



# Concurrency

Unleash your processor(s)

Václav Pech

# About me

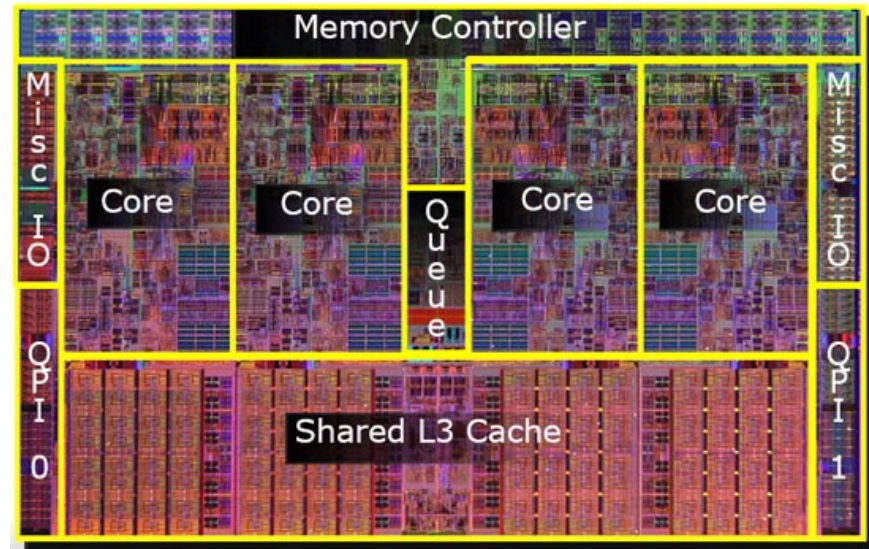
Passionate programmer  
Concurrency enthusiast



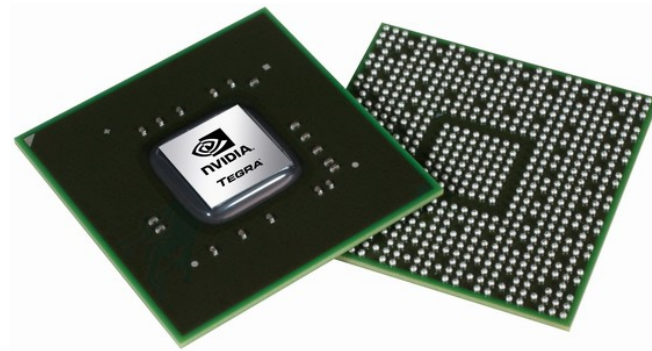
GParS @ Codehaus lead  
Groovy contributor  
Technology evangelist @ JetBrains



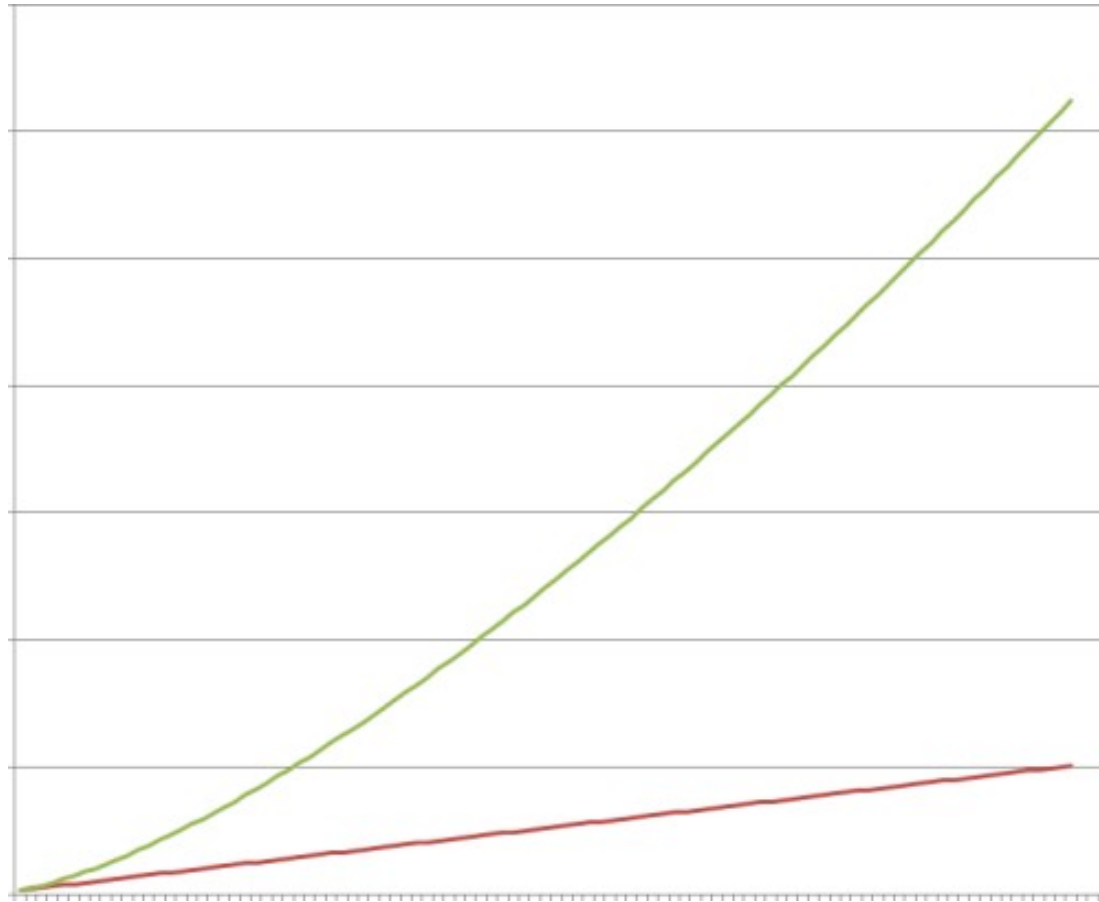
<http://www.jroller.com/vaclav>  
[http://twitter.com/vaclav\\_pec](http://twitter.com/vaclav_pec)



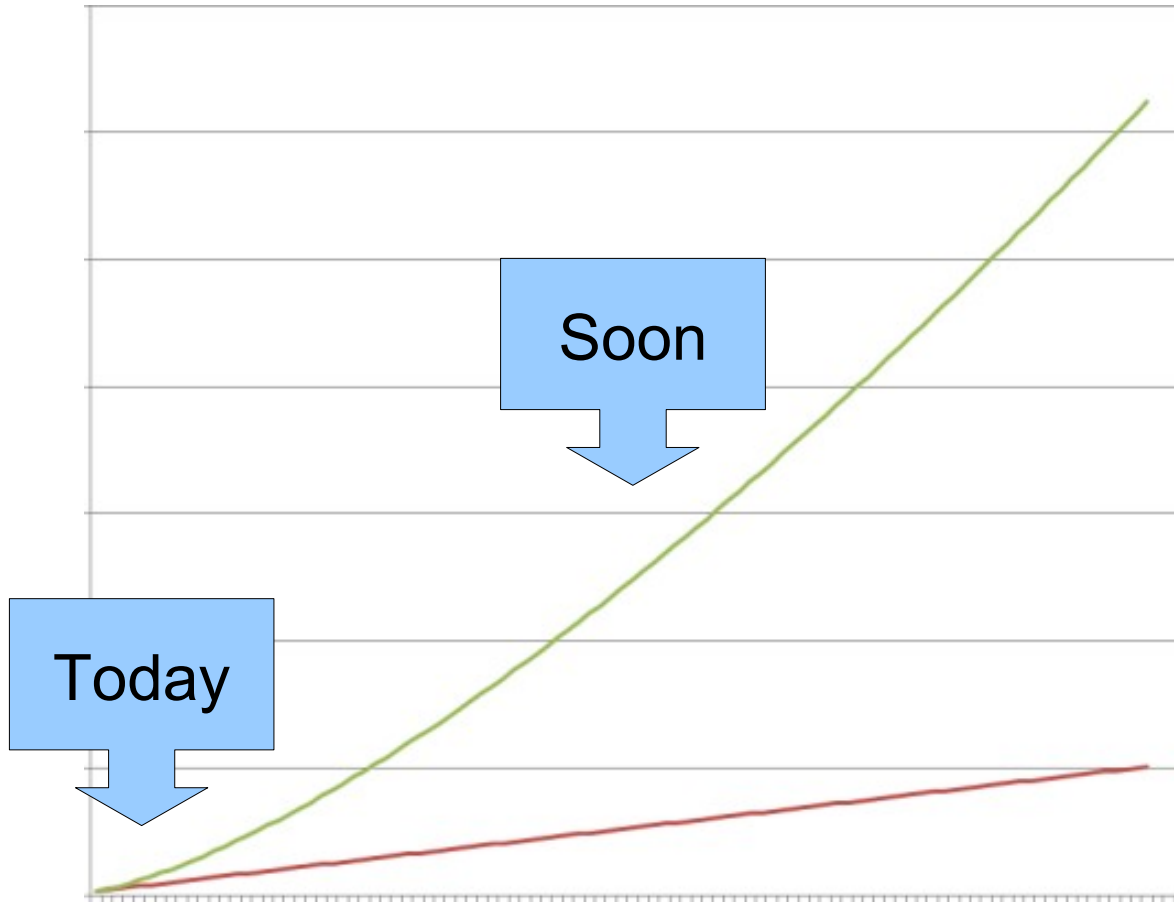
We're all in the parallel computing business!



# # of cores



# # of cores



# Dealing with threads sucks!

```
public class Counter {  
    private static long count = 0;  
  
    public Counter() {  
  
        count++;  
  
    }  
}
```

# Dealing with threads sucks!

```
public class Counter {  
    private static long count = 0;  
  
    public Counter() {  
        synchronized (this) {  
            count++;  
        }  
    }  
}
```



# Dealing with threads sucks!

```
public class Counter {  
    private static long count = 0;  
  
    public Counter() {  
        synchronized (this.getClass()) {  
            count++;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

# Dealing with threads sucks!

```
public class ClickCounter implements ActionListener {  
    public ClickCounter(JButton button) {  
        button.addActionListener(this);  
    }  
  
    public void actionPerformed(final ActionEvent e) {  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

# Stone age of parallel SW

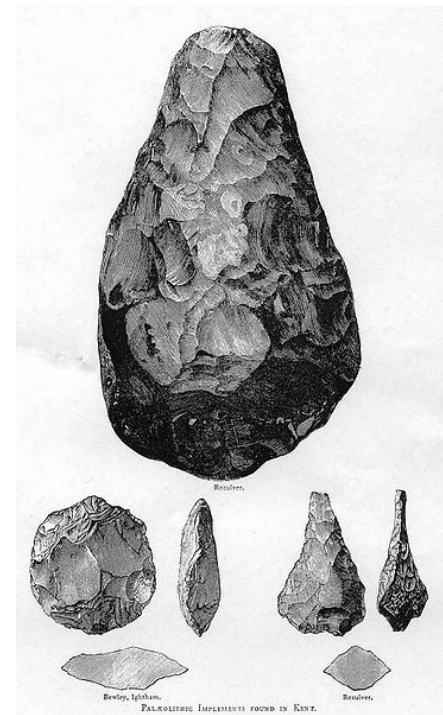
Dead-locks

Live-locks

Race conditions

Starvation

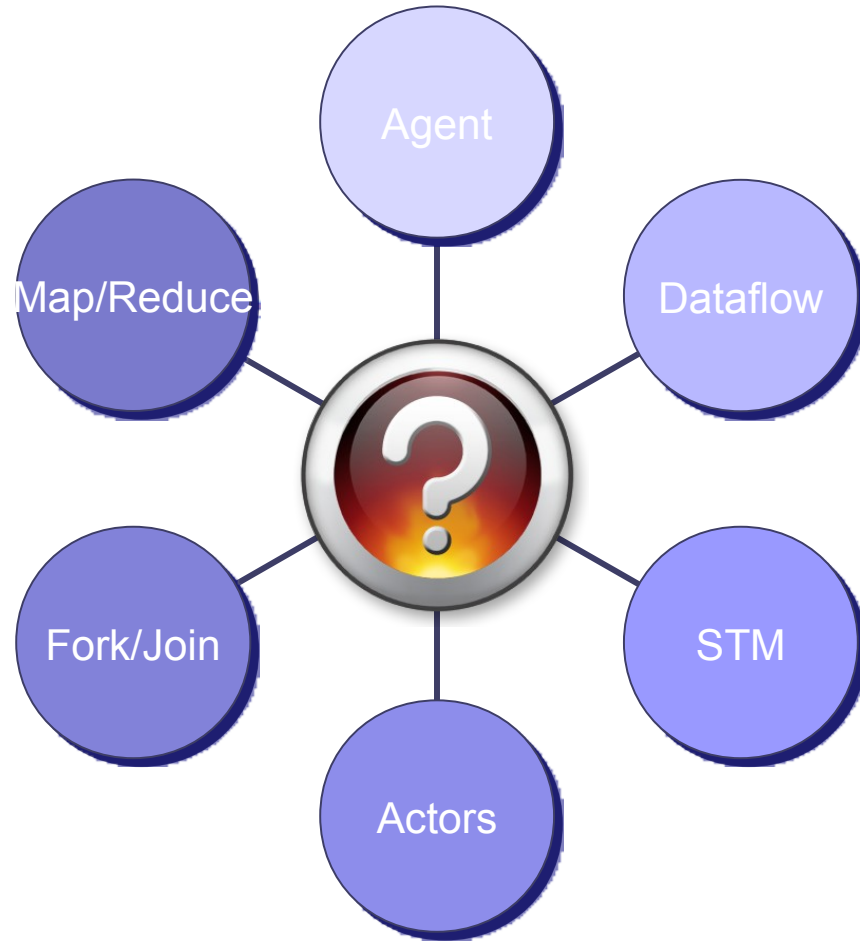
Shared Mutable State



Multithreaded programs today work mostly by accident!



# Can we do better?



# Asynchronous invocation

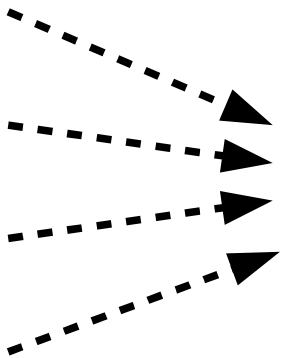
```
Future f = threadPool.submit(calculation);
```

```
...
```

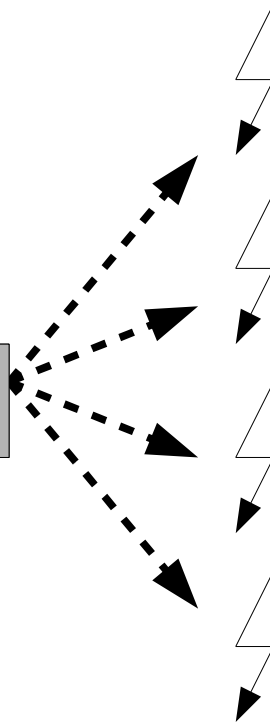
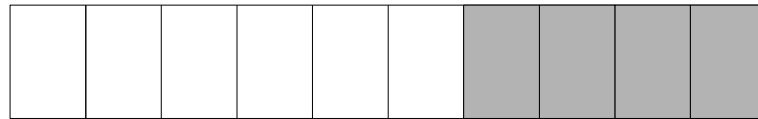
```
System.out.println("Result: " + f.get());
```

# Thread Pool

Tasks

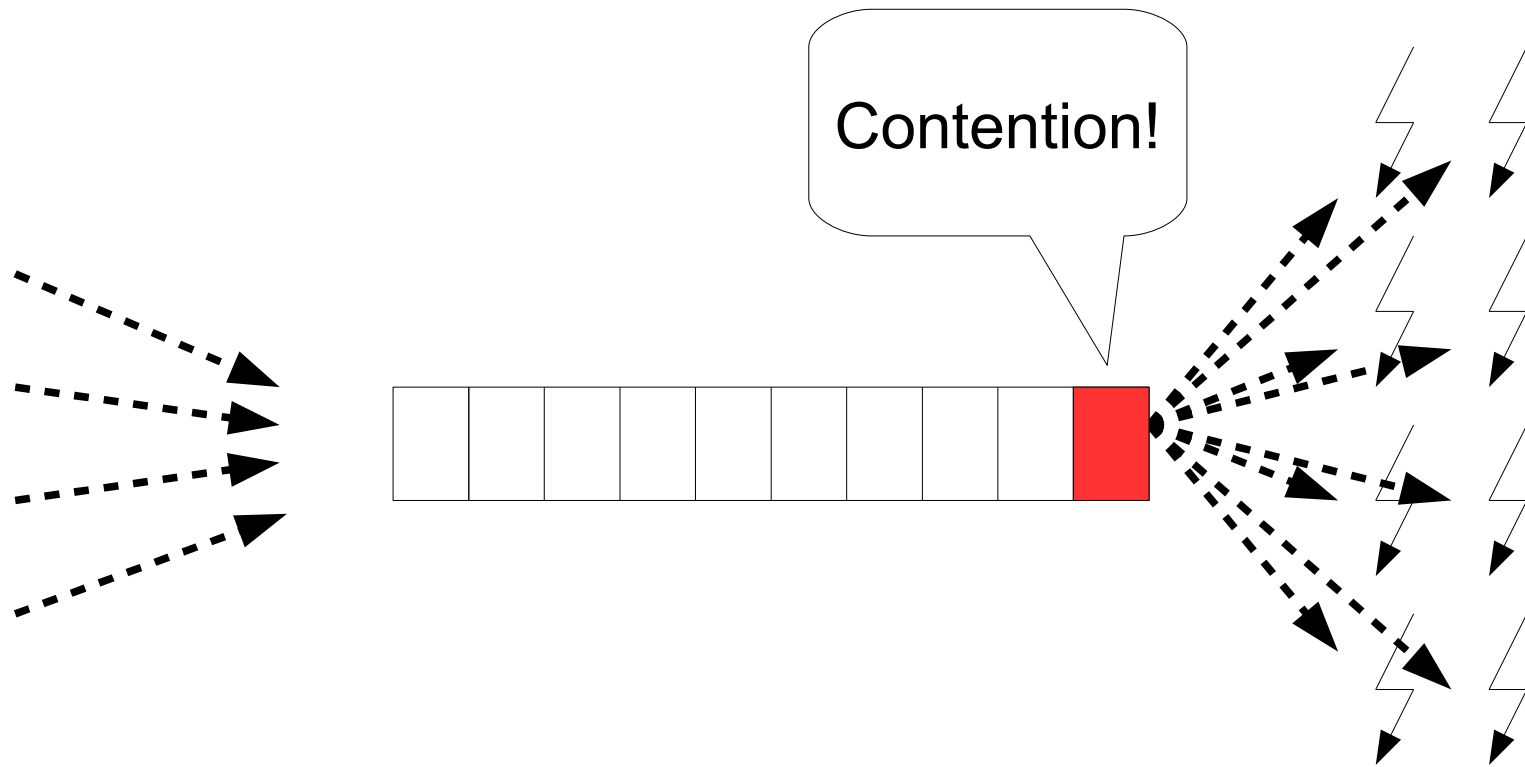


Queue



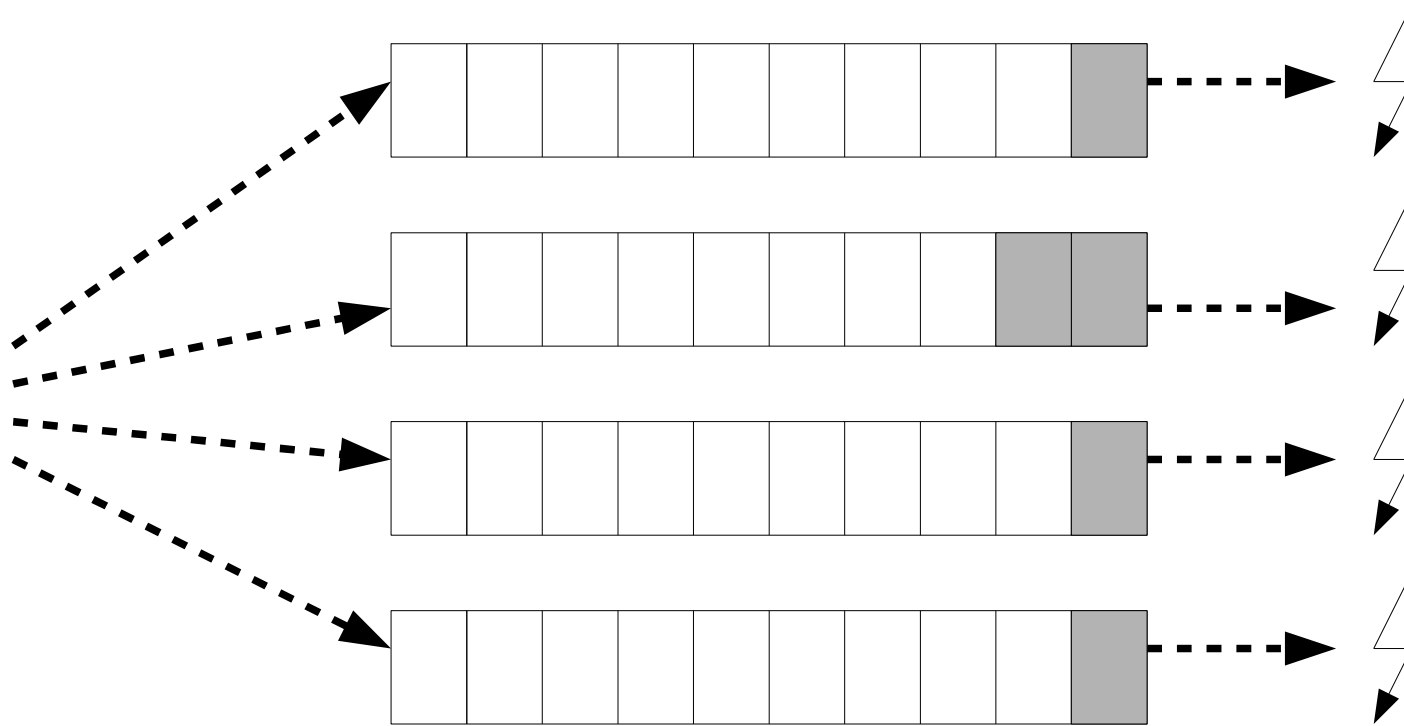
Worker threads

# Thread Pool

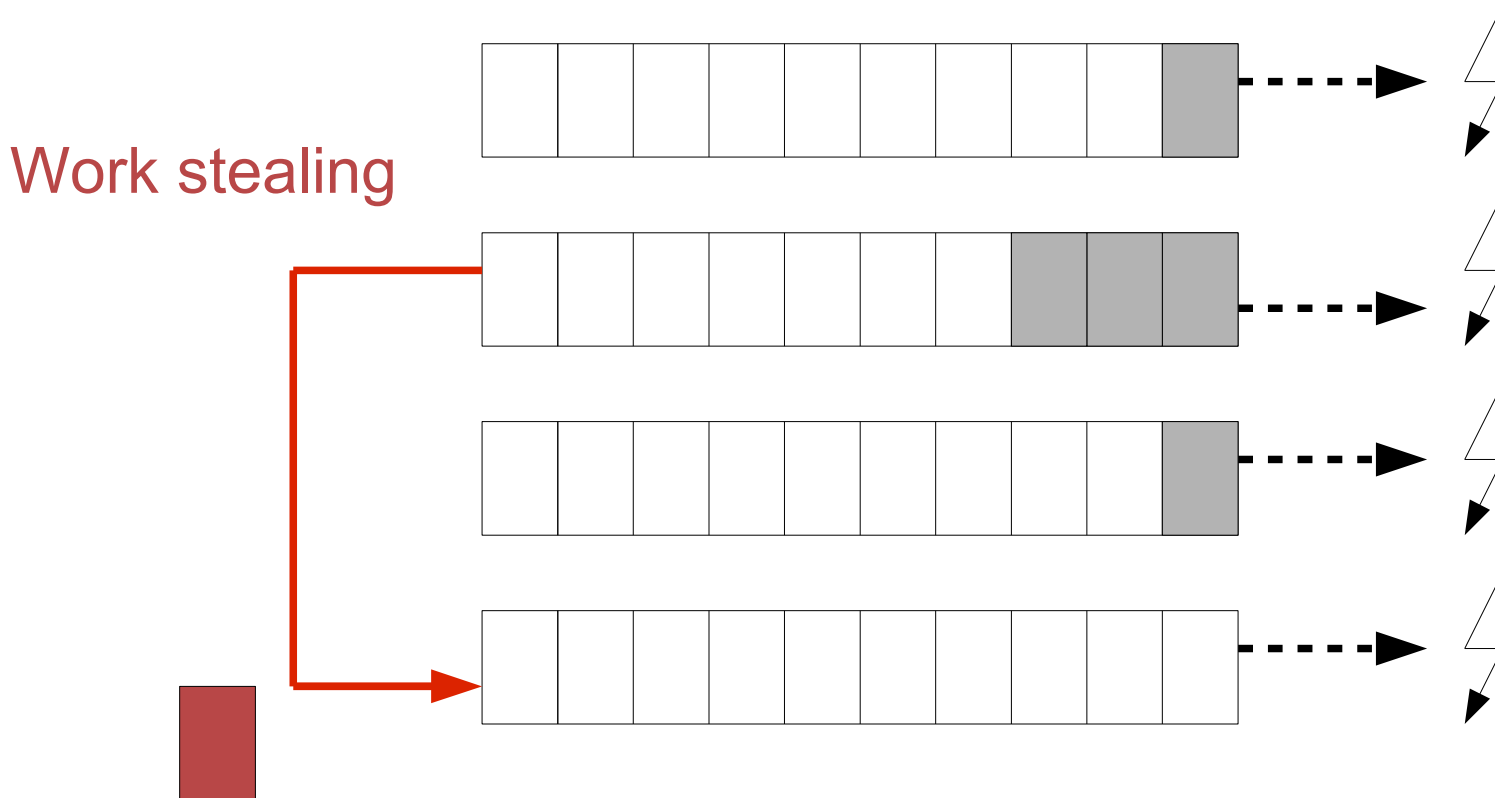




# Fork/Join Thread Pool

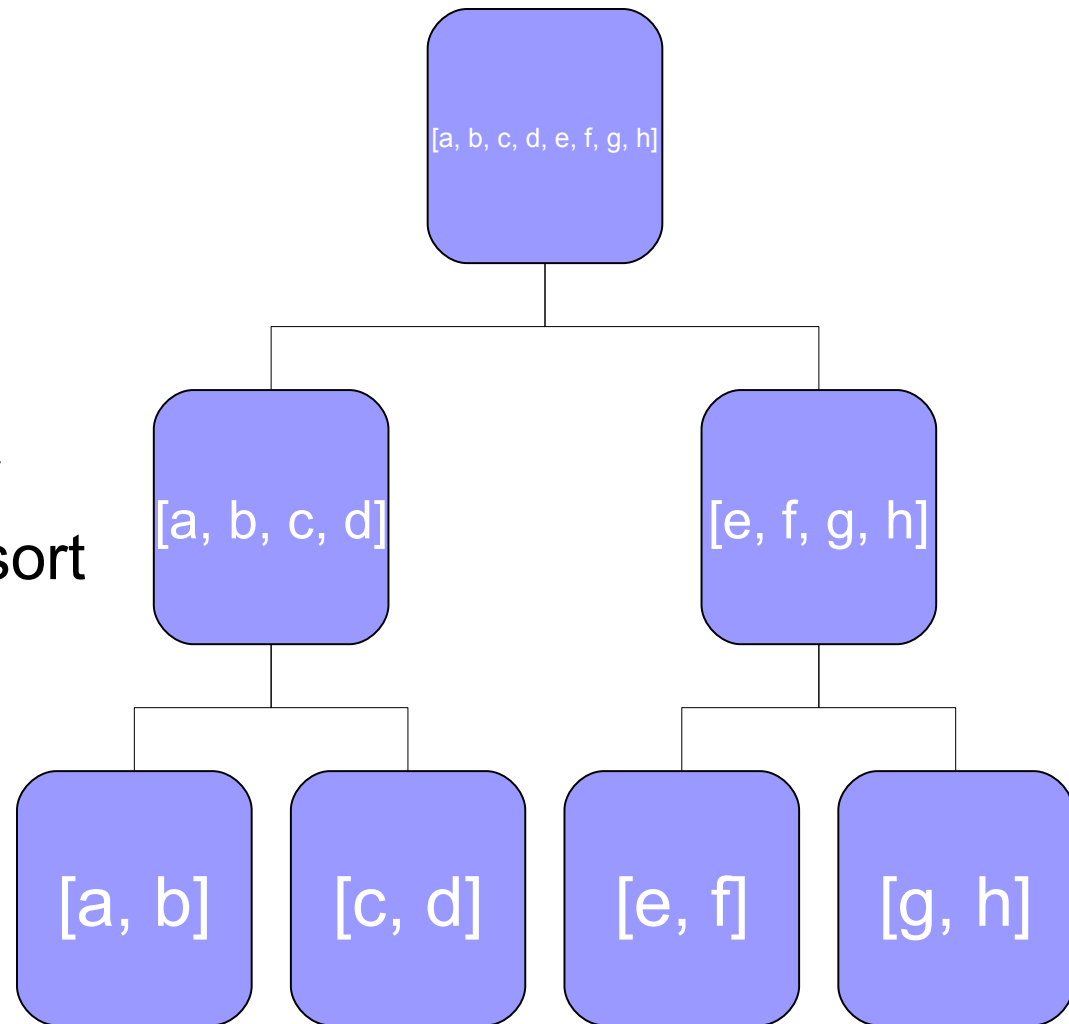


# Fork/Join Thread Pool



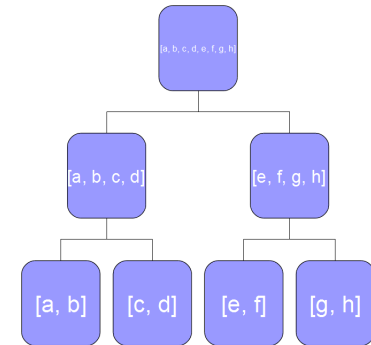
# Fork/Join

- Solve hierarchical problems
  - Divide and conquer
  - Merge sort, Quick sort
  - Tree traversal
  - File scan / search
  - ...

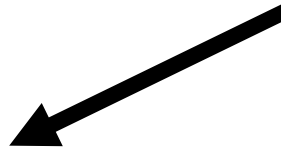


# Fork/Join (GPar)

```
runForkJoin(new File("./src")) {currentDir ->
  long count = 0;
  currentDir.eachFile {
    if (it.isDirectory()) {
      forkOffChild it
    } else {
      count++
    }
  }
  return count + childrenResults.sum(0)
}
```

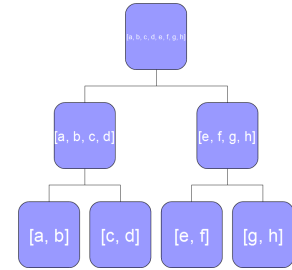


Waits for children  
without blocking the  
thread!



# Collections (Groovy/GPars)

`images.eachParallel {it.process()}`



`documents.sumParallel()`

`candidates.maxParallel {it.salary}.marry()`

# Parallel Arrays (jsr-166y)

```
ParallelArray namesOfWomen =  
    people.withFilter(aWoman).withMapping(retrieveName).all();
```

---

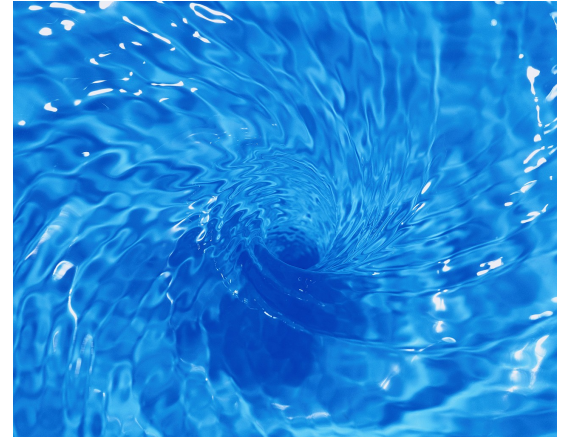
```
Ops.Predicate aWoman = new Ops.Predicate() {  
    public boolean op(Person friend) {return !friend.isMale();}  
};
```

```
Ops.Op retrieveName = new Ops.Op() {  
    public Object op(Person friend) {return friend.getName();}  
};
```

# Dataflow Concurrency

- No race-conditions
- No live-locks
- Deterministic deadlocks

Completely deterministic programs



**BEAUTIFUL** code

(Jonas Bonér)



# Milestone

Asynchronous calculations

Fork/Join

Parallel collection processing

Dataflow variables/streams





# Message Passing

## Actors

Processes with mailboxes

## Communicating Sequential Processes (CSP)

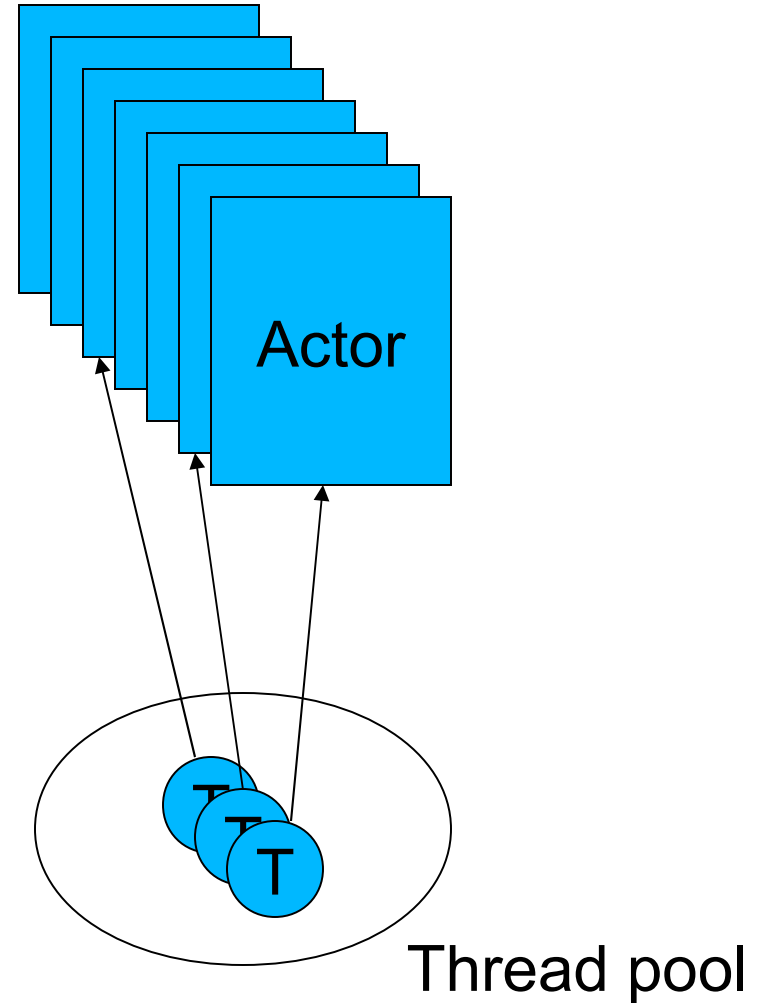
Sequential processes synchronously talking through channels

## Dataflow Operators

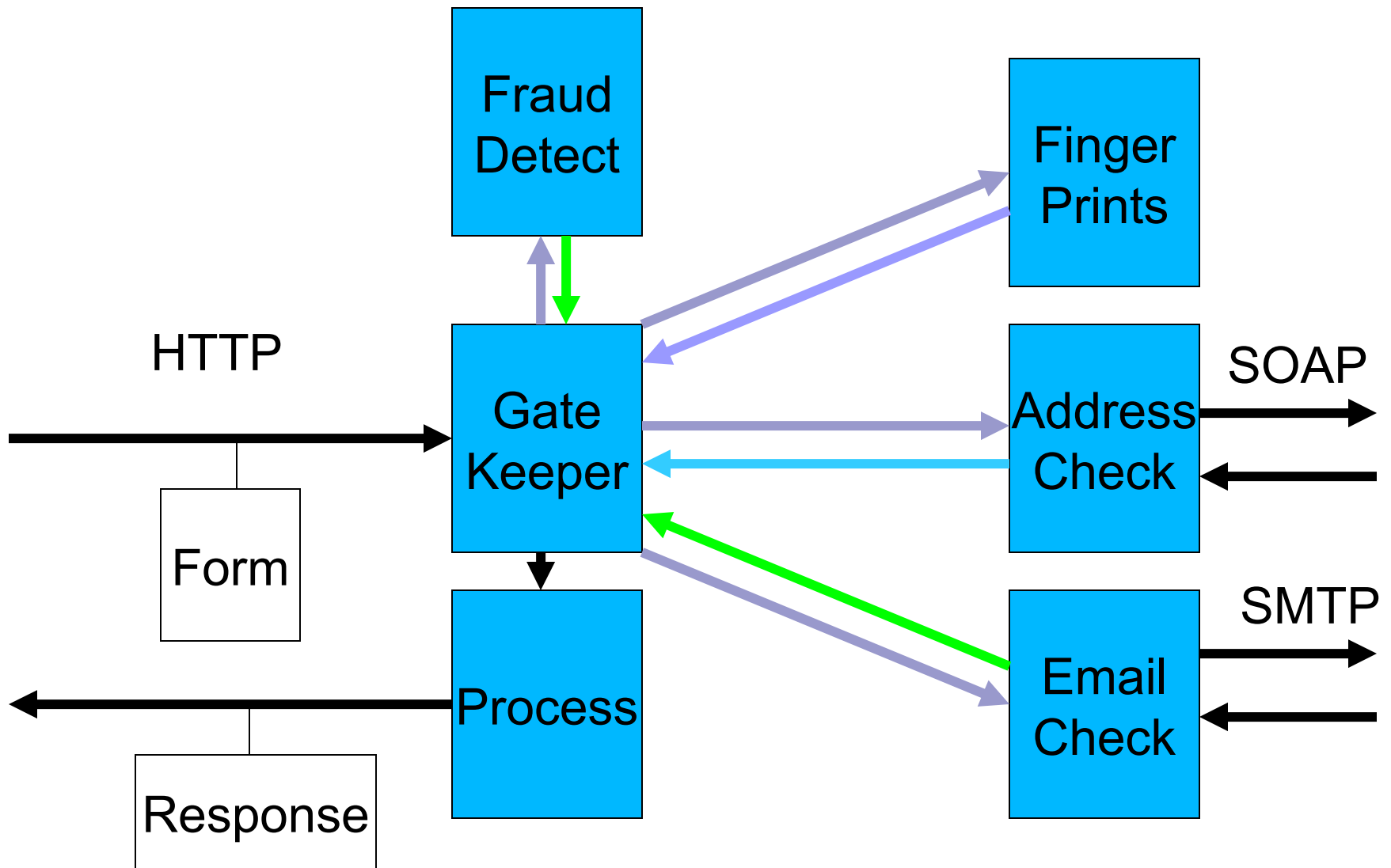
Event-triggered computations connected by channels into a graph

# Actors

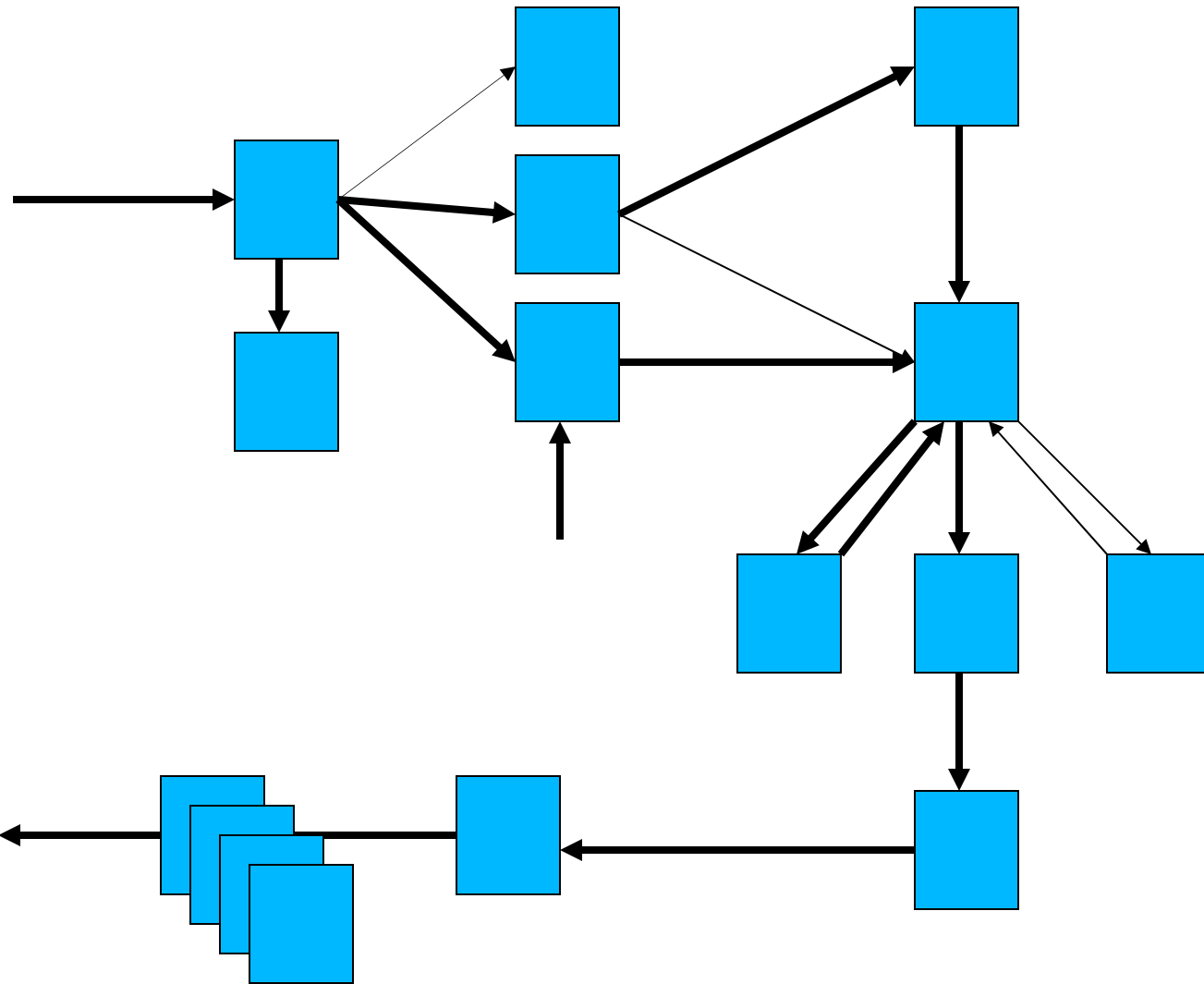
- Isolated
- Communicating
  - Immutable messages
- Active
  - Pooled shared threads
- Activities
  - Create a new actor
  - Send a message
  - Receive a message



# Actors use



# Actors patterns



Enricher

Router

Translator

Endpoint

Splitter

Aggregator

Filter

Resequencer

Checker

# Sending messages

```
buddy.send 10.eur
```

```
buddy << new Book(title:'Groovy Recipes',  
                    author:'Scott Davis')
```

```
def canChat = buddy.sendAndWait 'Got time?'
```

```
buddy.sendAndContinue 'Need money!', {cash->  
    pocket.add cash  
}
```

# Stateless Actors (pure Java)

```
class MyActor extends DynamicDispatchActor {
    private Account account = ...
    public void onMessage(String msg) {
        String encrypted = encrypt(msg);
        reply(encrypted);
    }
    public void onMessage(Integer number) {
        reply(2 * number);
    }

    public void onMessage(Money cash) {
        System.out.println("Received a donation " + cash);
        account.deposit(cash);
    }
}
```

# Stateful Actors

```
class MyActor extends DefaultActor {  
  void act() {  
    def buddy = new YourActor()  
    buddy << 'Hi man, how\'re things?'  
    def response = receive()  
  }  
}
```

# Implicit State in Actors

```
val me = actor {
```

```
  react {msg1 ->
```

```
    switch (msg1) {
```

```
      case Work: reply "I don't work so early" ; stop();
```

```
      case Breakfast:
```

```
        msg1.eat()
```

```
        react {msg2 →
```

```
          switch (msg2) {
```

```
            case Work: reply "OK, time to work"; msg2.do()
```

```
            case Lunch: ...
```

```
          } } } }
```





# Continuation Style

```
loop {  
  ...  
  react {  
    ...  
    react { /* schedule the block and exit */  
      ...  
    }  
    //Never reached  
  }  
  //Never reached  
}  
//Never reached
```



# Java actor frameworks

Jetlang

Kilim

ActorFoundry

Actorom

Akka

GParas (Yes!)

...



# Shared Mutable State

Misused most of the time

When really needed, use

- Agents
- Software Transactional Memory
- Locks

# No more threads and locks

```
images.eachParallel {  
    //concurrency agnostic code here  
}
```

```
def myActor = actor {  
    //concurrency agnostic code here  
}
```

```
atomic { /*concurrency agnostic code here*/ }
```

```
...
```

# Summary

Parallelism is not hard, multi-threading is

Jon Kerridge, Napier University



# Questions?

Find more at:

<http://gpars.codehaus.org>

<http://www.jroller.com/vaclav>

[http://twitter.com/vaclav\\_pech](http://twitter.com/vaclav_pech)

