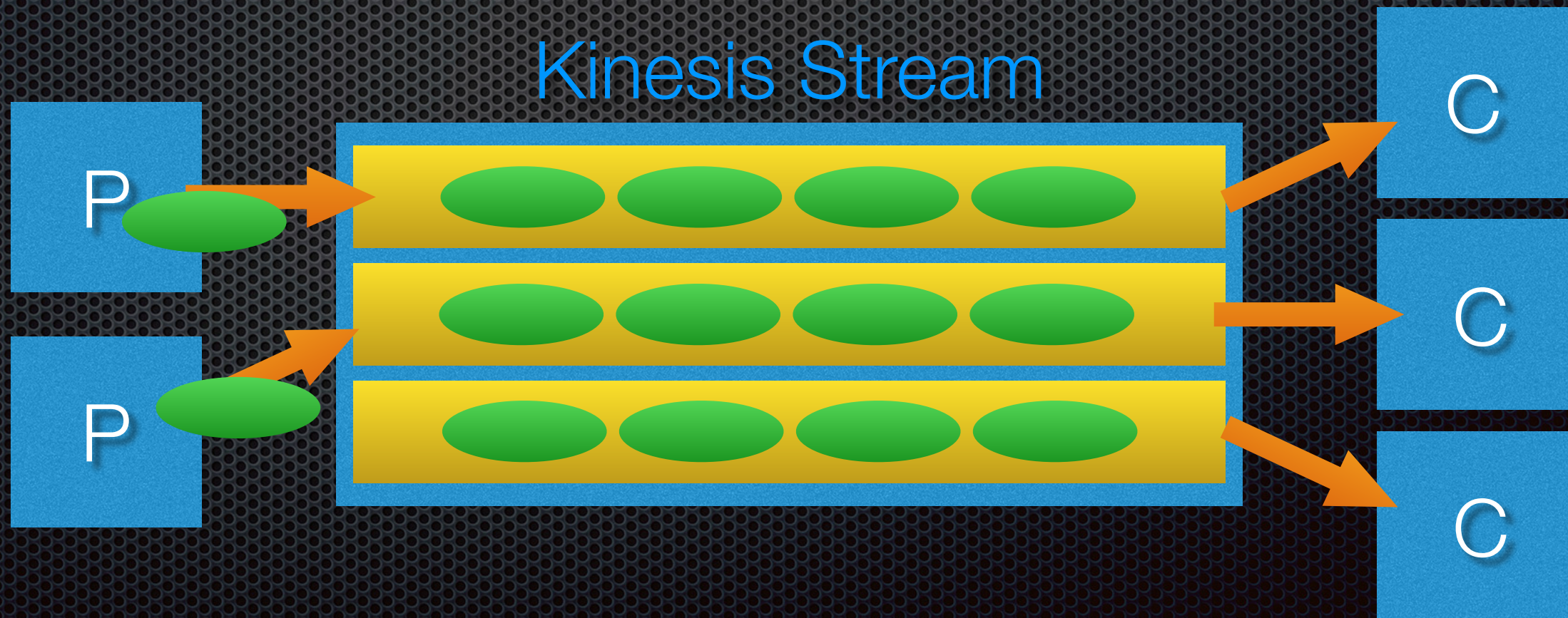
- ✧ Typically, the schema is stored in the same file as the data it represents
 - ✧ In HDFS, where files are typically large, the schema overhead is negligible

Schema Registry

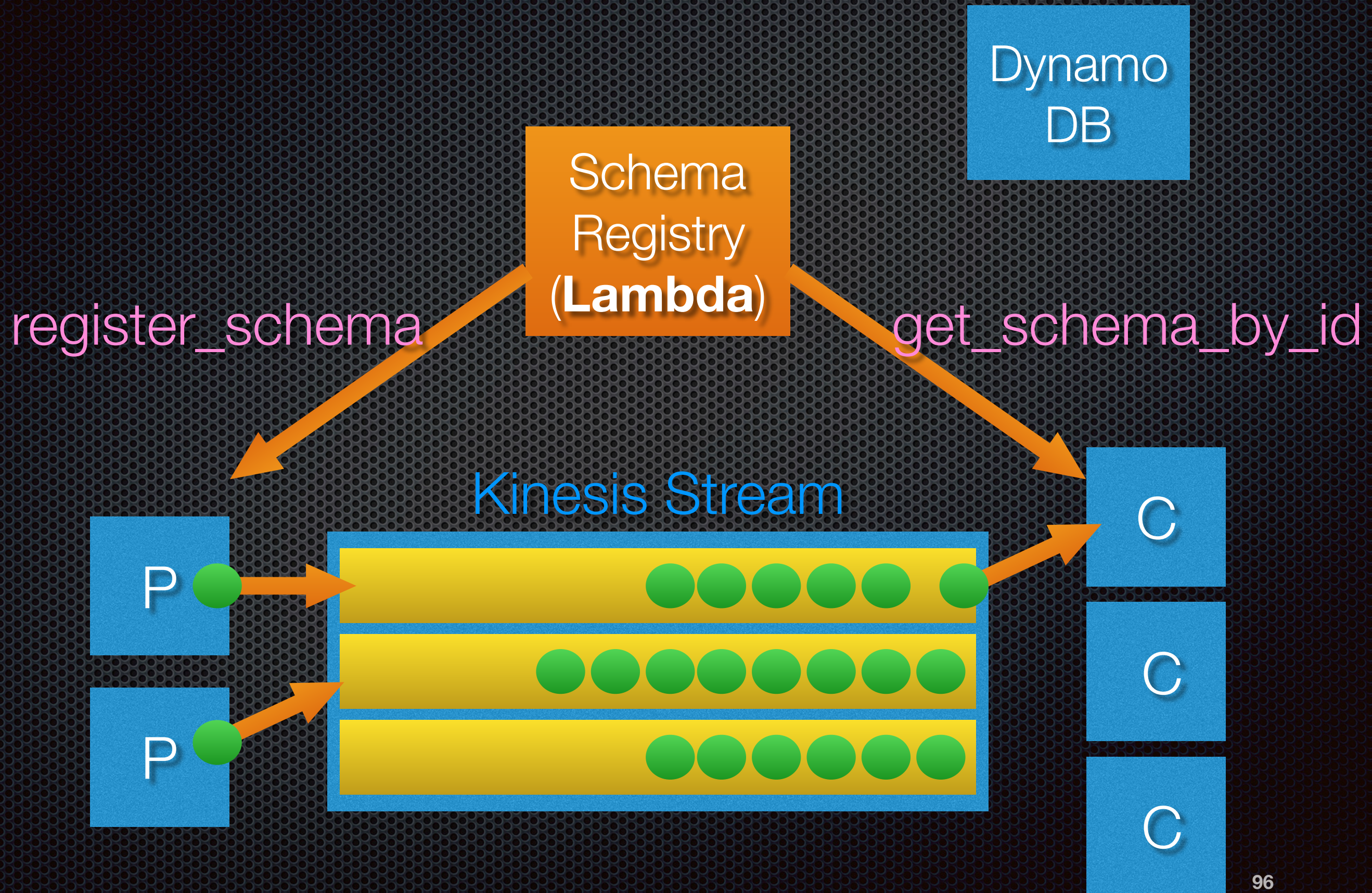
- ✦ In streaming, where each record may be sent individually, the schema will be the majority of the data transmitted!
- ✦  is a fat message

Can we be smarter?

Kinesis Stream



Schema Registry



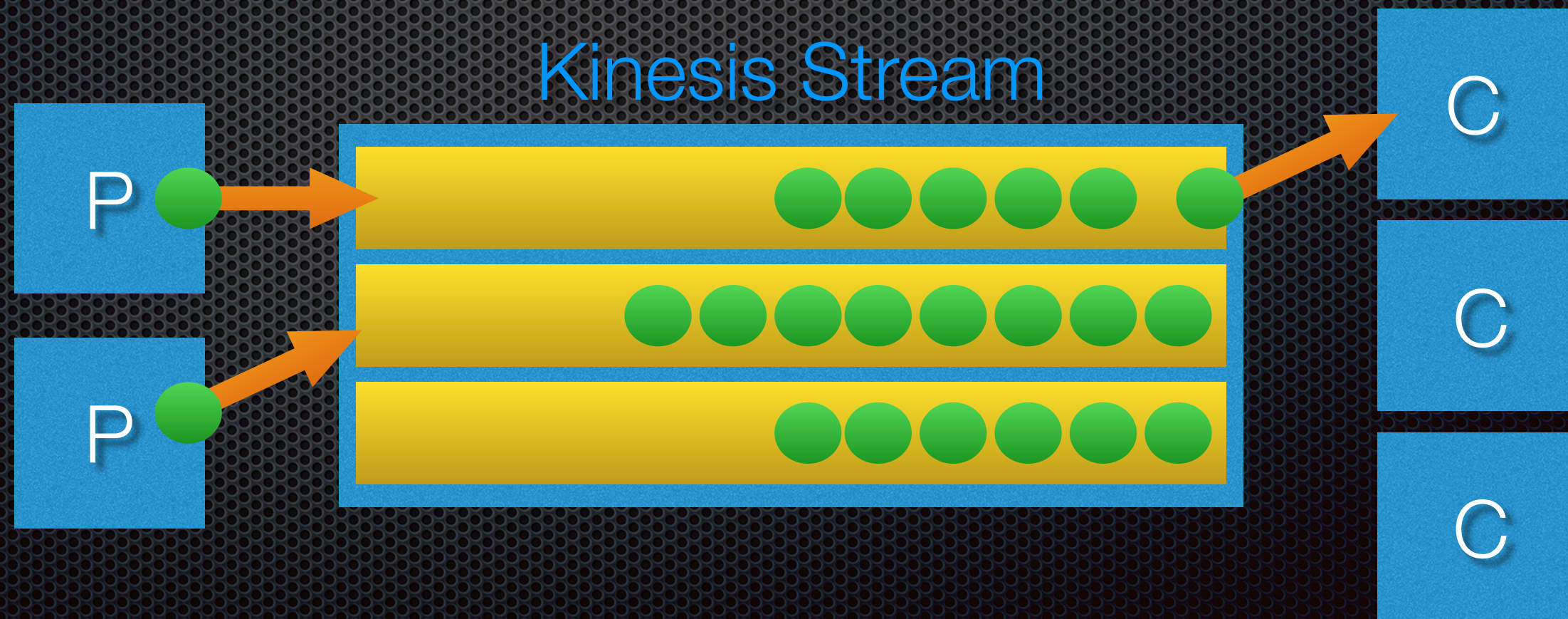
What is AWS Lambda?

- ✦ AWS-hosted code execution environment (Python, Node, Java, Ruby)
- ✦ You upload some code & specify a simple memory and CPU profile (e.g. medium CPU, 256 GB memory)
- ✦ The code will get a new version (e.g. v2)
- ✦ Code Rollback as easy as setting \$LATEST alias to a previous version (e.g. \$LATEST=v1)

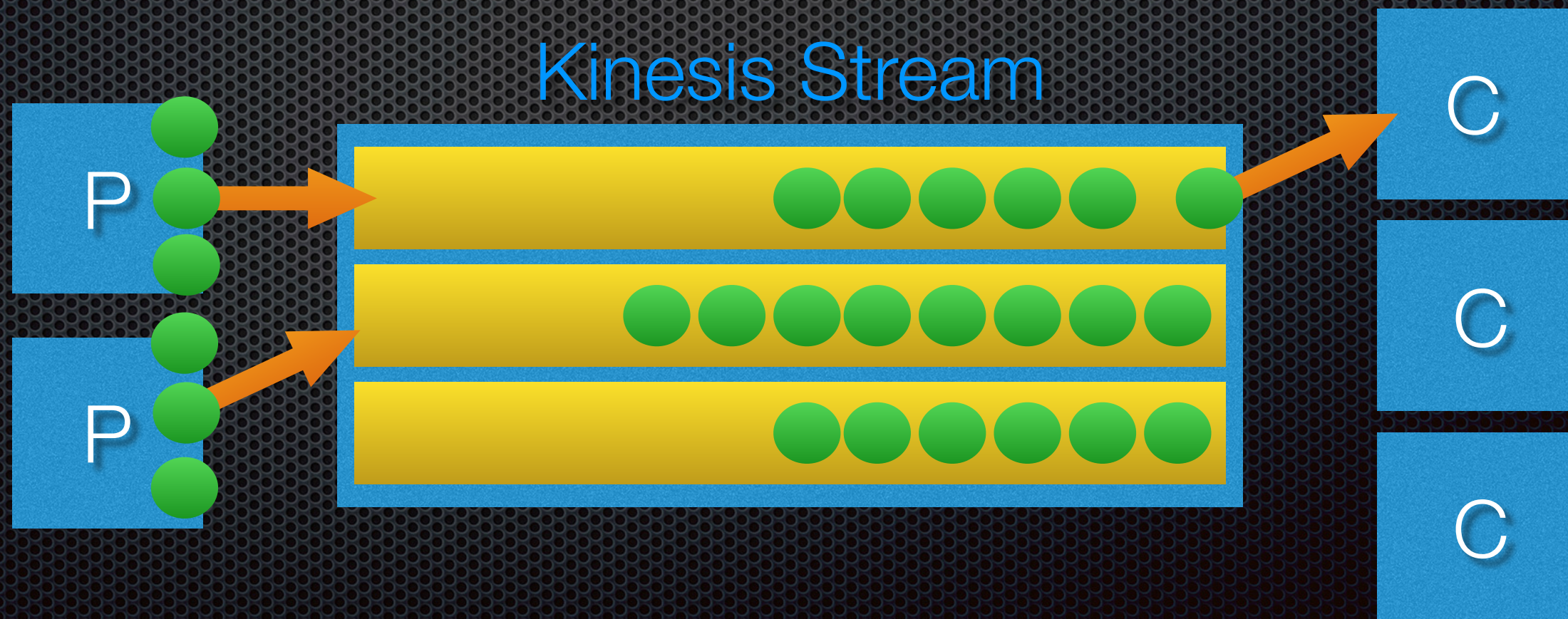
Elastic Stream Processing

How Do We Handle Increasing Traffic?

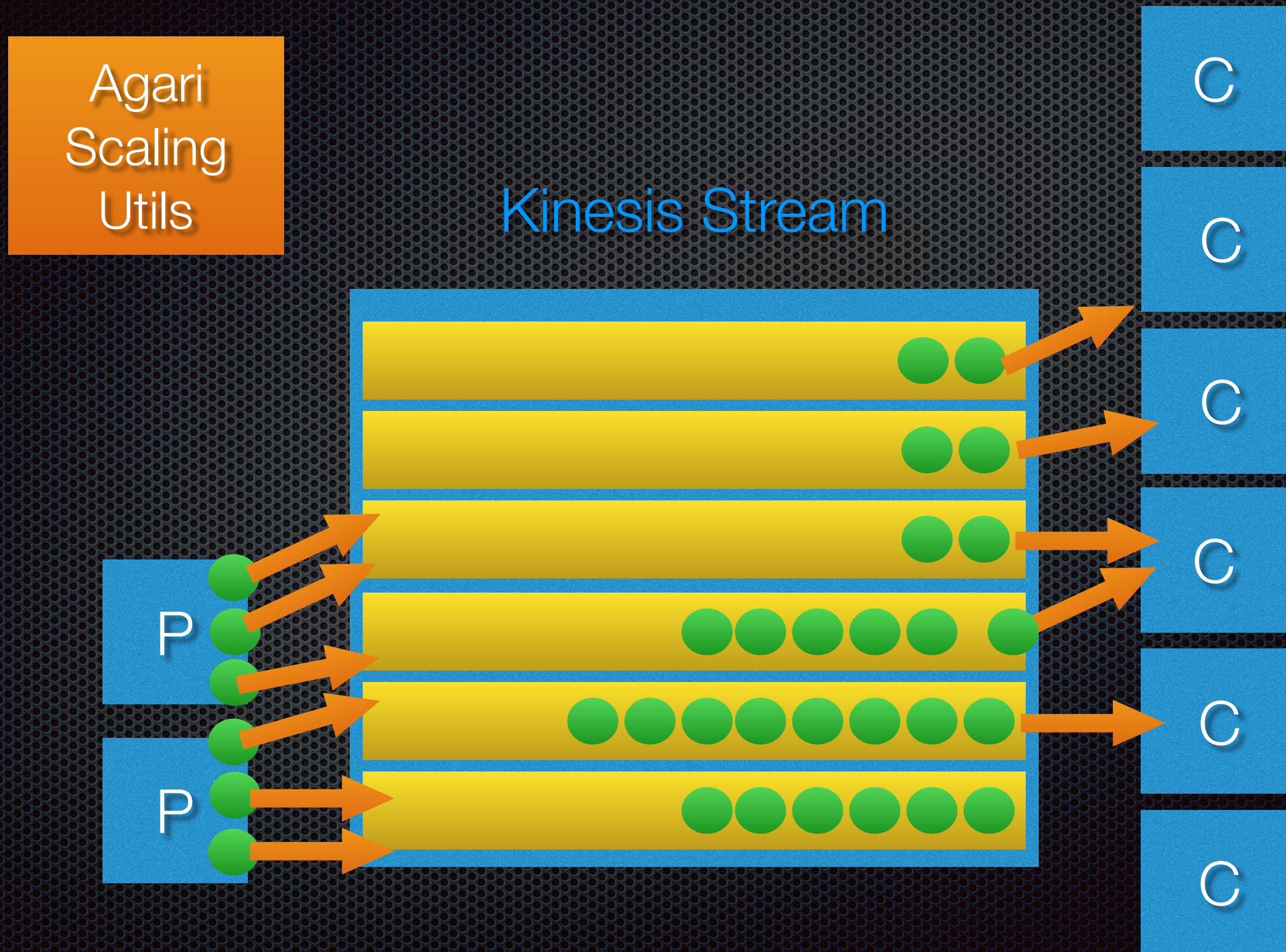
Elastic Stream Processing



Elastic Stream Processing



Elastic Stream Processing



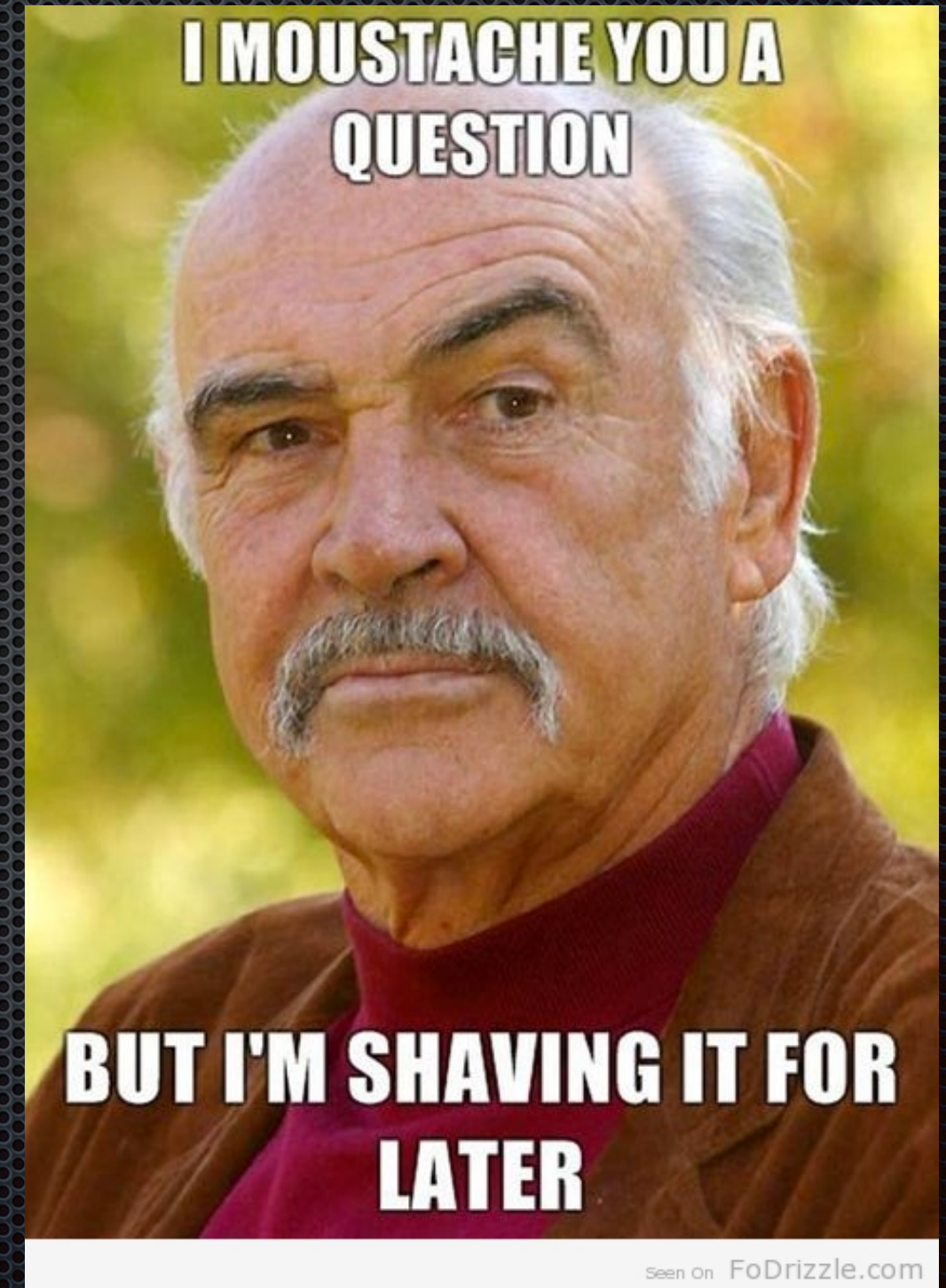
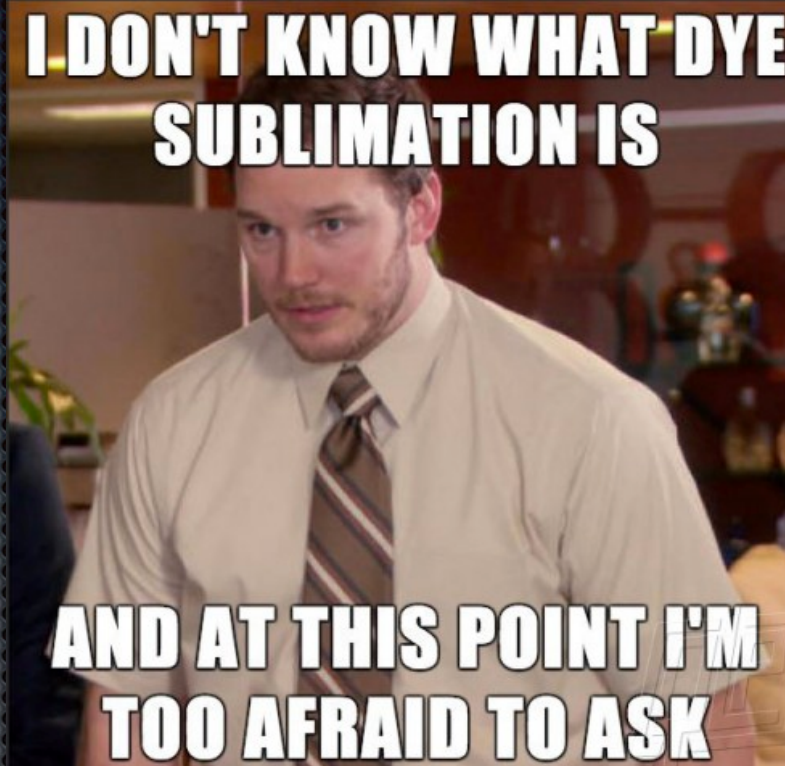
Open Source Plans

In late Q2/early Q3, we plan to open-source our cloud tools for :

- Avro Schema Registry &
- Agari (Kinesis+ASG) scaling tools

To be notified, follow @AgariEng & @r39132

Questions? (@r39132)



Due to rising costs & stupid questions;

Answers are now \$1.00.
Answers with thought \$2.00.
Correct answers \$4.00.
Dumb looks are still free.



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